



大新金融集團
DAH SING FINANCIAL GROUP

Dah Sing Financial Group 2026 Interim Results

28 August 2026

Performance Highlights

- Increase in net interest income, driven by expansion in net interest margin
- Substantial growth in fee and commission income, driven by robust wealth management business
- Mild decline in credit impairment charges
- Solid growth in profit attributable to shareholders
- DSBG 2026 interim dividend of HK\$0.35 per share (1H25: HK\$0.31); DSFH 2026 interim dividend of HK\$1.20 per share (1H25: HK\$1.16)

Dah Sing Banking Group (2356)

HK\$' million	1H 2026	1H 2025	Change
Net interest income	2,970	2,776	+7%
Net fee and commission income	939	727	+29%
Net trading income and other income	214	293	-27%
Total operating income	4,123	3,796	+9%
Operating expenses	(1,753)	(1,707)	+3%
Credit impairment losses	(724)	(728)	-1%
Operating profit after credit impairment losses	1,646	1,360	+21%
Profit shared from BOCQ	511	443	+16%
Impairment loss on investment in BOCQ	-	-	
Profit attributable to shareholders	1,780	1,579	+13%
Basic earnings per share (\$)	1.27	1.12	
Dividend per share (\$)	0.35	0.31	

Dah Sing Financial Holdings (0440)

HK\$' million	1H 2026	1H 2025	Change
Net interest income	2,998	2,815	+6%
Net fee and commission income	932	720	+29%
Net trading income, insurance service result after net insurance finance expense and other operating income	389	577	-33%
Total operating income	4,318	4,112	+5%
Operating expenses	(1,805)	(1,782)	+1%
Credit impairment losses	(724)	(729)	-1%
Operating profit after credit impairment losses	1,789	1,602	+12%
Profit shared from BOCQ	511	443	+16%
Impairment loss on investment in BOCQ	-	-	
Profit attributable to shareholders	1,458	1,406	+4%
Basic earnings per share (\$)	4.57	4.41	
Dividend per share (\$)	1.20	1.16	

Dah Sing Banking Group

Personal Banking

- Net interest income grew 4%, driven by loan volume expansion and disciplined funding cost control
- Non-interest income rose 26%, primarily led by stronger wealth management revenue
- 23% growth in operating profit before credit impairment, supported by robust top-line performance and modest 3% rise in operating expenses
- 4% reduction in credit impairment charges, attributable to prudent credit cost management and more stable retail credit conditions
- Revenue growth combined with lower credit impairment charges contributed to 36% growth in profit

Corporate Banking

- Net interest income grew 6%, mainly driven by lower funding cost and higher average loan balance
- Non-interest income declined 6%, primarily attributable to lower fee and commission and trading income
- 11% growth in operating profit before credit impairment, supported by revenue growth and disciplined cost control
- Provisions rose 26%, mainly attributable to credit rating downgrades for certain accounts and collateral revaluations
- Net profit lower by 58%, resulting from higher impairment charges amid continued challenging credit conditions

Treasury and Global Markets

- Operating income rose 0.3%, primarily driven by 8% higher net interest income partially offset by 57% lower non-interest income
- Decline in trading income, due to higher net cost of funding swap activities
- 1% growth in operating profit, with higher operating income and 4% decrease in expenses
- Credit impairment write-backs, supported by macro-economic improvements and sound underlying credit quality of investment portfolio
- Conservative liquidity management, with average Liquidity Maintenance Ratio maintained well above statutory requirement

Chinese Mainland and Macau

Chinese Mainland:

- Increase in net interest income, driven by mild loan growth and improvement in net interest margin
- Substantial increase in non-interest income, primarily due to strong growth in treasury and cross-border related business
- 16% growth in profit share from BOCQ

Macau:

- Decline in net interest income and non-interest income, impacted by macroeconomic headwinds
- Net loss widened slightly, due to lower revenue and elevated credit costs

Dah Sing Financial Holdings

Insurance and Investment Operations

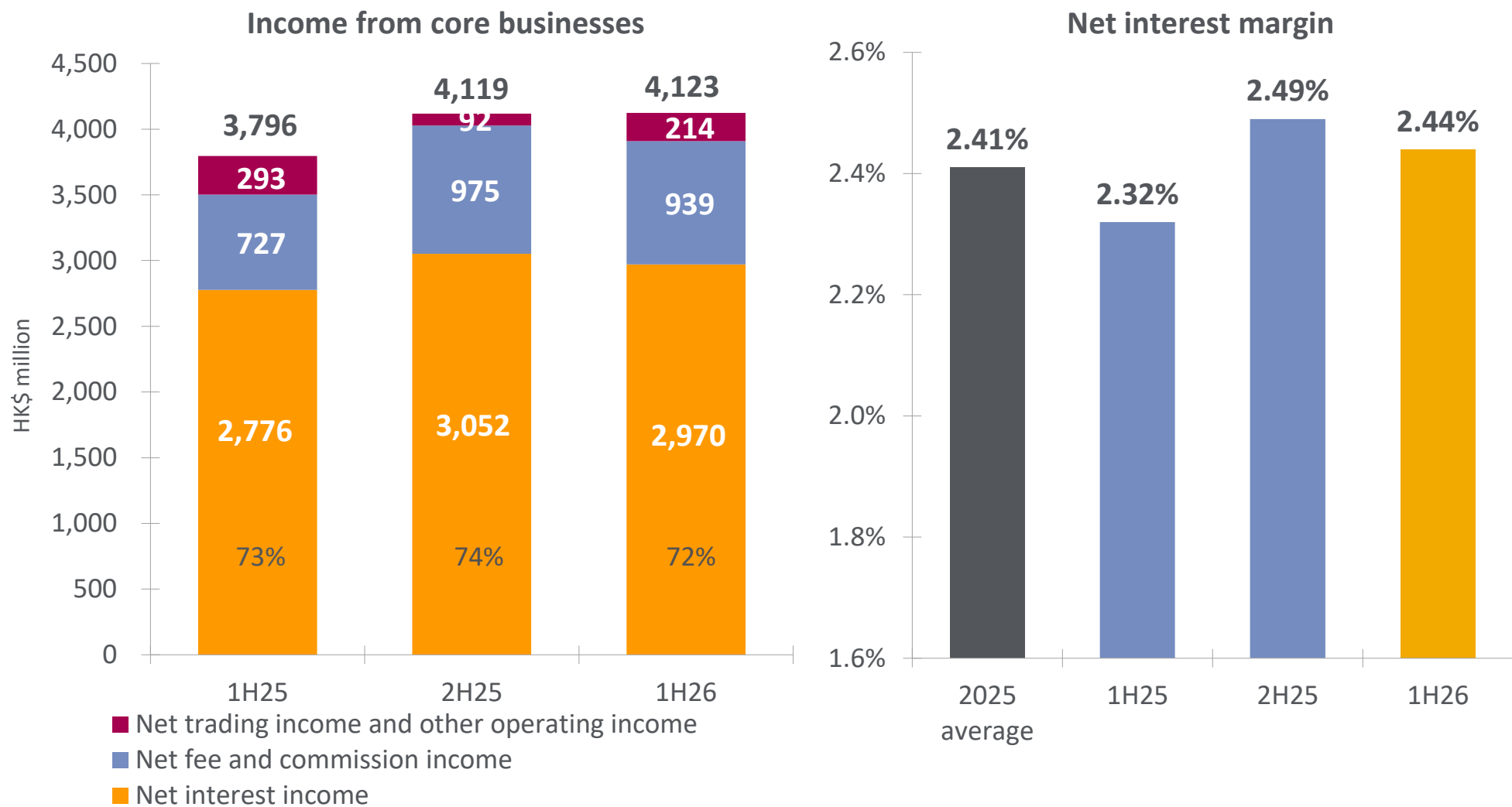
- Insurance and investment operations delivered robust growth in both insurance service result and investment returns, driven by disciplined underwriting and strong investment performance
- Growth in insurance revenue with 11% higher Gross Premiums Written
- Favourable impact on claims liabilities, resulting from increased discount rate assumption
- Strong underwriting discipline, demonstrated by Combined Ratio of 90%
- Prudent risk selection and reasonable pricing commensurate with underlying risk exposures

Insurance and Investment Operations

- Solid solvency and capital position, providing ample capacity to support business expansion
- Strong investment returns generated from our insurance and group investment businesses were reflected through both the Income Statement and Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)
- MTM and disposal gains reported under OCI grew by 1.8x to HK\$1.1 billion
- The total Assets Under Management (for investment purposes) of our insurance and group investment businesses grew by 11% to HK\$13.1 billion

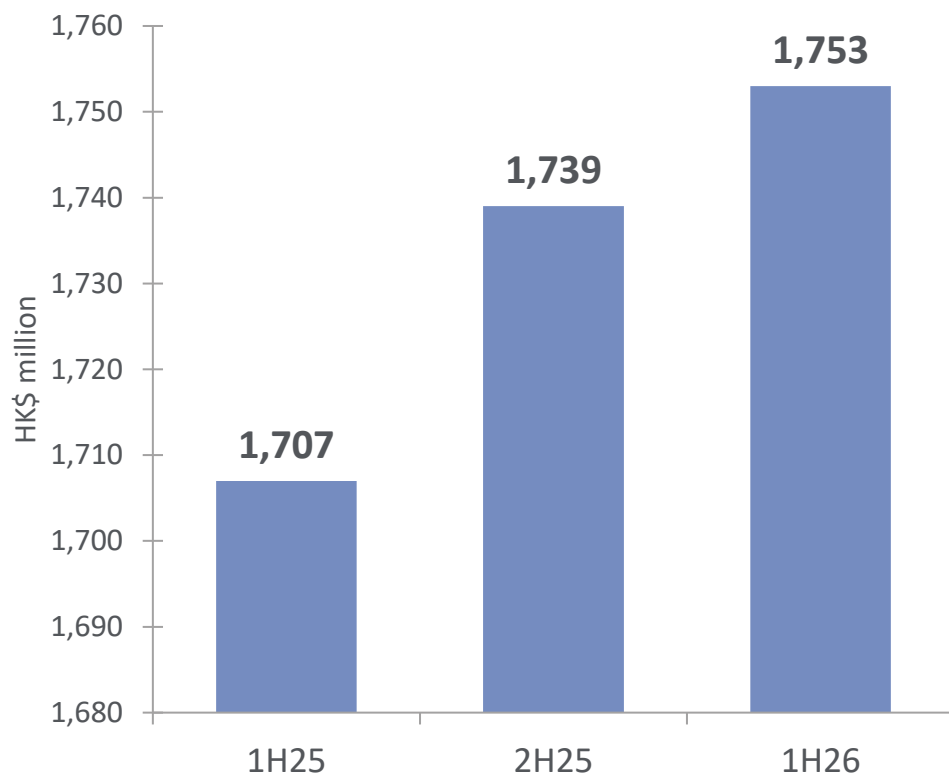
Financial Overview

DSBG's Operating Income and Net Interest Margin

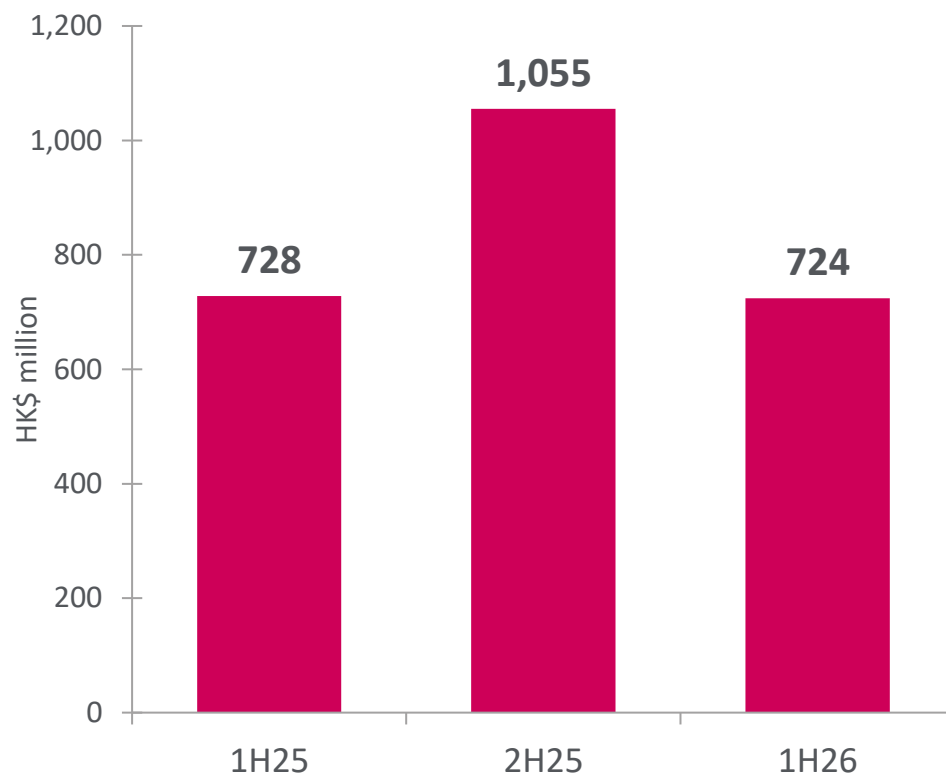


DSBG's Operating Expenses and Credit Impairment Losses

Operating expenses



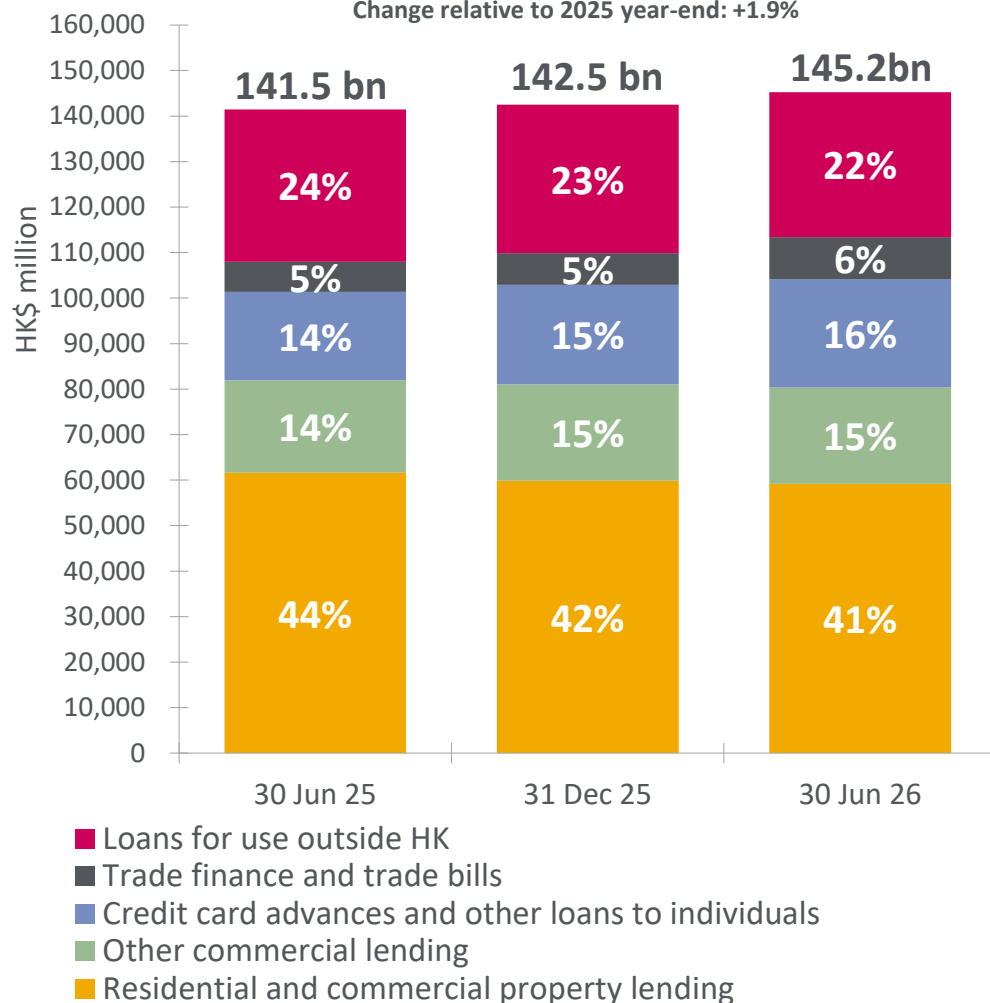
Credit impairment losses



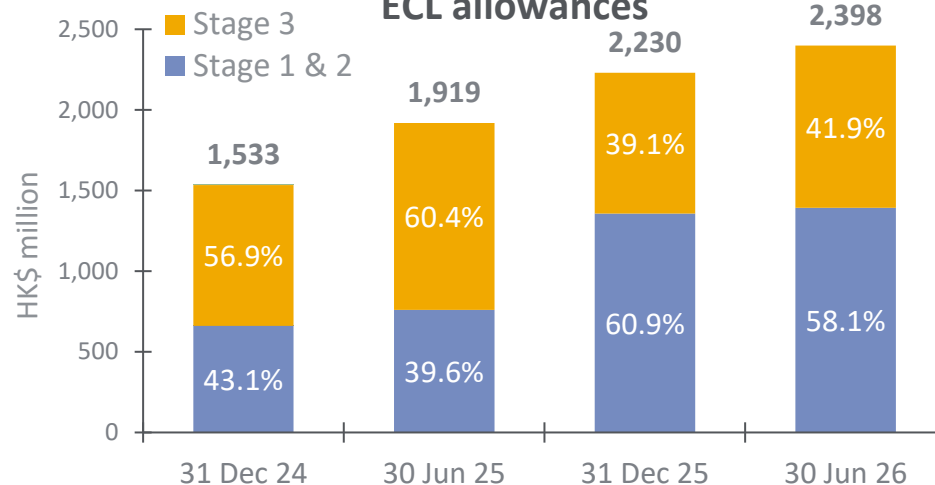
Gross Advances to Customers and Trade Bills, and Asset Quality

Gross advances to customers and trade bills

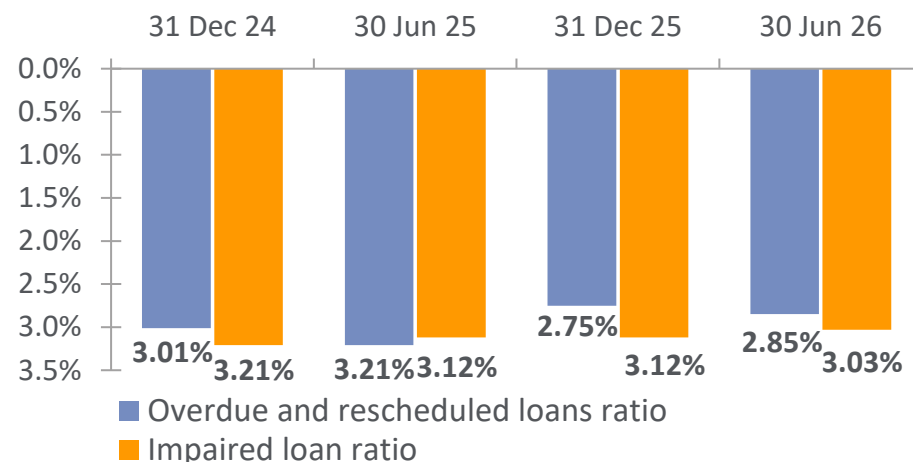
Change relative to 2025 year-end: +1.9%



ECL allowances

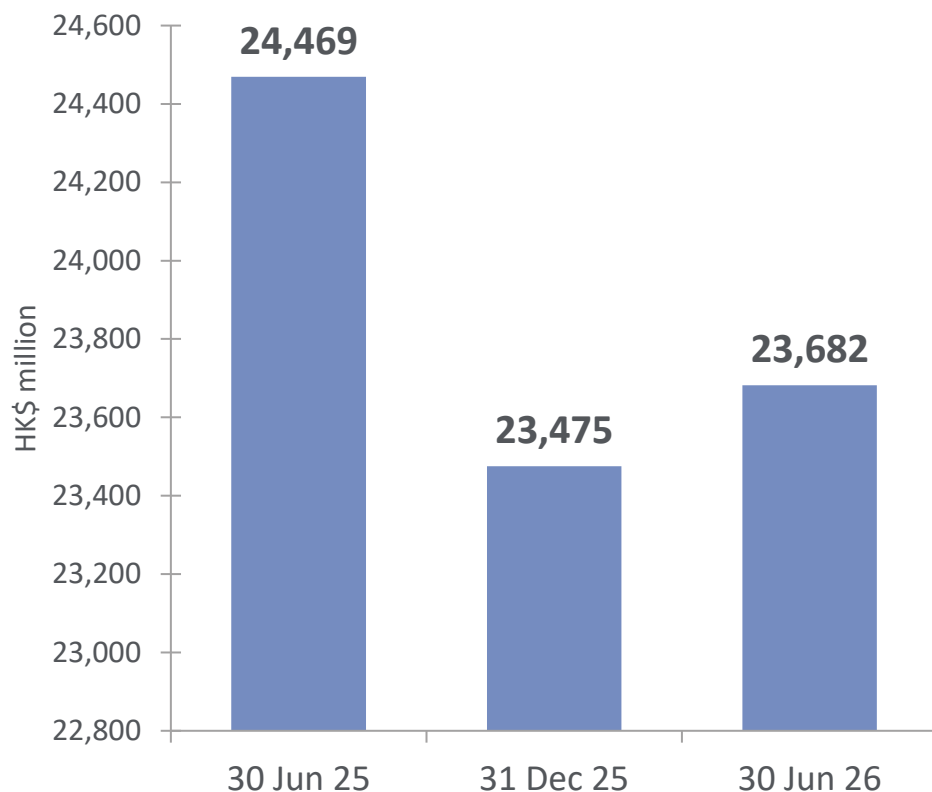


Asset quality ratios

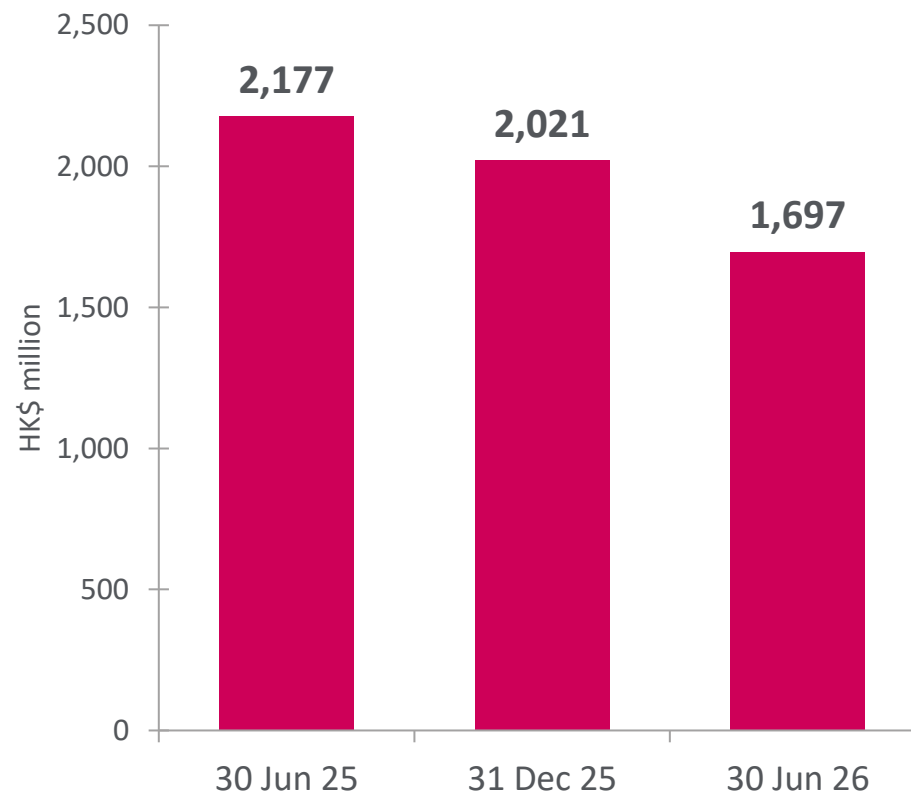


Hong Kong Commercial Real Estate

Total loan exposure to HKCRE

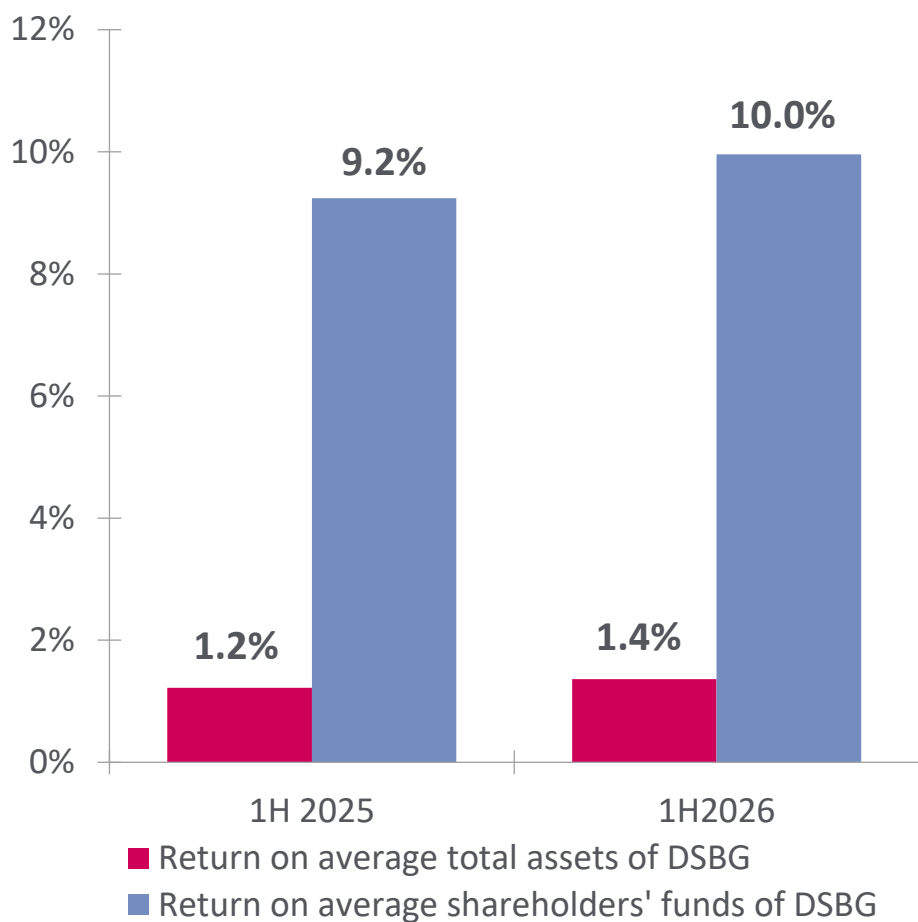


Impaired HKCRE loans

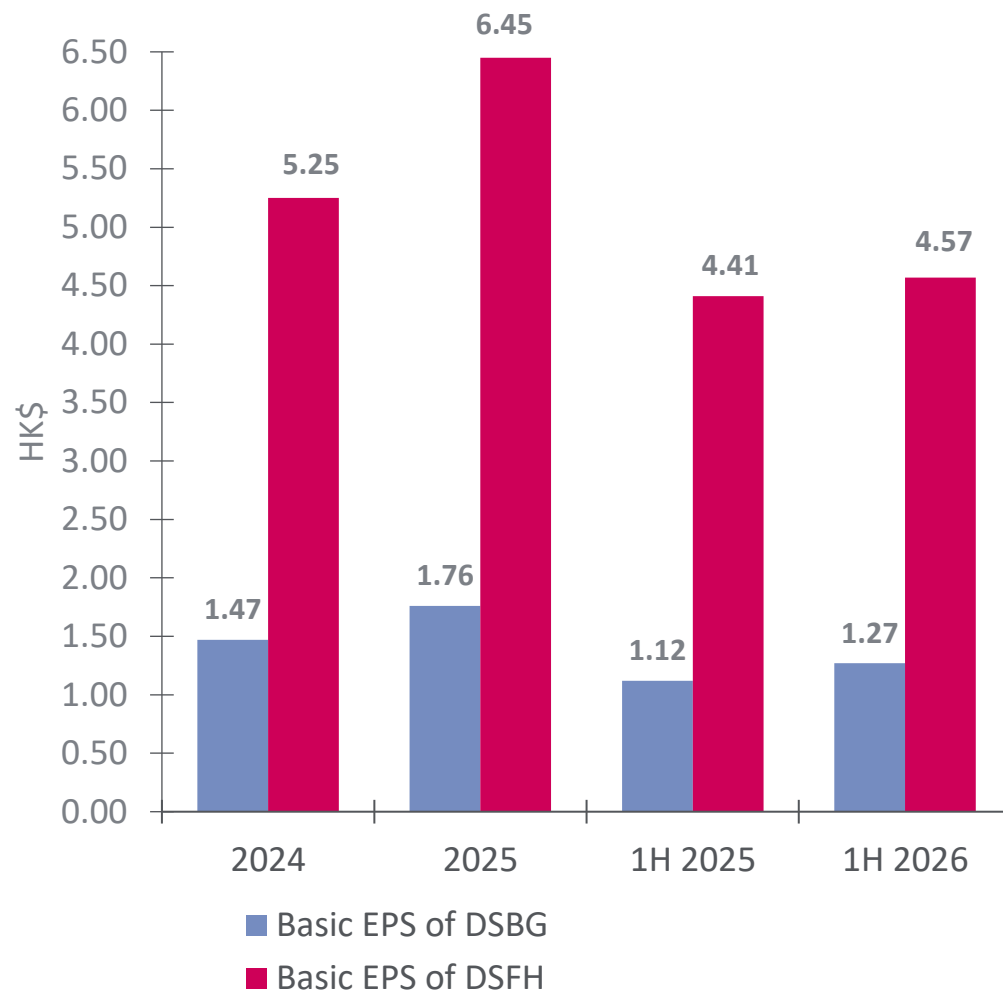


Key Return Indicators

Return on average total assets and shareholders' funds of DSBG

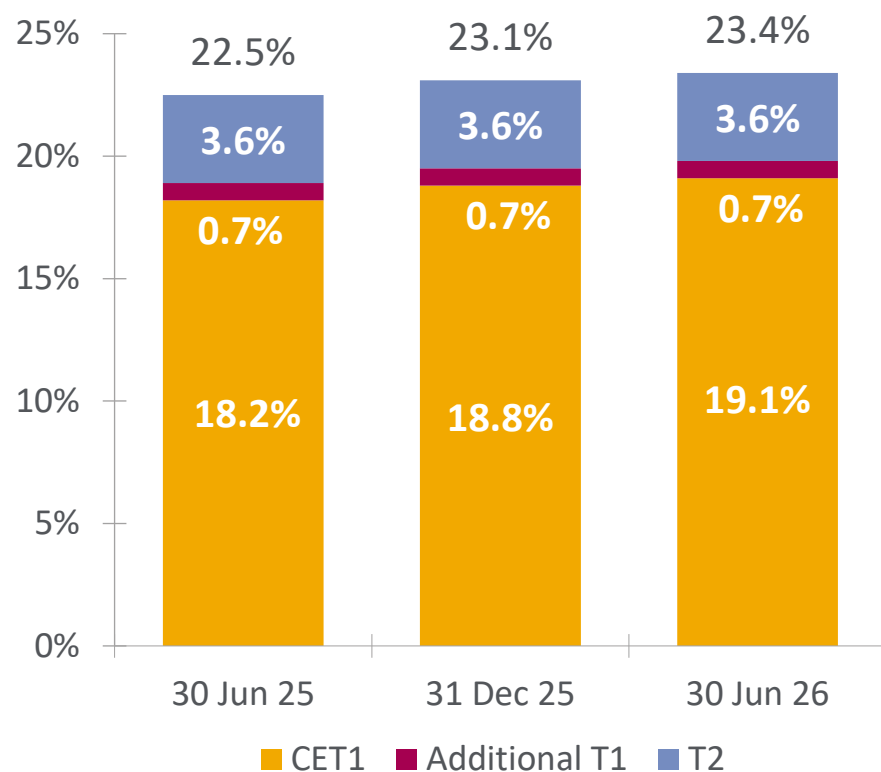


Basic EPS of DSBG and DSFH

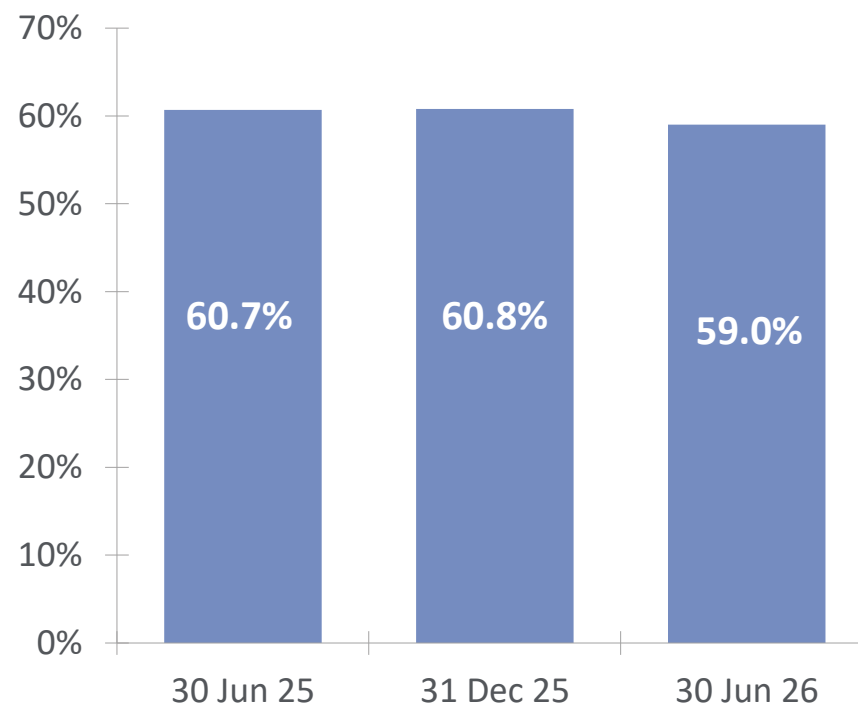


Capital Adequacy and Liquidity

Capital adequacy ratio



Liquidity maintenance ratio



Conclusions

Conclusions

- Strong revenue generated from both net interest income and non-interest income businesses, benefiting from improved margin and sustained wealth management demand
- Higher net interest margin, attributable to improved CASA ratio, and well-controlled funding costs
- Prudent credit risk management, resulting in lower impaired loan ratio and reduced impairment charges, while continuing to manage risks in Hong Kong commercial real estate sector
- Stable dividend payout ratio, supported by strong underlying profitability and resilient business growth
- Sound capital and liquidity positions, underpinning long-term sustainable growth and operational stability