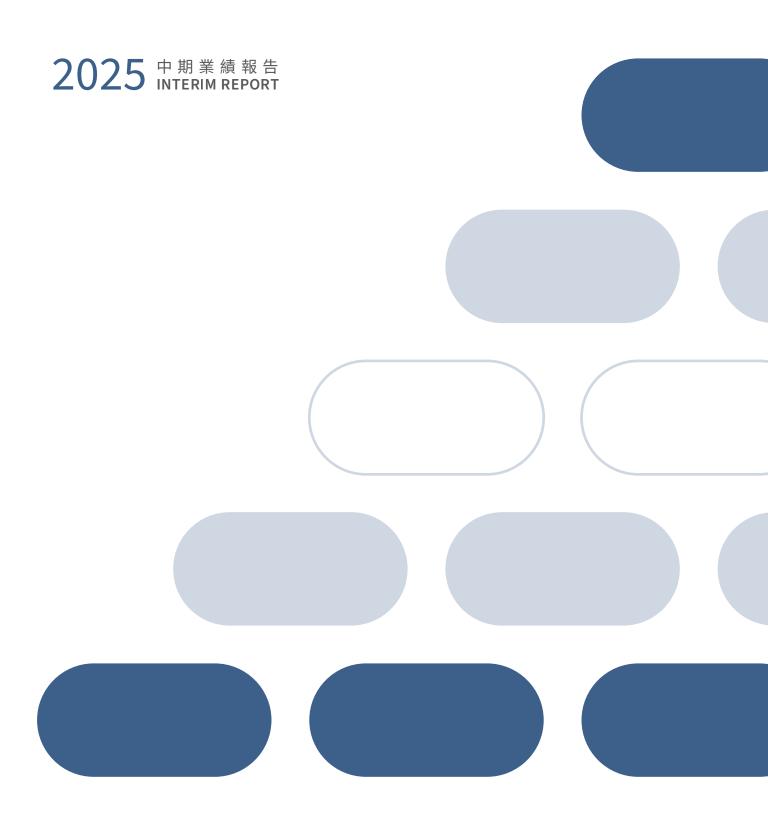


大新銀行有限公司之控股公司 The holding company of Dah Sing Bank, Limited (股份代號 Stock Code: 2356)



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# 未經審核之簡明綜合收益賬

# UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

截至6月30日止6個月 For the six months ended 30 June

以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	附註 Note	2025	2024	變動 Variance 百分比 %
		,			
利息收入 利息支出	Interest income Interest expense	3	5,318,854 (2,542,396)	6,205,704 (3,667,009)	
淨利息收入	Net interest income		2,776,458	2,538,695	9.4
服務費及佣金收入	Fee and commission income	4	829,048	712,467	
服務費及佣金支出	Fee and commission expense	4	(102,285)	(109,081)	
15 10 76 # T /P A // P					
淨服務費及佣金收入	Net fee and commission income		726,763	603,386	20.4
淨交易收入	Net trading income	5	271,533	119,447	
其他營運收入	Other operating income	6	20,842	25,229	
NOV NET ALL IN					
營運收入 營運支出	Operating income Operating expenses	7	3,795,596	3,286,757	15.5 7.0
呂廷又山	Operating expenses	1	(1,707,075)	(1,594,865)	7.0
扣除減值虧損前之營運溢利	Operating profit before impairment losses		2,088,521	1,691,892	23.4
信貸減值虧損	Credit impairment losses	8	(728,082)	(544,007)	33.8
扣除若干投資及固定資產之 收益及虧損前之營運溢利	Operating profit before gains and losses on certain investments and fixed assets		1 200 420	1 147 005	10.5
<b>収益</b> 及虧損削之宮建溢剂	certain investments and fixed assets		1,360,439	1,147,885	18.5
出售其他固定資產之淨虧損	Net loss on disposal of other fixed assets		(40)	(122)	
應佔聯營公司之業績	Share of results of an associate	9	442,756	430,479	
聯營公司投資之減值虧損	Impairment loss on investment in an associate	9	-	(15,715)	
視同出售聯營公司投資之 虧損	Loss on deemed disposal of investment in an associate		_	(1)	
應佔共同控制實體之業績	Share of results of jointly controlled entities		15,902	17,395	
除稅前溢利	Profit before taxation		1,819,057	1,579,921	15.1
稅項	Taxation	10	(240,207)	(183,847)	
本公司股東應佔溢利	Profit for the period attributable to				
十 4 日 以 木 応 日 連 刊	Shareholders of the Company		1,578,850	1,396,074	13.1
每股盈利	Earnings per share				
基本	Basic	11	HK\$1.12	HK\$0.99	
<b>攤薄</b>	Diluted	11	HK\$1.05	HK\$0.93	

# UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

截至6月30日止6個月 For the six months ended 30 June

以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	2025	2024
期間溢利	Profit for the period	1,578,850	1,396,074
期間其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income for the period		
可能會重新分類至綜合收益賬的項目:	Items that may be reclassified to the consolidated income statement:		
證券投資 以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面 收益的債務工具之公平值變動淨額	Investments in securities  Net change in fair value of debt instruments at fair  value through other comprehensive income	169,400	180,602
應佔按權益會計法處理的聯營公司之 其他全面(虧損)/收益 以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面 收益的債務工具之預期信貸虧損	Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income of an associate accounted for using the equity method  Net change in allowance for expected credit losses of debt instruments at fair value through other	(148,183)	65,733
準備變動淨額 有關上述之遞延稅項	comprehensive income  Deferred income tax related to the above	14,837 (22,333)	4,850 (30,891)
		13,721	220,294
換算海外機構財務報表的匯兌差異	Exchange differences arising on translation of the financial statements of foreign entities	280,921	(211,734)
不會重新分類至綜合收益賬的項目:	Items that will not be reclassified to the consolidated income statement:		
行產 源自重新分類行產為投資物業之儲備 證券投資 應佔按權益會計法處理的聯營公司之	Premises  Reserves arising from reclassification of premises to investment properties  Investments in securities  Share of other comprehensive income of an associate	-	45,534
其他全面收益以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面	accounted for using the equity method  Net change in fair value of equity instruments at fair	1,118	26
收益的權益性工具之公平值變動淨額 有關上述之遞延稅項	value through other comprehensive income Deferred income tax related to the above	8,797 (56)	(31) 
		9,859	45,558
扣除稅項後之期間其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	304,501	54,118
扣除稅項後之期間全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	1,883,351	1,450,192

# **UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

			2025年	2024年
		附註	6月30日 As at	12月31日 As at
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	Note	30 Jun 2025	31 Dec 2024
資產	ASSETS			
現金及在銀行的結餘	Cash and balances with banks		14,896,976	14,131,725
在銀行1至12個月內到期的存款	Placements with banks maturing between one and twelve months		7,442,021	E 400 EEE
持作交易用途的證券	Trading securities	12	3,332,932	5,409,555 2,006,353
以公平值計量且其變動計入損益	Financial assets at fair value through		3,002,002	2,000,000
的金融資產	profit or loss	12	4,507	4,272
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	13	3,226,219	4,083,731
各項貸款及其他賬目	Advances and other accounts	14	143,600,870	143,048,675
以公平值計量且其變動計入其他	Financial assets at fair value through other			
全面收益的金融資產 以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產	comprehensive income	16	46,733,586	44,808,705
以撰跡成本列版的並融員度 聯營公司投資	Financial assets at amortised cost Investment in an associate	17 9	33,622,144 2,959,185	35,522,368 2,532,810
共同控制實體投資	Investments in jointly controlled entities	3	153,999	138,097
商譽	Goodwill		713,451	713,451
無形資產	Intangible assets		69,715	69,715
行產及其他固定資產	Premises and other fixed assets	18	3,024,044	3,001,328
投資物業	Investment properties	19	758,246	708,021
即期稅項資產	Current income tax assets		3	793
遞延稅項資產	Deferred income tax assets		145,907	159,482
資產合計	Total assets		260,683,805	256,339,081
負債	LIABILITIES			
銀行存款	Deposits from banks		2,329,096	1,936,236
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	13	1,971,835	1,839,915
持作交易用途的負債	Trading liabilities		2,649,362	498,069
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	20	203,954,890	201,568,051
已發行的存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	21	1,890,009	4,294,996
後償債務	Subordinated notes	22	4,273,505	4,146,914
其他賬目及預提 即期稅項負債	Other accounts and accruals	23	7,807,113	7,793,432
<sup>奶                                    </sup>	Current income tax liabilities  Deferred income tax liabilities		573,125 94,287	343,835 94,261
	belefied meonic tax trabilities			
負債合計	Total liabilities		225,543,222	222,515,709
權益	EQUITY			
本公司股東應佔權益	Equity attributable to the Company's			
90 -	shareholders			
股本 其他儲備(包括保留盈利)	Share capital		6,894,438	6,894,438
共心确併(已括休亩盆利)	Other reserves (including retained earnings)		27,934,729	26,617,518
股東資金	Shareholders' funds	24	34,829,167	33,511,956
額外權益性工具	Additional equity instruments		311,416	311,416
權益合計	Total equity		35,140,583	33,823,372
權益及負債合計	Total equity and liabilities		260,683,805	256,339,081

# 未經審核之簡明綜合權益變動表

# **UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

截至2025年6月30日止6個月 For the six months ended 30 June 2025

		本公司股東應佔權益 Attributable to the shareholders of the Company				
					額外 權益性工具	
		股本	其他儲備	保留盈利	Additional	權益合計
		Share	Other	Retained	equity	Total
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	capital	reserves	earnings	instruments	equity
2025年1月1日結餘	Balance at 1 January 2025	6,894,438	1,740,680	24,876,838	311,416	33,823,372
期間溢利	Profit for the period	-	-	1,578,850	-	1,578,850
期間其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income for the period	-	304,501	-	-	304,501
額外權益性工具之 派發款項	Distribution payment of additional equity instruments	-	-	(17,897)	-	(17,897)
2024年末期股息	2024 final dividend			(548,243)		(548,243)
2025年6月30日結餘	Balance at 30 June 2025	6,894,438	2,045,181	25,889,548	311,416	35,140,583

# 未經審核之簡明綜合權益變動表

# **UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

截至2025年6月30日止6個月 For the six months ended 30 June 2025

# 本公司股東應佔權益 Attributable to the shareholders of the Company

					額外 權益性工具		
		股本	其他儲備	保留盈利	Additional	權益合計	
		Share	Other	Retained	equity	Total	
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	capital	reserves	earnings	instruments	equity	
2024年1月1日結餘	Balance at 1 January 2024	6,894,438	1,760,408	23,923,181	311,416	32,889,443	
期間溢利	Profit for the period	_	_	1,396,074	_	1,396,074	
期間其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income for the period	-	54,118	-	-	54,118	
額外權益性工具之 派發款項	Distribution payment of additional equity instruments	-	-	(17,984)	-	(17,984)	
2023年末期股息	2023 final dividend			(688,818)		(688,818)	
2024年6月30日結餘	Balance at 30 June 2024	6,894,438	1,814,526	24,612,453	311,416	33,632,833	

# 未經審核之簡明綜合現金流量結算表

# UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

截至6月30日止6個月 For the six months ended 30 June

		附註		
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	Note	2025	2024
<b>經營活動之現金流量</b> 經營活動流入/(所用) 現金淨額	Cash flows from operating activities  Net cash from/(used in) operating activities	28	2 016 466	(1.050.063)
注名/1到/M.八/ (M.H.) 况亚/伊朗	Net cash from/(used iii) operating activities	20	2,016,466	(1,958,962)
投資活動之現金流量	Cash flows from investing activities			
購置行產、其他固定資產及投資物業	Purchase of premises, other fixed assets and			
	investment properties		(192,125)	(140,635)
已收共同控制實體及聯營公司股息	Dividend received from jointly controlled			
	entities and associate		122,435	-
出售其他固定資產所得款項	Proceeds from disposal of other fixed assets		423	36
投資活動所用現金淨額	Net cash used in investing activities		(69,267)	(140,599)
融資活動之現金流量	Cash flows from financing activities		(50.010)	(72.062)
租賃負債之付款 償還後償債務	Payment of lease liabilities Repayment of subordinated note		(68,010)	(73,963) (1,759,714)
額外權益性工具之派發款項	Distribution payment of additional equity instrument		(17,897)	(17,984)
支付已發行後償債務及債務證券之利息	Interest paid on subordinated notes and debt		(=1,001)	(2.,00.)
	securities issued		(149,416)	(218,500)
派發本公司之普通股股息	Dividend paid on ordinary shares of the Company		(548,243)	(688,818)
融資活動所用現金淨額	Net cash used in financing activities		(783,566)	(2,758,979)
現金及等同現金項目增加/(減少)淨額	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash			
	equivalents		1,163,633	(4,858,540)
期初現金及等同現金項目	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		12,935,848	18,964,804
W102 20 m2 X 21 1 2 20 m 2 X C	each and each equivalents at 20gg or the period		,,	20,00 .,00 .
匯率變更之影響	Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		187,501	(88,833)
期末現金及等同現金項目	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period		14,286,982	14,017,431
現金及等同現金項目結餘之分析:	Analysis of the balance of cash and cash equivalents:			
<b>17.</b>	Carlo and halo area. The hand of			2 460 270
現金及在銀行的結餘 原到期日在3個月或以下之通知及	Cash and balances with banks  Money at call and short notice with an original		5,249,046	2,469,278
短期存款	maturity within three months		6,862,229	8,321,133
包括在持作交易用途的證券之國庫票據	Treasury bills included in trading securities		-	593,702
包括在以公平值計量且其變動計入其他	Treasury bills included in financial assets at fair value			
全面收益的金融資產內之國庫票據	through other comprehensive income		-	433,557
原到期日在3個月或以下之在銀行的存款	· ·			
	within three months		2,175,707	2,199,761
			44.000.000	14.017.405
			14,286,982	14,017,431

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. 一般資料

大新銀行集團有限公司(「本公司」)乃一間銀行控股公司。其主要附屬公司大新銀行有限公司(「大新銀行」)為香港持牌銀行。本公司連同其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)提供銀行、金融及其他相關服務。

本公司之直屬及最終控股公司,大新金融集 團有限公司,為香港一間上市公司。

# 2. 未經審核之財務報表及會計政策

載於本中期業績報告之資料不構成法定之綜 合財務報表。

本中期業績報告之若干財務資料,乃摘錄自根據香港公司條例第622章第662(3)條及附表6第3部分已送呈公司註冊處及香港金融管理局(「香港金管局」)之截至2024年12月31日止年度之法定綜合財務報表(「2024年綜合財務報表」)。

2024年綜合財務報表之核數師報告為無保留意見,當中沒有核數師在並無作出保留意見下提出須注意的任何事宜,以及並無載列香港公司條例第622章第406(2)、407(2)或(3)條之聲明。

#### 編製基準及會計政策

除下列所述外,編製2025年中期簡明綜合財務報表所採用之會計政策和計算方法與本集團截至2024年12月31日止年度已審核之年度綜合財務報表所採用及所述者一致。

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Dah Sing Banking Group Limited (the "Company") is a bank holding company. Its principal subsidiary is Dah Sing Bank, Limited ("DSB"), which is a licensed bank in Hong Kong. The Company together with its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") provide banking, financial and other related services.

The immediate and ultimate holding company is Dah Sing Financial Holdings Limited, a listed company in Hong Kong.

# 2. UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The information set out in this Interim Report does not constitute statutory consolidated financial statements.

Certain financial information in this Interim Report is extracted from the statutory consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 (the "2024 consolidated financial statements") which have been delivered to the Registrar of Companies as required by section 662(3) of, and Part 3 of Schedule 6 to, the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap.622), and the Hong Kong Monetary Authority ("HKMA").

The auditor's report on the 2024 consolidated financial statements was unqualified; did not include a reference to any matters to which the auditor drew attention by way of emphasis without qualifying its report; and did not contain a statement under section 406(2), 407(2) or (3) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap.622).

### **Basis of preparation and accounting policies**

Except as described below, the accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of the 2025 interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used and described in the Group's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024.

#### 2. 未經審核之財務報表及會計政策(續)

#### 編製基準及會計政策(續

#### (甲) 本集團已採納之新及經修訂準則

以下對會計準則及香港財務報告準則 (以下統稱「香港財務報告準則」)的修訂 適用於2025年1月1日或之後開始的年度 報告期間:

(i) 香港會計準則第21號的修訂一缺乏 可兌換性

上述修訂要求報告企業評估一種貨幣是否可以兌換成另一種貨幣、估算即期匯率,並在其得出某種貨幣無法兌換成另一種貨幣的結論時進行披露。這些修訂對本集團的綜合財務報表並無重大影響。

#### (乙) 未採納之新及經修訂準則及詮釋

若干已發布的會計準則與解釋的修訂, 於2025年1月1日起仍未生效,本集團亦無 提前採用:

(i) 金融工具分類和計量的修訂一對香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務報告準則第7號的修訂(於2026年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效)

香港會計師公會已修訂香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務報告準則第7號,以提供關於使用電子支付系統時若干金融負債何時可視為已償付的指引,是次修訂亦就包含可更改合約現金流時間或金額的合約條款的金融資產(包括環境、社會及管治相關或然事項)及具有若干非追索權特性的金融資產的分類作出進一步闡明。

本集團預計這些修訂不會對其運營 或財務報表產生重大影響。

# 2. UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

#### (a) New and amended standards adopted by the Group

The following amendments to accounting standards and Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (hereinafter collectively referred to as "HKFRS") that became applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2025:

(i) Amendments to HKAS 21 – Lack of Exchangeability

The above amendments require the reporting entity to assess whether or not a currency is exchangeable into another currency, and to estimate the spot exchange rate and to disclose when it concludes that a currency is not exchangeable into another currency. These amendments have no significant effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

# (b) New and amended standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Certain amendments to accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not yet effective from 1 January 2025 and have not been early adopted by the Group:

 Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments – Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026)

The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants issued amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 to provide guidance as to when certain financial liabilities can be deemed settled when using an electronic payment system, and the amendments also provide further clarifications regarding the classification of financial assets that contain contractual terms that change the timing and amount of contractual cash flows, including those arising from environmental, social and governance-related contingencies, and financial assets with certain non-recourse features.

The Group does not expect these amendments to have a material impact on its operations or financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 2. 未經審核之財務報表及會計政策(續)

#### 編製基準及會計政策(續

#### (乙) 未採納之新及經修訂準則及詮釋 續

(ii) 香港財務報告準則第18號《財務報表的呈列及披露》(於2027年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效)

香港財務報告準則第18號將取代香港會計準則第1號《財務報表的呈列》,引入新要求以增強同類機構財務業績的可比性,並為使用者提供更相關的資訊和透明度。其對呈列及披露的影響預計是廣泛的,尤其是在財務報表中與財務表現情況及管理層定義的績效指標相關的部分。

管理層目前正在評估該新準則對本 集團綜合財務報表的具體影響。

沒有其他自2025年1月1日起生效或仍未生效 之香港財務報告準則或詮釋會預期對本集團 有重大影響。

除另有註明外,此中期簡明綜合財務報表概以港幣千元位(千港元)列示,並經董事會批准於2025年8月20日公佈。

此中期簡明綜合財務報表未經審核。

# 2. UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

# (b) New and amended standards and interpretations not yet adopted (Continued)

(ii) HKFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027)

HKFRS 18 will replace HKAS 1 Presentation of financial statements, introducing new requirements that will help achieve comparability of the financial performance of similar entities and provide more relevant information and transparency to users. Its impacts on presentation and disclosure are expected to be pervasive, in particular those related to the statement of financial performance and providing, management-defined performance measures within the financial statements.

Management is currently assessing the detailed implications of applying the new standard in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

There are no other HKFRSs or interpretations that are effective from 1 January 2025 or not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the Group.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of Hong Kong dollars (HK\$'000), unless otherwise stated, and were approved by the Board of Directors for issue on 20 August 2025.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have not been audited.

# 3. 淨利息收入

截至6月30日止6個月

# 3. NET INTEREST INCOME

For the six months ended 30 June

以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	2025	2024
利息收入	Interest income		
現金及在銀行的結餘	Cash and balances with banks	332,777	393,973
證券投資	Investments in securities	2,038,340	2,183,686
各項貸款及其他賬目	Advances and other accounts	2,947,737	3,628,045
		5,318,854	6,205,704
지수구미			
利息支出	Interest expense		
銀行存款/客戶存款	Deposits from banks/Deposits from	2 275 216	2 227 225
已發行的存款證	customers	2,275,216	3,327,335
□ 投行 即任 秋	Certificates of deposit issued Subordinated notes	71,812 149,742	102,596 177,969
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	8,721	4,759
其他	Others	36,905	54,350
共世	Others		
			2 667 000
		2,542,396	3,667,009
利息收入包含	Included within interest income		
一持作交易用途的證券及以公平值計量且	– Trading securities and financial assets		
其變動計入損益的金融資產	at fair value through profit or loss	43,778	39,673
一以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益	– Financial assets at fair value through	,	,
的金融資產	other comprehensive income	1,340,899	1,453,506
一以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產	<ul> <li>Financial assets at amortised cost</li> </ul>	3,934,177	4,712,525
		5,318,854	6,205,704
利息支出包含	Included within interest expense		
一以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的	- Financial liabilities at fair value		
金融負債	through profit or loss	12,903	7,826
一以攤餘成本列賬的金融負債	<ul> <li>Financial liabilities at amortised cost</li> </ul>	2,529,493	3,659,183
		2,542,396	3,667,009

於截至2025年及2024年6月30日止的6個月內, 並無確認自減值資產之利息收入。

In the six months ended 30 June 2025 and 2024, there was no interest income recognised on impaired assets.

# 未經審核之中期簡明財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 4. 淨服務費及佣金收入

截至6月30日止6個月

# 4. NET FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME

For the six months ended 30 June

以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	2025	2024
服務費及佣金收入	Fee and commission income		
未以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產及	Fee and commission income from financial		
負債之服務費及佣金收入	assets and liabilities not at fair value		
	through profit or loss		
一信貸有關之服務費及佣金	<ul> <li>Credit related fees and commissions</li> </ul>	88,540	88,558
一貿易融資	– Trade finance	29,711	23,456
一信用卡	– Credit card	106,245	126,008
其他服務費及佣金收入	Other fee and commission income		
一證券經紀佣金	- Securities brokerage	83,861	52,123
一保險銷售及其他	- Insurance distribution and others	251,232	235,107
- 零售投資及財富管理服務	Retail investment and wealth	231,232	255,107
マロ区東/X州田日4-11X177	management services	124,822	66,704
一銀行服務費及手續費	Bank services and handling fees	31,883	29,543
一其他服務費	- Other fees	112,754	90,968
共団派が見	- Other rees		
		829,048	712,467
服務費及佣金支出	For and commission armones		
未以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產及	Fee and commission expense Fee and commission expense from financial		
(本以立下値可重点共変新可入損血可並附負産及 負債之服務費及佣金支出	assets and liabilities not at fair value		
只良之服伤其及阴壶又山			
一手續費及佣金	through profit or loss  – Handling fees and commission	05.046	104 264
一于續頁及'H並 一已付其他費用	<u> </u>	96,946	104,264
一口的共心复用	– Other fees paid	5,339	4,817
		102,285	109,081

本集團向第三方提供託管、受託、企業管理及 投資管理服務。接受此等服務的資產是以受 信人身份持有並不包含在此等綜合財務報表 內。 The Group provides custody, trustee, corporate administration, and investment management services to third parties. The assets subject to these services are held in a fiduciary capacity and are not included in these consolidated financial statements.

# 未經審核之中期簡明財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 5. 淨交易收入

截至6月30日止6個月

# 5. NET TRADING INCOME

For the six months ended 30 June

以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	2025	2024
外匯交易淨收益	Net gain arising from dealing in		
	foreign currencies	242,992	89,746
持作交易用途的證券之淨收益/(虧損)	Net gain/(loss) on trading securities	15,030	(767)
持作交易用途的衍生工具之淨收益	Net gain from derivatives entered into		
	for trading purpose	12,881	32,319
用公平值對沖的相關金融工具之淨收益	Net gain arising from financial instruments		
	subject to fair value hedge	534	381
以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的金融工具之	Net gain/(loss) on financial instruments		
淨收益/(虧損)	at fair value through profit or loss	96	(2,232)
		271,533	119,447

# 6. 其他營運收入

截至6月30日止6個月

#### 6. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

For the six months ended 30 June

以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	2025	2024
於期末仍持有之以公平值計量且其變動	Dividend income from investments		
計入其他全面收益的權益性工具	in equity instruments at fair value		
投資之股息收入	through other comprehensive income,		
	held at the end of the period		
一上市投資	<ul> <li>Listed investments</li> </ul>	15	16
一非上市投資	<ul> <li>Unlisted investments</li> </ul>	1,500	1,952
投資物業之租金收入總額	Gross rental income from investment		
	properties	8,329	7,323
其他租金收入	Other rental income	7,981	7,901
其他	Others	3,017	8,037
		20,842	25,229

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 7. 營運支出

# 截至6月30日止6個月

# 7. OPERATING EXPENSES

For the six months ended 30 June

以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	2025	2024
僱員薪酬及福利支出(包括董事薪酬)	Employee compensation and benefit		
	expenses (including directors'		
	remuneration)	1,227,675	1,113,239
行產及其他固定資產支出,不包括折舊	Premises and other fixed assets		
	expenses, excluding depreciation	111,847	107,018
折舊	Depreciation		
一行產及其他固定資產	<ul> <li>Premises and other fixed assets</li> </ul>		
(附註18(甲))	(Note 18(a))	124,562	113,024
一有使用權之物業	<ul> <li>Right-of-use properties</li> </ul>	59,952	72,753
廣告及推銷活動支出	Advertising and promotion costs	36,492	37,248
印刷、文具及郵費	Printing, stationery and postage	18,028	23,402
其他	Others	128,519	128,181
		1,707,075	1,594,865

# 8. 信貸減值虧損

截至6月30日止6個月

# 8. CREDIT IMPAIRMENT LOSSES

For the six months ended 30 June

以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	2025	2024
新增準備(已扣除回撥之準備)收回過往已撇銷之款項	New allowances net of allowance releases Recoveries of amounts previously written off	779,270 (51,188)	582,402 (38,395)
		728,082	544,007
分配如下: - 客戶貸款及墊款 - 其他金融資產 - 貸款承擔及財務擔保	Attributable to:  - Loans and advances to customers  - Other financial assets  - Loan commitments and financial guarantees	706,412 28,935 (7,265)	550,546 (1,506) (5,033)
		728,082	544,007

# 9. 應佔聯營公司之業績,及聯營公司投資之減值虧損

#### 應佔聯營公司之業績

於此報告日期,本集團的聯營公司重慶銀行 (「重慶銀行」)仍未公佈截至2025年6月30日止 6個月之業績。因此本集團參考重慶銀行已公 佈的業績,尤其是截至2025年3月31日止第1季 的業績,並計及2025年4月1日至2025年6月30日 期間重慶銀行已向公眾披露的重大交易或事 項的財務影響,以決定本集團於2025年上半年 的應佔重慶銀行之業績。

#### 聯營公司投資之減值虧損

本集團在每個報告期末評估是否有任何跡象 顯示在重慶銀行的投資可能發生減值。

於2025年6月30日及2024年12月31日,本集團對重慶銀行投資的公平值高於其賬面值。由於該投資的服務潛力並無變動,沒有就減值或回撥作出評估。

於2024年6月30日,其公平值低於賬面值。本集團進行了減值評估,並把賬面值調減至扣除出售費用後之公平值,並錄入了減值撥備16,000,000港元。於2024年6月30日,該投資的公平值是參考重慶銀行H股在2024年6月30日的收市價計算,以公平值等級的第1級別而計量。

計算大新銀行之資本充足比率並無包括該投資之保留盈利,惟大新銀行收取重慶銀行之現金股息除外。倘若該投資維持等於或高於初始投資成本之1,213,000,000港元,該投資之減值將不影響大新銀行之資本充足比率。

# 9. SHARE OF RESULTS OF AN ASSOCIATE, AND IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

#### Share of results of an associate

As at the date of this report, the results of the Group's associate, Bank of Chongqing ("BOCQ"), for the six months ended 30 June 2025 are not yet publicly available. The Group has determined its share of results of BOCQ for the first half of 2025 by reference to the results published by BOCQ in particular those attributable to the first quarter of 2025 ended 31 March 2025, and taking into account the financial effect of significant transactions or events in the period from 1 April 2025 to 30 June 2025 which BOCQ had made known to the public.

#### Impairment loss on investment in an associate

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any indication that the investment in BOCQ may be impaired.

At 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, the fair value of the Group's investment in BOCQ was higher than the carrying value. As there was no change in service potential of the investment, there was no assessment of impairment or its reversal.

At 30 June 2024, the fair value was below the carrying value. An impairment assessment was performed and the carrying value was written down to the fair value less costs of disposal and recorded an impairment charge of HK\$16 million. The fair value of the investment as at 30 June 2024 was calculated with reference to the closing market price of BOCQ's H-shares as at 30 June 2024, which was measured at the Level 1 inputs of the fair value hierarchy.

The calculation of DSB's capital adequacy does not include the retained earnings from this investment (the "Investment"), except for BOCQ cash dividend received by DSB. Provided that the Investment continues to be held at or above the original cost of the investment of HK\$1,213 million, impairment made on the Investment does not affect DSB's capital adequacy.

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 10. 稅項

香港利得稅乃按照期內估計應課稅溢利以稅率16.5%(2024年:16.5%)提撥準備。中國內地及澳門稅款乃按期內估計應課稅溢利依本集團經營業務地區之現行稅率計算。

遞延稅項是採用負債法就暫時差異,按預期 該等稅項負債需清付時或資產可予扣減時所 適用之稅率作全數確認。

#### 截至6月30日止6個月

#### 10. TAXATION

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2024: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the period. Taxation on profits in Mainland China and Macau has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the period at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred taxation is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised.

# For the six months ended 30 June

以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	2025	2024
即期稅項	Current income tax		
一香港利得稅	<ul> <li>Hong Kong profits tax</li> </ul>	244,732	154,065
一中國內地及澳門的稅項	<ul> <li>Mainland China's and Macau's taxation</li> </ul>	991	18,968
一於過往年度不足之撥備	<ul> <li>Under-provision in prior years</li> </ul>	-	168
遞延稅項	Deferred income tax		
一關於暫時差異的產生及撥回	<ul> <li>Origination and reversal of temporary</li> </ul>		
	differences	(5,516)	10,760
一確認稅務虧損 	<ul> <li>Recognition of tax losses</li> </ul>	-	(114)
稅項	Taxation	240,207	183,847

#### 11. 每股基本及攤薄盈利

每股基本盈利乃按照截至2025年6月30日 止6個月之盈利1,578,850,000港元(2024年: 1,396,074,000港元)及期內已發行普通股股份之加權平均數1,405,752,132股(2024年: 1,405,752,132股)計算。

每股攤薄盈利乃按照截至2025年6月30日 止6個月之盈利1,578,850,000港元(2024年: 1,396,074,000港元)並已考慮應佔聯營公司利 潤103,624,000港元(2024年:88,053,000港元)的 攤薄效應,及期內已發行普通股股份之加權 平均數1,405,752,132股(2024年:1,405,752,132股) 經調整所有攤薄潛在普通股股份計算。期內 及於期末未行使之認股權對普通股股份之加 權平均數並無攤薄影響。

#### 11. BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share for the six months ended 30 June 2025 is based on earnings of HK\$1,578,850,000 (2024: HK\$1,396,074,000) and the weighted average number of 1,405,752,132 (2024: 1,405,752,132) ordinary shares in issue during the period.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share for the six months ended 30 June 2025 is based on earnings of HK\$1,578,850,000 (2024: HK\$1,396,074,000) and deducting from it the dilutive effect of our share of profits in an associate amounting to HK\$103,624,000 (2024: HK\$88,053,000) and the weighted average number of 1,405,752,132 (2024: 1,405,752,132) ordinary shares in issue during the period after adjusting for the effect of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The share options outstanding during the period and at the period end have no dilutive effect on the weighted average number of ordinary shares.

以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	2025	2024
股東應佔溢利 佔聯營公司利潤的攤薄效應	Profit attributable to shareholders Dilutive effect of share of profits in an	1,578,850	1,396,074
	associate	(103,624)	(88,053)
用以釐定每股攤薄盈利之溢利	Profit used to determine diluted earnings per share	1,475,226	1,308,021

# 未經審核之中期簡明財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 且其變動計入損益的金融資產

# 12. 持作交易用途的證券及以公平值計量 12. TRADING SECURITIES AND FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR **VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS**

以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	2025年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2025	2024年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2024
持作交易用途的證券:	Trading securities:		
債務證券: 一香港上市	Debt securities:	4 000	0.700
一	– Listed in Hong Kong – Unlisted	4,899 3,328,033	9,790 1,996,563
	- Offisted	3,328,033	1,996,565
		3,332,932	2,006,353
以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產:	Financial assets at fair value through		
次公十屆川 <u>里</u> 口共交到川八原皿月亚間共圧•	profit or loss:		
投資基金:	Investment funds:		
一香港上市	– Listed in Hong Kong	4,507	4,272
合計	Total	3,337,439	2,010,625
包括在債務證券內有:	Included within debt securities are:		
-國庫票據 (等同現金項目)	– Treasury bills which are cash equivalents	-	597,920
<b>-</b> 其他國庫票據	<ul> <li>Other treasury bills</li> </ul>	3,327,653	1,398,443
一政府債券	<ul> <li>Government bonds</li> </ul>	4,571	9,647
<b>一其他債務證券</b>	<ul> <li>Other debt securities</li> </ul>	708	343
		3,332,932	2,006,353
以發行機構列示:	By issuers:		
一中央政府和中央銀行	<ul> <li>Central governments and central banks</li> </ul>	3,332,224	2,006,010
一企業	– Corporate entities	4,507	4,272
一公營機構	– Public sector entities	708	343
		3,337,439	2,010,625

內並無包括持有存款證。

於2025年6月30日及2024年12月31日,上述結餘 As at 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, there were no certificates of deposit held included in the above balances.

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 13. 衍生金融工具

於2025年6月30日未到期衍生工具合約之名義 本金及其公平值如下:

# 13. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The notional principal amounts of outstanding derivatives contracts and their fair values as at 30 June 2025 were as follows:

			合約/ 名義金額 Contract/	公平 Fair va	lues
以港	<i>特幣千元位列示</i>	HK\$'000	notional amount	資產 Assets	負債 Liabilities
1)	持作交易用途之衍生工具 <i>甲) 外匯衍生工具</i>	Derivatives held for trading <i>a)</i> Foreign exchange derivatives			
	遠期及期貨合約 購入及沽出外匯期權 交換貨幣利率掉期	Forward and futures contracts Currency options purchased and wri Cross currency interest rate swaps	337,741,329 tten 69,325,366 7,399,043	1,033,308 466,834 94,208	(1,202,667) (470,769) (85,250)
	乙) 利率衍生工具 利率掉期	b) Interest rate derivatives Interest rate swaps	9,536,935	55,917	(48,519)
	<i>丙) 權益性衍生工具</i> 購入及沽出權益性期权	c) Equity derivatives Equity options purchased and writte	n <b>876,862</b>	11,840	(11,860)
	持作交易用途之衍生工具 資產/(負債)合計	Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for trading	424,879,535	1,662,107	(1,819,065)
2)	持作對沖用途之衍生工具 <i>甲) 指定以公平值對沖之</i> <i>衍生工具</i> 利率掉期	Derivatives held for hedging     a) Derivatives designated as fair value     hedges     Interest rate swaps	39,911,097	1,564,112	(152,770)
	持作對沖用途之衍生工具資產/(負債) 合計	Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for hedging	39,911,097	1,564,112	(152,770)
	建認之衍生金融工具 資產/(負債) 合計	Total recognised derivative financial assets/ (liabilities)	464,790,632	3,226,219	(1,971,835)

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 13. 衍生金融工具 續

於2024年12月31日未到期衍生工具合約之名義 本金及其公平值如下:

# 13. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

The notional principal amounts of outstanding derivatives contracts and their fair values as at 31 December 2024 were as follows:

				合約/ 名義金額 Contract/	公平f Fair val	<del></del>
				notional	資產	負債
以注	<b>萨幣千元位列示</b>	HK\$	'000	amount	Assets	Liabilities
1)	持作交易用途之衍生工具 <i>甲) 外匯衍生工具</i> 遠期及期貨合約	1)	Derivatives held for trading  a) Foreign exchange derivatives  Forward and futures contracts	377,350,903	1,562,219	(1,417,618)
	購入及沽出外匯期權		Currency options purchased and written	42,029,494	166,932	(214,095)
	交換貨幣利率掉期		Cross currency interest rate swaps	3,280,648	21,472	(17,319)
	乙) 利率衍生工具 利率掉期		b) Interest rate derivatives Interest rate swaps	9,135,993	40,582	(32,844)
	<i>丙) 權益性衍生工具</i>		c) Equity derivatives			
	購入及沽出權益性期標	崔	Equity options purchased and written	602,540	8,842	(8,860)
	持作交易用途之衍生工具 資產/(負債)合計		Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for trading	432,399,578	1,800,047	(1,690,736)
2)	持作對沖用途之衍生工具 <i>甲) 指定以公平值對沖之</i> <i>衍生工具</i>	2)	Derivatives held for hedging  a) Derivatives designated as fair value hedges	44.715.605	2 202 604	(140.170)
	利率掉期		Interest rate swaps	44,715,605	2,283,684	(149,179)
	持作對沖用途之衍生工具 資產/(負債)合計		Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for hedging	44,715,605	2,283,684	(149,179)
	確認之衍生金融工具	Tota	l recognised derivative financial assets/			
貣	資產/(負債) 合計	(li	abilities)	477,115,183	4,083,731	(1,839,915)

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 14. 各項貸款及其他賬目

# 14. ADVANCES AND OTHER ACCOUNTS

以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	2025年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2025	2024年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2024
客戶貸款及墊款總額	Gross loans and advances to customers	139,489,360	138,374,285
扣除:減值準備 一階段1 一階段2 一階段3	Less: impairment allowances - Stage 1 - Stage 2 - Stage 3	(376,604) (381,573) (1,158,920)	(385,262) (274,094) (872,989)
		(1,917,097)	(1,532,345)
		137,572,263	136,841,940
貿易票據	Trade bills	1,977,239	1,476,539
扣除:減值準備 一階段1 一階段2	Less: impairment allowances - Stage 1 - Stage 2	(1,953) (1)	(1,126)
		(1,954)	(1,127)
		1,975,285	1,475,412
其他資產	Other assets	4,069,213	4,752,501
扣除:減值準備 一階段1 一階段2 一階段3	Less: impairment allowances - Stage 1 - Stage 2 - Stage 3	(10,303) (1,698) (3,890)	(7,719) (906) (12,553)
		(15,891)	(21,178)
		4,053,322	4,731,323
各項貸款及其他賬目	Advances and other accounts	143,600,870	143,048,675

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 14. 各項貸款及其他賬目 續

# (甲) 減值、逾期未償還及經重組資產

# (i) 減值貸款

# 14. ADVANCES AND OTHER ACCOUNTS (Continued)

# (a) Impaired, overdue and rescheduled assets

# (i) Impaired loans

		2025年 6月30日	2024年 12月31日
		As at	As at
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	30 Jun 2025	31 Dec 2024
貸款及墊款總額	Gross loans and advances	139,489,360	138,374,285
扣除:減值準備總額	Less: total impairment allowances	(1,917,097)	(1,532,345)
淨額	Net	137,572,263	136,841,940
信貸減值之貸款及墊款	Credit-impaired loans and advances	4,350,004	4,437,683
扣除:階段3減值準備	Less: Stage 3 impairment allowances	(1,158,920)	(872,989)
淨額	Net	3,191,084	3,564,694
持有抵押品公平值*	Fair value of collateral held*	3,431,356	3,620,776
信貸減值貸款及墊款佔客戶貸款及	Credit-impaired loans and advances		
墊款總額百分比	as a % of total loans and advances to		
	customers	3.12%	3.21%

<sup>\*</sup> 抵押品公平值乃根據抵押品市值及貸款 未償還結餘,兩者中較低值釐定。

<sup>\*</sup> Fair value of collateral is determined at the lower of the market value of collateral and outstanding loan balance.

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 14. 各項貸款及其他賬目 續

# (甲)減值、逾期未償還及經重組資產 續

#### (ii) 逾期未償還貸款總額

# 14. ADVANCES AND OTHER ACCOUNTS (Continued)

# (a) Impaired, overdue and rescheduled assets (Continued)

#### (ii) Gross amount of overdue loans

			<b>5年6月30日</b> 2024年12月31日 <b>30 Jun 2025</b> As at 31 Dec 2024		
		逾期未償還 貸款總額		逾期未償還 貸款總額	
		Gross		Gross	
		amount of	佔總額	amount of	佔總額
		overdue	百分比	overdue	百分比
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	loans	% of total	loans	% of total
未償還客戶貸款及	Gross loans and advances to				
墊款總額,逾期:	customers which have been				
	overdue for:				
一3個月以上至6個月	<ul> <li>six months or less but over</li> </ul>				
	three months	502,932	0.36	2,104,322	1.52
一6個月以上至1年	<ul> <li>one year or less but over six</li> </ul>				
	months	2,317,097	1.66	778,884	0.56
一1年以上	– over one year	1,268,501	0.91	926,024	0.67
		4,088,530	2.93	3,809,230	2.75
分配如下:	Represented by:				
一有抵押逾期貸款	– Secured overdue loans and				
及墊款	advances	3,465,741		3,253,094	
一無抵押逾期貸款	<ul> <li>Unsecured overdue loans</li> </ul>			, , , , , ,	
及墊款	and advances	622,789		556,136	
有抵押逾期貸款及	Market value of securities held				
墊款所持的	against the secured overdue				
抵押品市值	loans and advances	4,747,844		4,773,407	
240 L HH . L. IT	touris and davances				
階段3減值準備	Stage 3 impairment allowances	983,989		694,499	

持有之抵押品主要為抵押存款、按揭物 業及抵押其他固定資產如設備。 Collateral held mainly represented pledged deposits, mortgages over properties and charges over other fixed assets such as equipment.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 14. 各項貸款及其他賬目續

#### (甲) 減值、逾期未償還及經重組資產 續

# (iii) 經重組貸款及墊款(已扣除包括在 上述之逾期貸款及墊款)

#### 14. ADVANCES AND OTHER ACCOUNTS (Continued)

#### (a) Impaired, overdue and rescheduled assets (Continued)

# (iii) Rescheduled loans and advances net of amounts included in overdue loans and advances shown above

		2025年 6月30日 As at	佔總額 百分比	2024年 12月31日 As at	佔總額 百分比
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	30 Jun 2025	% of total	31 Dec 2024	% of total
客戶貸款及墊款	Loans and advances to customers	388,711	0.28	360,912	0.26
階段3減值準備	Stage 3 impairment allowances	131,940		116,075	

#### (iv) 貿易票據

於2025年6月30日及2024年12月31日,並無逾期超過3個月的貿易票據結餘。

#### (乙) 收回抵押品

持有之收回抵押品如下:

#### (iv) Trade bills

As at 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, there were no balance of trade bills that were overdue for more than 3 months.

# (b) Repossessed collateral

Repossessed collateral held is as follows:

		2025年	2024年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	30 Jun 2025	31 Dec 2024
資產性質	Nature of assets		
收回物業	Repossessed properties	254,139	426,280
其他	Others	2,900	1,440
		257,039	427,720

收回抵押品按可行情況盡快出售,實收款項 用以減低有關之借款人未償還債務。

於2024年12月31日,估計可變現總值為56,184,000港元(2025年6月30日:無)之在中國內地的若干其他物業,乃本集團根據中國內地法院頒佈之法令而行使以物抵債權並回收。該抵押品為呈報於「其他資產」項下的持作再出售之資產。相關之貸款已被終止確認。

Repossessed collaterals are sold as soon as practicable with the proceeds used to reduce the outstanding indebtedness of the borrowers concerned.

As at 31 December 2024, certain other properties in Mainland China with a total estimated realisable value of HK\$56,184,000 (30 June 2025: Nil), which had been foreclosed and repossessed by the Group pursuant to orders issued by courts in Mainland China, represent assets held by the Group for resale and have been reported under "Other assets". The relevant loans had been derecognised.

# 15. 虧損準備

下表提供按香港財務報告準則第9號本集團的 按階段之客戶貸款及墊款、貸款承擔及財務 擔保之預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)準備 的對賬。

#### **15. LOSS ALLOWANCE**

The tables below provide a reconciliation of the Group's expected credit loss ("ECL") allowances for loans and advances to customers, loan commitments and financial guarantees by stage under HKFRS 9.

		階段1 預期信貸 虧損準備 Stage 1 ECL	階段2 預期信貸 虧損準備 Stage 2 ECL	階段3 預期信貸 虧損準備 Stage 3 ECL	合計 預期信貸 虧損準備 Total ECL
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	allowance	allowance	allowance	allowance
2025年1月1日	At 1 January 2025	447,549	278,072	872,989	1,598,610
轉移:	Transfers:				
轉移至階段1	Transfer to Stage 1	31,562	(22,713)	(8,849)	-
轉移至階段2	Transfer to Stage 2	(23,226)	36,135	(12,909)	-
轉移至階段3	Transfer to Stage 3	(20,536)	(31,763)	52,299	-
由階段轉移及準備變動	Effect of stage transfers and				
所產生之影響	changes in allowance	(18,048)	20,576	387,487	390,015
期內新源生、購入或 撤銷確認之金融資產	New financial assets originated, purchased or derecognised				
	during the period	54,733	16,289	(58,620)	12,402
PDs/LGDs/EADs/前瞻性	Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs/				
的假設之變動	forward-looking assumptions	(48,432)	83,754	286,077	321,399
解除貼現	Unwind of discount	9,132	3,182	7,278	19,592
<b>撇銷</b>	Write-offs	-	-	(367,755)	(367,755)
外匯及其他變動	Foreign exchange and other movements	673	238	923	1,834
	movements				
2025年6月30日	At 30 June 2025	433,407	383,770	1,158,920	1,976,097
有關:	In respect of				
月	In respect of: Loans and advances to customers	376,604	381,573	1,158,920	1,917,097
各户貝款及至款 貸款承擔及財務擔保	Loan commitments and financial	310,004	301,373	1,158,920	1,917,097
只小分]后/X光/加]后  不	guarantees	56,803	2,197	_	59,000
	gaarantees		2,231		
		433,407	383,770	1,158,920	1,976,097

採用縮寫:

Abbreviations used:

2510 12 141 149		7 10 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 0	
PD	違約或然率	PD	Probability of default
LGI	D 違約損失率	LGD	Loss given default
EAI	D 違約風險承擔	EAD	Exposure at default
ECI	L 預期信貸虧損	ECL	Expected credit loss

# 未經審核之中期簡明財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 15. 虧損準備 續

# 15. LOSS ALLOWANCE (Continued)

以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	階段1 預期信貸 虧損準備 Stage 1 ECL allowance	階段2 預期信貸 虧損準備 Stage 2 ECL allowance	階段3 預期信貸 虧損準備 Stage 3 ECL allowance	合計 預期信貸 虧損準備 Total ECL allowance
以他市 1 ルログル	11K\$ 000	allowance	allowance	attowarice	attowarice
2024年1月1日	At 1 January 2024	430,206	266,113	485,255	1,181,574
轉移:	Transfers:				
轉移至階段1	Transfer to Stage 1	30,332	(16,277)	(14,055)	_
轉移至階段2	Transfer to Stage 2	(23,071)	33,110	(10,039)	-
轉移至階段3	Transfer to Stage 3	(34,009)	(134,815)	168,824	-
由階段轉移及準備變動	Effect of stage transfers and				
所產生之影響	changes in allowance	(13,644)	35,471	847,673	869,500
期內新源生、購入或 撤銷確認之金融資產	New financial assets originated, purchased or derecognised				
	during the period	79,010	21,510	(44,794)	55,726
PDs/LGDs/EADs/前瞻性的	Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs/				
假設之變動	forward-looking assumptions	(21,737)	71,443	871,198	920,904
解除貼現	Unwind of discount	961	2,063	1,599	4,623
撇銷	Write-offs	-	_	(1,432,519)	(1,432,519)
外匯及其他變動	Foreign exchange and other movements	(499)	(546)	(153)	(1,198)
2024年12月31日	At 31 December 2024	447,549	278,072	872,989	1,598,610
有關:	In respect of:				
客戶貸款及墊款	Loans and advances to customers	385,262	274,094	872,989	1,532,345
貸款承擔及財務擔保	Loan commitments and financial				
	guarantees	62,287	3,978		66,265
		447,549	278,072	872,989	1,598,610
		111,515			

# 收益的金融資產

# 16. 以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面 16. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER **COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

		2025年 6月30日	2024年 12月31日
以港幣千元位列示	НК\$'000	As at 30 Jun 2025	As at 31 Dec 2024
(= 24/7 th			
債務證券: 一香港上市	Debt securities:  – Listed in Hong Kong	12,741,689	11,891,064
一香港以外上市	- Listed in Hong Kong - Listed outside Hong Kong	22,307,408	20,513,422
一非上市	- Unlisted	10,066,595	10,799,618
		45,115,692	43,204,104
權益性證券:	Equity securities:		
一香港上市	– Listed in Hong Kong	419	295
一非上市	– Unlisted	1,617,475	1,604,306
		1,617,894	1,604,601
٨ ٢ .			
合計	Total	46,733,586	44,808,705
包括在債務證券內有:	Included within debt securities are:		
已括任真伤超分的有· 一持有的存款證	- Certificates of deposit held	66,778	62,749
-國庫票據 (等同現金項目)	- Treasury bills which are cash equivalents	-	59,717
一其他國庫票據	- Other treasury bills	4,054,277	3,897,954
一政府債券	- Government bonds	1,563,859	1,378,969
<b>-</b> 其他債務證券	<ul> <li>Other debt securities</li> </ul>	39,430,778	37,804,715
		45,115,692	43,204,104
N.O. 파 佐 시 팀 D 단 영화 시 및 단 사 진 포 바 산 하			
以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益的 金融資產按發行機構類別分析如下:	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are analysed by		
並附具在1次分寸級情報的力机如 1. •	categories of issuers as follows:		
<b>債務證券</b> :	Debt securities:		
一中央政府及中央銀行	<ul> <li>Central governments and central banks</li> </ul>	7,895,185	8,615,979
一公營機構	<ul> <li>Public sector entities</li> </ul>	3,545,071	2,840,468
一銀行及其他金融機構	<ul> <li>Banks and other financial institutions</li> </ul>	17,918,672	12,886,437
一企業	<ul> <li>Corporate entities</li> </ul>	15,756,764	18,861,220
		45,115,692	43,204,104
招 沃 怀 苏 禾 •	Facility and addition.		
權益性證券: 一企業	Equity securities:  – Corporate entities	1,617,894	1,604,601
止未	- corporate entities		
		46,733,586	44,808,705

# 未經審核之中期簡明財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 17. 以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產 17. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST 2025年 2024年 6月30日 12月31日 As at As at 以港幣千元位列示 HK\$'000 30 Jun 2025 31 Dec 2024 債務證券: Debt securities: 一香港上市 - Listed in Hong Kong 11,547,493 12,878,232 -香港以外上市 - Listed outside Hong Kong 14,313,597 14,186,382 一非上市 – Unlisted 7,804,688 8,489,756 35,554,370 33,665,778 扣除:減值準備 Less: impairment allowance 一階段1 - Stage 1 (42,760)(31,093)一階段2 - Stage 2 (874)(909)(43,634)(32,002)合計 Total 33,622,144 35,522,368 包括在債務證券內有: Included within debt securities are: 一持有的存款證 - Certificates of deposit held 3,684,386 3,723,064 一國庫票據 - Treasury bills 672,857 1,096,317 一政府債券 - Government bonds 230,349 -其他債務證券 - Other debt securities 29,308,535 30,504,640 33,665,778 35,554,370 以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產按發行 Financial assets at amortised cost are analysed 機構類別分析如下: by categories of issuers as follows: 一中央政府及中央銀行 - Central governments and central banks 672,857 1,326,666 一公營機構 - Public sector entities 1,844,246 1,731,208 一銀行及其他金融機構 - Banks and other financial institutions 13,960,293 12,718,386 一企業 - Corporate entities 17,188,382 19,778,110 33,665,778 35,554,370 18. 行產及其他固定資產 18. PREMISES AND OTHER FIXED ASSETS 2025年 2024年 6月30日 12月31日 As at As at 以港幣千元位列示 HK\$'000 30 Jun 2025 31 Dec 2024 行產、傢俬及設備 Premises, furniture and equipment 2,671,609 2,649,230 使用權資產 Right-of-use assets 352,435 352,098

3,024,044

3,001,328

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 18. 行產及其他固定資產 續

# 18. PREMISES AND OTHER FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

# (甲) 行產、傢俬及設備

# (a) Premises, furniture and equipment

以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	行產 Premises	傢俬、設備 及汽車 Furniture, equipment and motor vehicles	合計 Total
截至2025年6月30日止6個月	Six months ended 30 June 2025			
期初賬面淨值	Opening net book amount	1,988,568	660,662	2,649,230
新增	Additions	37,371	104,529	141,900
出售	Disposals	_	(464)	(464)
折舊支出(附註7)	Depreciation charge (Note 7)	(34,786)	(89,776)	(124,562)
匯兌差異	Exchange difference	2,687	2,818	5,505
	-			
期末賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	1,993,840	677,769	2,671,609
2025年6月30日	At 30 June 2025			
成本	Cost	2,791,490	2,007,136	4,798,626
累積折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(797,650)	(1,329,367)	(2,127,017)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	1,993,840	677,769	2,671,609
截至2024年12月31日止年度	Year ended 31 December 2024			
期初賬面淨值	Opening net book amount	1,797,828	561,007	2,358,835
新增	Additions	1,757,020	274,474	274,474
出售	Disposals	_	(2,799)	(2,799)
折舊支出	Depreciation charge	(66,326)	(170,054)	(236,380)
重新分類投資物業為行產	Reclassification from investment properties	(00,320)	(170,054)	(250,500)
三州乃从及人口(1)	to premises	314,388	_	314,388
重新分類行產為投資物業	Reclassification from premises to investment	31 1,000		311,300
上19175 30(13)上7632 20(13)20	properties	(54,467)	_	(54,467)
匯兌差異	Exchange difference	(2,855)	(1,966)	(4,821)
_,0,1_,1				
年末賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	1,988,568	660,662	2,649,230
2024年12月31日	At 31 December 2024			
成本	Cost	2,750,899	1,898,238	A 6A0 127
双 <del>少</del> 累積折舊	CUSL	2,130,033	1,030,230	4,649,137
	Accumulated depreciation	(762 221)	(1 227 E76\	(1 000 007)
<b>糸</b> 傾加	Accumulated depreciation	(762,331)	(1,237,576)	(1,999,907)

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 18. 行產及其他固定資產續

#### (乙) 租賃

此附註就本集團作為承租人之租賃提供資 料。

未經審核之綜合財務狀況表內有關租賃之金 額列示如下:

#### 18. PREMISES AND OTHER FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

#### (b) Leases

This note provides information for leases where the Group is a lessee.

The unaudited consolidated statement of financial position shows the following amounts relating to leases:

		2025年	2024年
		6月30日	12月31日
	附註	As at	As at
以港幣千元位列示	<i>HK\$'000</i> Note	30 Jun 2025	31 Dec 2024
使用權資產	Right-of-use assets		
一物業	– Properties 18	352,435	352,098
	·		
租賃負債	Lease liabilities 23	378,672	377,340
	Lease Habilities 23	310,012	311,540
19. 投資物業	19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES		
19. 投資物業	19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES		
		截至	截至
		2025年	2024年
		6月30日止	12月31日止
		6個月	年度
		Six months	Year
		ended	ended
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	30 Jun 2025	31 Dec 2024
期/年初	At beginning of the period/year	708,021	761,604
新增	Additions	50,225	262,687
重新分類行產為投資物業	Reclassification from premises to investmen	*	202,001
至例为然门庄高庆采加木	properties	_	100,000
重新分類投資物業為行產	Reclassification from investment properties		100,000
主机力及反复的未列门庄	to premises	_	(314,388)
重估公平值虧損	Fair value losses on revaluation		(101,882)
	i dii value 103363 Oli Tevaluation		(101,002)
#D / /			
期/年末	At end of the period/year	758,246	708,021

本集團於2024年12月31日為投資物業的價值進行了重估。此評估由獨立專業特許測量師第一太平戴維斯(估值及專業顧問)有限公司為位於香港及中國國內之投資物業及第一太平戴維斯(澳門)有限公司為位於澳門之投資物業按直接比較方法或收入現值資產化方法以可參考之相似物業其近期成交紀錄來進行。在評定投資物業的價值時,其中一項主要依據為經考慮時間、地點及個別因素如樓宇的大小及樓層所確定的銷售單位價格。銷售單位價格的下降會導致投資物業之公平值計量有相應百分比的減少,反之亦然。

The Group's investment properties were last revalued at 31 December 2024 by adopting the direct comparison approach or the income capitalisation approach. Under direct comparison approach, valuation is referenced to recent transactions for similar premises as far as practicable by independent, professionally qualified valuer Savills (Valuation and Professional Services) Limited for investment properties in Hong Kong and Mainland China, and by Savills (Macau) Limited for investment properties in Macau. The key inputs was the unit sale rate taking into account of time, location, and individual factors such as size and levels of buildings. A decrease in unit sale rate would result in decrease in fair value measurement of the investment properties by the same percentage and vice versa.

# 未經審核之中期簡明財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 20. 客戶存款

#### **20. DEPOSITS FROM CUSTOMERS**

		2025年	2024年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	30 Jun 2025	31 Dec 2024
活期存款及往來存款	Demand deposits and current accounts	36,666,211	28,332,359
儲蓄存款	Savings deposits	49,050,060	40,301,479
定期、通知及短期存款	Time, call and notice deposits	118,238,619	132,934,213
		203,954,890	201,568,051

#### 21. 已發行的存款證

#### 21. CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT ISSUED 2025年 2024年 6月30日 12月31日 As at As at HK\$'000 30 Jun 2025 以港幣千元位列示 31 Dec 2024 按對沖利率風險下以攤餘成本及 At amortised cost with fair value hedge 經公平值對沖調整後列賬 adjustments (for hedging interest rate risk) 1,890,009 4,294,996

本集團在此等已發行的存款證到期時按合約 應付的金額較以上所列之賬面值高2,000,000 港元(2024年12月31日:低1,000,000港元)。

The amount that the Group would be contractually required to pay at maturity to the holders of these certificates of deposit is HK\$2 million higher (31 December 2024: HK\$1 million lower) than the above carrying amount.

#### 22. 後償債務

# 22. SUBORDINATED NOTES

以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	2025年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2025	2024年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2024
<u> </u>	1111,000	30 3411 2023	31 DCC 2024
按對沖利率風險下以攤餘成本及 經公平值對沖調整後列賬:	At amortised cost with fair value hedge adjustments (for hedging interest rate risk):		
300,000,000美元於2031年到期的	US\$300,000,000 Subordinated Fixed Rate		
定息後償債務(註(甲))	Notes due 2031 (Note (a))	2,266,660	2,197,913
250,000,000美元於2033年到期的	US\$250,000,000 Subordinated Fixed Rate		
定息後償債務(註(乙))	Notes due 2033 (Note (b))	2,006,845	1,949,001
		4,273,505	4,146,914

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 22. 後償債務(續)

#### 註:

- (甲) 此乃大新銀行於2021年11月2日發行之300,000,000美元在香港交易所上市及符合巴塞爾協定III而被界定為二級資本的10年期定息後償債務(「債務」)(須遵守香港《銀行業(資本)規則》之條款)。此等債務將於2031年11月2日到期。選擇性贖還日為2026年11月2日。由發行日至其選擇性贖還日,年息為3%,每半年付息一次。其後,倘債務未在選擇性贖還日贖回,往後的利息會重訂為當時5年期美國國庫債券息率加195點子。若獲得香港金管局預先批准,大新銀行可以票面價值贖回所有(非部分)債務。大新銀行亦已與一國際銀行訂立利率掉期合約將債務的固定利息掉換為以擔保隔夜融資利率(「擔保隔夜融資利率」)為基礎的浮動利息付款。
- (乙) 此乃大新銀行於2023年11月15日發行之250,000,000美元在香港交易所上市及符合巴塞爾協定III而被界定為二級資本的10年期定息後償債務(「債務」)(須遵守香港《銀行業(資本)規則》之條款)。此等債務將於2033年11月15日到期。選擇性贖還日為2028年11月15日。由發行日至其選擇性贖還日,年息為7.375%,每半年付息一次。其後,倘債務未在選擇性贖還日順口,往後的利息會重訂為當時5年期美國國庫債券息率加295點子。若獲得香港金管局預先批准,大新銀行可以票面價值贖回所有(非部分)債務。大新銀行亦已與一國際銀行訂立利率掉期合約將債務的固定利息掉換為以擔保隔夜融資利率為基礎的浮動利息付款。

本集團在此等後償債務到期時按合約應付的金額較以上所列之賬面值高44,000,000港元(2024年12月31日:高124,000,000港元)。

#### 22. SUBORDINATED NOTES (Continued)

Note:

- (a) This represents US\$300,000,000 Basel III compliant 10-year Subordinated Fixed Rate Notes qualifying as Tier 2 capital of DSB (subject to the provisions of the Banking (Capital) Rules of Hong Kong) issued on 2 November 2021 (the "Notes"), which are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("SEHK"). The Notes will mature on 2 November 2031 with an optional redemption date falling on 2 November 2026. Interest at 3% p.a. is payable semi-annually from the issue date to the optional redemption date. Thereafter, if the Notes are not redeemed, the interest rate will be reset and the Notes will bear interest at the then prevailing 5-year U.S. Treasury Rate plus 195 basis points. DSB may, subject to receiving the prior approval of the HKMA, redeem the Notes in whole but not in part, at par. An interest rate swap contract to swap the fixed rate payment liability of the Notes to floating interest rate based on Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") has been entered into with an international bank.
- (b) This represents US\$250,000,000 Basel III compliant 10-year Subordinated Fixed Rate Notes qualifying as Tier 2 capital of DSB (subject to the provisions of the Banking (Capital) Rules of Hong Kong) issued on 15 November 2023 (the "Notes"), which are listed on the SEHK. The Notes will mature on 15 November 2033 with an optional redemption date falling on 15 November 2028. Interest at 7.375% p.a. is payable semi-annually from the issue date to the optional redemption date. Thereafter, if the Notes are not redeemed, the interest rate will be reset and the Notes will bear interest at the then prevailing 5-year U.S. Treasury Rate plus 295 basis points. DSB may, subject to receiving the prior approval of the HKMA, redeem the Notes in whole but not in part, at par. An interest rate swap contract to swap the fixed rate payment liability of the Notes to floating interest rate based on SOFR has been entered into with an international bank.

The amount that the Group would be contractually required to pay at maturity to the holders of these subordinated notes is HK\$44 million higher (31 December 2024: HK\$124 million higher) than the above carrying amount.

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 23. 其他賬目及預提

#### 23. OTHER ACCOUNTS AND ACCRUALS

		2025年 6月30日	2024年 12月31日
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	As at 30 Jun 2025	As at 31 Dec 2024
20013 T 70122371	777.000	50 0dii 2025	31 BCC 202 1
租賃負債(附註18(乙))	Lease liabilities (Note 18(b))	378,672	377,340
其他負債及預提	Other liabilities and accruals	7,428,441	7,416,092
		7,807,113	7,793,432
24. 股東資金	24. SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		
		2025年	2024年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	30 Jun 2025	31 Dec 2024
股本	Share capital	6,894,438	6,894,438
綜合儲備	Consolidation reserve	(220,986)	(220,986)
行產重估儲備	Premises revaluation reserve	315,653	315,653
投資重估儲備	Investment revaluation reserve	1,910,081	1,886,501
匯兌儲備 	Exchange reserve	(659,821)	(940,742)
一般儲備 保留盈利	General reserve	700,254	700,254
休笛盆利	Retained earnings	25,889,548	24,876,838
		24 020 167	22 511 056
		34,829,167	33,511,956
包括於保留盈利內之擬派股息/已派股息	Proposed dividend/dividend paid		
CJAN PROBLEM JI JAMBARAY CHARACA	included in retained earnings	435,783	548,243

大新銀行為香港註冊銀行須以監管儲備形式維持除香港財務報告準則所需以外之最低減值撥備。維持該監管儲備(儲備計及澳門商業銀行股份有限公司(「澳門商業銀行」))及大新銀行(中國)有限公司(「大新銀行(中國)」))乃為符合香港銀行業條例及以審慎監管為目的之本地監管規定。該監管儲備規限可派發予股東之儲備金額。監管儲備之變動須與香港金管局進行諮詢,並直接於權益儲備內調撥。

於2025年6月30日,大新銀行已指定455,380,000 港元(2024年12月31日:544,500,000港元)之金 額作為監管儲備先抵銷其綜合一般儲備,餘 額再從其綜合保留盈利中指定。 DSB as a locally incorporated bank in Hong Kong is required to maintain minimum impairment provisions in excess of those required under HKFRS in the form of regulatory reserve. The regulatory reserve, which also covers Banco Comercial de Macau, S.A. ("BCM") and Dah Sing Bank (China) Limited ("DSB China"), is maintained to satisfy the provisions of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance and local regulatory requirements for prudential supervision purposes. The regulatory reserve restricts the amount of reserves which can be distributed to shareholders. Movements in the regulatory reserve are made directly through equity reserve and in consultation with the HKMA.

As at 30 June 2025, DSB has earmarked a regulatory reserve of HK\$455,380,000 (31 December 2024: HK\$544,500,000) first against its consolidated general reserve; and for any excess amount, the balance is earmarked against its consolidated retained earnings.

# 未經審核之中期簡明財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 25. 或然負債及承擔

# (甲) 資本承擔

於報告期末在賬目內仍未提撥準備之有關項 目及購入固定資產之資本承擔如下:

#### 25. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

# (a) Capital commitments

Capital expenditure in respect of projects and acquisition of fixed assets at the end of the reporting period but not yet incurred is as follows:

		2025年	2024年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	30 Jun 2025	31 Dec 2024
已簽約但未提撥準備之開支	Expenditure contracted but not provided for	18,394	20,821

# (乙) 信貸承擔

本集團資產負債表外承擔授信予客戶之金融 工具合約金額及其信貸風險加權數額如下:

# (b) Credit commitments

The contract and credit risk weighted amounts of the Group's offbalance sheet financial instruments that commit it to extend credit to customers are as follows:

		合約金額 Contract amount	
		2025年	2024年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	30 Jun 2025	31 Dec 2024
直接信貸代替品	Direct credit substitutes	209,719	249,050
與交易相關之或然項目	Transaction-related contingencies	363,286	395,699
與貿易相關之或然項目	Trade-related contingencies	592,718	450,156
可無條件取消而不須預先通知之承擔	Commitments that are unconditionally		
	cancellable without prior notice	57,570,547	57,897,554
其他承擔	Other commitments	5,587,801	5,200,505
		64,324,071	64,192,964
		信貸風險	加權數額
		Credit risk wei	ghted amount
		2025年	2024年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	30 Jun 2025	31 Dec 2024
或然負債及承擔	Contingent liabilities and commitments	5,863,292	2,155,128

# 25. 或然負債及承擔續

# 25. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### (Continued)

### (丙) 已作抵押之資產

#### (c) Assets pledged

		2025年	2024年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
以港幣千元位列示	łK\$'000	30 Jun 2025	31 Dec 2024
已抵押之持作交易用途資產及      T	rading assets and financial investments		
金融投資作負債擔保	pledged to secure liabilities	3,166,990	1,143,336
—其中:按回購協議	– of which: under repurchase agreements	639,750	744,891
已擔保之負債金額	mount of liabilities secured	3,094,712	1,130,231
—其中:按回購協議	– of which: under repurchase agreements	569,349	732,140

上表列示按法律及合約基準而授出抵押作負債擔保之資產。該等交易乃按正常及慣常的抵押交易(包括回購協議及抵押資產以保障淡倉及便利與結算所之支付程序)條款進行。

The table above shows assets where a charge has been granted to secure liabilities on a legal and contractual basis. These transactions are conducted under terms that are usual and customary to collateralised transactions including repurchase agreements, and include assets pledged to cover short positions and to facilitate settlement processes with clearing houses.

### (丁) 經營租賃承擔

#### (d) Operating lease commitments

如本集團之公司為出租人,按不可取消物業 經營租賃而於未來應收之最低租賃付款總額 如下: Where a Group company is the lessor, the future minimum lease payments receivable under non-cancellable building operating leases are as follows:

		2025年	2024年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	30 Jun 2025	31 Dec 2024
1年以內	Within 1 year	12,673	14,747
1至2年	Between 1 and 2 years	6,113	5,193
2至3年	Between 2 and 3 years	2,983	2,881
3至4年	Between 3 and 4 years	1,564	1,431
4至5年	Between 4 and 5 years	1,479	1,431
5年以上	Later than 5 years	5,671	6,201
		30,483	31,884

此外,本集團作為承租人,已簽訂若干仍未開始之租賃。於2025年6月30日,沒有該等租賃而應支付之租賃付款(2024年12月31日:5,400,000港元)。

In addition, the Group has, as a lessee, entered into a number of leases that have not yet commenced. There are no aggregate lease payments payable under these leases as at 30 June 2025 (31 December 2024: HK\$5,400,000).

# 26. 到期日分析

下表分析本集團按報告期末至有關合約到期日或最早可贖回日(如適用)之剩餘期限分類之資產及負債。

# **26. MATURITY ANALYSIS**

The table below analyses the Group's assets and liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date or, where applicable, the earliest callable date.

				1個月以上					
				但3個月					
				或以下	3個月以上	1年以上			
			1個月	親以下 3 months	至1年	至5年			
		即期償還	或以下	or less but	±±+ Over	±5+ Over	5年以上		
2025年6月30日	04-20 June 2025				3 months			無註明日期	合計
以港幣千元位列示	At 30 June 2025 <i>HK\$</i> '000	Repayable	Up to	over		1 year	Over	無証明日期	□ ēl Total
以冶带工兀阯刘小	און	on demand	1 month	1 month	to 1 year	to 5 years	5 years	indefinite	Iotal
資產	Assets								
現金及在銀行的結餘	Cash and balances with banks	5,676,255	9,220,721	-	-	-	-	-	14,896,976
在銀行1至12個月內到期的存款	Placements with banks maturing between one and								
	twelve months	-	-	2,417,325	1,995,934	3,028,762	-	-	7,442,021
持作交易用途的證券	Trading securities	-	1,683,935	409,560	1,234,358	5,079	-	-	3,332,932
以公平值計量且其變動計入	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss								
損益的金融資產		-	-	-	-	-	-	4,507	4,507
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	_	594,847	214,129	850,843	1,112,955	453,445	_	3,226,219
各項貸款及其他賬目	Advances and other accounts	7,273,415	20,473,344	12,937,974	22,009,768	38,901,163	37,973,397	4,031,809	143,600,870
以公平值計量且其變動計入其他	Financial assets at fair value through other	, ,							, ,
全面收益的金融資產	comprehensive income	-	2,213,558	2,624,818	8,415,511	29,935,113	1,926,692	1,617,894	46,733,586
以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產	Financial assets at amortised cost	_	1,184,577	1,784,659	9,174,673	18,843,096	2,633,152	1,987	33,622,144
聯營公司投資	Investment in an associate	_	-	-	-	, , -	-	2,959,185	2,959,185
共同控制實體投資	Investments in jointly controlled entities	_	-	_	_	-	-	153,999	153,999
商譽	Goodwill	_	_	-	_	-	_	713,451	713,451
無形資產	Intangible assets	_	_	_	_	_	_	69,715	69,715
行產及其他固定資產	Premises and other fixed assets	_	_	_	_	_	_	3,024,044	3,024,044
投資物業	Investment properties	_	_	_	_	_	_	758,246	758,246
即期稅項資產	Current income tax assets	_	_	_	3	_	_	-	3
遞延稅項資產	Deferred income tax assets	_	_	_	_	145,907	_	_	145,907
資產合計	Total assets	12,949,670	35,370,982	20,388,465	43,681,090	91,972,075	42,986,686	13,334,837	260,683,805
負債	Liabilities								
銀行存款	Deposits from banks	104,659	2,190,555	33,882	_	-	-	_	2,329,096
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	684,969	317,245	764,047	193,353	12,221	_	1,971,835
持作交易用途的負債	Trading liabilities	_	1,200,070	1,249,816	199,476	-	, -	_	2,649,362
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	86,252,651	35,586,412	53,592,187	26,537,908	1,985,732	_	_	203,954,890
已發行的存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	-	-	78,502	1,811,507	-	_	_	1,890,009
後償債務	Subordinated notes	_	_	_	_	4,273,505	_	_	4,273,505
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	_	9,856	20,097	87,497	249,975	11,247	_	378,672
其他賬目及預提,	Other accounts and accruals,		-,	,	,	,	,		,
不包括租賃負債	excluding lease liabilities	345,203	3,331,070	398,866	2,930,483	78,870	33,140	310,809	7,428,441
即期稅項負債	Current income tax liabilities	-	-,-,-,-,-	-	573,125	-	-	-	573,125
遞延稅項負債	Deferred income tax liabilities		_		-	94,287	_	_	94,287
負債合計	Total liabilities	86,702,513	43,002,932	55,690,595	32,904,043	6,875,722	56,608	310,809	225,543,222
淨流動性差距	Net liquidity gap	(73,752,843)	(7,631,950)	(35,302,130)	10,777,047	85,096,353	42,930,078	13,024,028	35,140,583

# 26. 到期日分析 續

# 26. MATURITY ANALYSIS (Continued)

2024年12月31日 <i>以港幣千元位列示</i>	At 31 December 2024 <i>HK\$</i> '000	即期償還 Repayable on demand	1個月 或以下 Up to 1 month	1個月以上 但3個月 或以下 3 months or less but over 1 month	3個月以上 至1年 Over 3 months to 1 year	1年以上 至5年 Over 1 year to 5 years	5年以上 Over5 years	無註明日期 Indefinite	合計 Total
資産	Assets								
現金及在銀行的結餘	Cash and balances with banks	2,538,397	11,593,328	-	-	-	_	-	14,131,725
在銀行1至12個月內到期的存款	Placements with banks maturing	,,	,,.						, , , ,
	between one and twelve months	-	-	3,872,694	488,794	1,048,067	-	-	5,409,555
持作交易用途的證券	Trading securities	-	799,143	692,779	511,436	2,995	-	-	2,006,353
以公平值計量且其變動計入損益	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss								
的金融資產		-	-	-	-	-	-	4,272	4,272
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	547,254	349,349	916,420	1,088,031	1,182,677	-	4,083,731
各項貸款及其他賬目	Advances and other accounts	7,318,248	19,598,266	11,557,612	20,849,850	39,572,355	40,092,759	4,059,585	143,048,675
以公平值計量且其變動計入其他	Financial assets at fair value through other								
全面收益的金融資產	comprehensive income	-	2,213,798	2,351,974	7,291,535	29,084,661	2,262,136	1,604,601	44,808,705
以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產	Financial assets at amortised cost	-	960,902	2,612,747	9,102,345	17,460,062	5,384,323	1,989	35,522,368
聯營公司投資	Investment in an associate	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,532,810	2,532,810
共同控制實體投資	Investments in jointly controlled entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	138,097	138,097
<b>商譽</b>	Goodwill	-	-	-	-	-	-	713,451	713,451
無形資產	Intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	69,715	69,715
行產及其他固定資產	Premises and other fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,001,328	3,001,328
投資物業	Investment properties	-	-	-	-	-	-	708,021	708,021
即期稅項資產	Current income tax assets	-	-	-	793	-	-	-	793
遞延稅項資產	Deferred income tax assets					159,482			159,482
資產合計	Total assets	9,856,645	35,712,691	21,437,155	39,161,173	88,415,653	48,921,895	12,833,869	256,339,081
負債	Liabilities								
銀行存款	Deposits from banks	49,026	1,804,102	61,908	21,200	-	-	-	1,936,236
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	496,544	321,205	826,402	194,801	963	-	1,839,915
持作交易用途的負債	Trading liabilities	-	199,888	298,181		-	-	-	498,069
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	68,812,435	36,904,951	69,854,934	23,343,513	2,652,218	-	-	201,568,051
已發行的存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	-	1,646,276	155,309	2,493,411	-	-	-	4,294,996
後償債務	Subordinated notes	-	-	-	-	4,146,914	-	-	4,146,914
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	-	9,715	19,712	77,518	259,474	10,921	-	377,340
其他賬目及預提,	Other accounts and accruals,								
不包括租賃負債	excluding lease liabilities	396,295	4,075,313	696,954	1,901,900	94,056	5,281	246,293	7,416,092
即期稅項負債	Current income tax liabilities	-	-	-	343,835	-	-	-	343,835
遞延稅項負債	Deferred income tax liabilities					94,261			94,261
負債合計	Total liabilities	69,257,756	45,136,789	71,408,203	29,007,779	7,441,724	17,165	246,293	222,515,709
淨流動性差距	Net liquidity gap	(59,401,111)	(9,424,098)	(49,971,048)	10,153,394	80,973,929	48,904,730	12,587,576	33,823,372

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 27. 公平值體系

本集團使用下列反映在釐定公平值中可觀察 及不可觀察參數重要性之體系計量公平值:

內容

級別

- 1 相同資產或負債於活躍市場中之 報價(未經調整)。本級別包括於 交易所上市之權益性證券及衍生 工具。
- 2 除第1級別所包括之報價外,其他 資產或負債能直接(即價格)或間 接(即從價格導出)地可觀察之 數據,該級別包括大多數場外交 易(「場外交易」)衍生工具合約。 該級別之金融工具可通過具活躍 市場近似金融工具報價、非活躍 市場的同等或類近的金融工具報 價,及通過具可觀察重要參數的 模型釐定金融產品的公平值。
- 3 資產或負債數據並非根據可觀察 之市場數據(不可觀察之數據)。 本級別包括具有大部份不可觀察 部件之權益性及債務證券。

#### 27. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

The Group measures fair values using the following hierarchy that reflects the significance of the observable and unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement:

#### **Level Descriptions**

- 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. This level includes equity securities and derivatives that are listed on exchanges.
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level
  1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either
  directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived
  from prices). This level includes the majority of the
  over-the-counter ("OTC") derivative contracts. These
  are financial instruments with quoted prices for similar
  instruments in active markets or quoted prices for
  identical or similar instruments in inactive markets and
  financial instruments valued using models where all
  significant inputs are observable.
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). This level includes equity and debt securities with significant unobservable components.

# 27. 公平值體系續

# 27. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (Continued)

按公平值計量之資產及負債:

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

經常性公平值計量

Recurring fair value measurements

<b>2025年6月30日</b> 以港幣千元位列示	At 30 June 2025 HK\$'000	第1級 Level 1	第2級 Level 2	第3級 Level 3	合計 Total
內容	Descriptions				
持作交易用途的證券及 以公平值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融資產	Trading securities and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
債務證券 投資基金	Debt securities Investment funds	- 4,507	3,332,932 -	-	3,332,932 4,507
衍生金融工具 持作交易用途 持有用作對沖	Derivative financial instruments Held for trading Held for hedging	-	1,662,107 1,564,112	- -	1,662,107 1,564,112
以公平值計量且其變動計入 其他全面收益的金融資產 債務證券	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Debt securities	_	45,115,692	_	45,115,692
權益性證券	Equity securities	419		1,617,475	1,617,894
按公平值計量之資產合計	Total assets measured at fair value	4,926	51,674,843	1,617,475	53,297,244
以公平值計量且其變動計入 損益的金融負債 一持作交易用途	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading				
債務證券	Debt securities	-	2,649,362	-	2,649,362
衍生金融工具 持作交易用途 持有用作對沖	Derivative financial instruments Held for trading Held for hedging	-	1,819,065 152,770		1,819,065 152,770
按公平值計量之負債合計	Total liabilities measured at fair value	-	4,621,197		4,621,197

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 27. 公平值體系續

按公平值計量之資產及負債:續

經常性公平值計量(續)

界定為第3級別資產之金融資產為非上市實體 發行之股份。這些投資為本集團以往申請加 入由有關機構運作之國際金融通訊、跨境支 付、信用卡發行等合作協議時以提供有關銀 行服務為由購入。

非上市權益性證券以通過市場可比較的公司、股息折現模型及貼現現金流模型,或近期交易的估值方式計量。重要的不可觀察重要參數以及其在本集團非上市權益性投資的公平值計量中應用的範圍,包括可比公司的市盈率(「市盈率」)為20.41倍至44.85倍。倘所有重要的不可觀察重要參數有利地變更5%或不利地變更5%,本集團於截至2025年6月30日的全面收益將分別增加80,000,000港元(2024年12月31:78,000,000港元),及減少80,000,000港元(2024年12月31日:78,000,000港元)。

截至2025年6月30日止六個月及截至2024年12 月31日止年度,概無金融資產及負債轉入或 轉出公平值等級中的第1、第2及第3級別。賬 面值變動為重估收益/虧損。於期內並無新 增或出售。

#### 27. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (Continued)

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value: (Continued)

Recurring fair value measurements (Continued)

Financial assets classified as Level 3 assets represent investments in shares issued by unlisted entities. These investments were acquired some years ago when the Group applied to join the platforms or cooperative arrangements operated by the relevant entities in areas such as international financial messaging, cross-border payments, credit cards issuance, etc. which are essential to the provision of banking services by the Group.

The unlisted equity investments are measured using valuation techniques of market comparable companies or recent transaction. The significant unobservable inputs and their range applied in the fair values measurement of the Group's of unlisted equity investments includes price-to-earnings ratio ("PE ratio") of the comparables of 20.41x to 44.85x. As at 30 June 2025, if all of the significant unobservable inputs favourably changed and unfavourably changed by 5%, the Group's other comprehensive income would have increased by HK\$80 million (31 December 2024: HK\$78 million) and decreased by HK\$80 million (31 December 2024: HK\$78 million) respectively.

For the six months ended 30 June 2025 and for the year ended 31 December 2024, there were no transfers of financial assets and liabilities into or out of the Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 fair value hierarchy. The changes in carrying value represent the revaluation gains/losses during the period. There was no addition or disposal during the period.

# 27. 公平值體系續

# 27. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (Continued)

按公平值計量之資產及負債:續

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value: (Continued)

經常性公平值計量 續

Recurring fair value measurements (Continued)

2024年12月31日 <i>以港幣千元位列示</i>	At 31 December 2024 <i>HK\$'000</i>	第1級 Level 1	第2級 Level 2	第3級 Level 3	合計 Total
內容	Descriptions				
持作交易用途的證券及 以公平值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融資產	Trading securities and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
債務證券 投資基金	Debt securities Investment funds	- 4,272	2,006,353 -	-	2,006,353 4,272
衍生金融工具 持作交易用途	Derivative financial instruments  Held for trading	_	1,800,047	_	1,800,047
持有用作對沖	Held for hedging	-	2,283,684	-	2,283,684
以公平值計量且其變動計入 其他全面收益的金融資產	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
債務證券 權益性證券	Debt securities Equity securities _	295	43,204,104	1,604,306	43,204,104 1,604,601
按公平值計量之資產合計	Total assets measured at fair value	4,567	49,294,188	1,604,306	50,903,061
以公平值計量且其變動計入 損益的金融負債 一持作交易用途	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading				
債務證券	Debt securities	-	498,069	-	498,069
衍生金融工具 持作交易用途 持有用作對沖	Derivative financial instruments Held for trading Held for hedging	_ 	1,690,736 149,179		1,690,736 149,179
按公平值計量之負債合計	Total liabilities measured at fair value	_	2,337,984		2,337,984

# 27. 公平值體系續

未按公平值計量之金融工具:

本集團按成本或攤餘成本列賬的金融工具之 賬面值,與其於2025年6月30日及2024年12月31 日之公平值並無重大差異,除以下外:

# 27. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (Continued)

Financial instruments not measured at fair value:

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024 except as follows:

<b>2025年6月30日</b> 以港幣千元位列示	<b>At 30 June 2025</b> <i>HK\$'000</i>	賬面值 Carrying value	公平值 Fair value
<b>金融資產</b> 以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產	<b>Financial assets</b> Financial assets at amortised cost	33,622,144	33,732,257
<b>金融負債</b> 已發行的存款證 後償債務	<b>Financial liabilities</b> Certificates of deposit issued Subordinated notes	1,890,009	1,891,053 4,349,394
2024年12月31日 以港幣千元位列示	At 31 December 2024 <i>HK\$'000</i>	賬面值 Carrying value	公平值 Fair value
金融資產以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產	Financial assets Financial assets at amortised cost	35,522,368	35,599,944
金融負債 已發行的存款證 後償債務	Financial liabilities Certificates of deposit issued Subordinated notes	4,294,996 4,146,914	4,298,538 4,249,515

# 28. 扣除若干投資及固定資產之收益及虧 損前之營運溢利與經營活動現金流入/ (所用)淨額對賬表

# 截至6月30日止6個月

# 28. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE GAINS AND LOSSES ON CERTAIN INVESTMENTS AND FIXED ASSETS TO NET CASH FROM/(USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES

For the six months ended 30 June

以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	2025	2024
扣除若干投資及固定資產之收益及	Operating profit before gains and losses on		
虧損前之營運溢利	certain investments and fixed assets	1,360,439	1,147,885
淨利息收入	Net interest income	(2,776,458)	(2,538,695)
股息收益	Dividend income	(1,515)	(1,968)
信貸減值虧損	Credit impairment losses	728,082	544,007
減除回收後之貸款撇銷淨額	Advances written off net of recoveries	(316,567)	(481,272)
折舊	Depreciation	184,514	185,777
已收利息	Interest received	5,453,700	6,027,998
已付利息	Interest paid	(2,500,302)	(3,640,994)
已收股息	Dividend received	1,515	1,968
營運資產及負債變動前之營運溢利	Operating profit hefere changes in energing		
宮建貝准及貝貝愛助用之宮建渔利	Operating profit before changes in operating	2 122 400	1 244 700
	assets and liabilities	2,133,408	1,244,706
營運資產及負債之變動:	Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
一原到期日超過3個月之通知及短期存款	<ul> <li>money at call and short notice with</li> </ul>		
	an original maturity beyond three		
	months	645,216	(1,222,422)
一原到期日超過3個月之在銀行的存款	<ul> <li>placements with banks with an original</li> </ul>		
	maturity beyond three months	(1,441,083)	(3,706,795)
一持作交易用途的證券	<ul> <li>trading securities</li> </ul>	(1,924,499)	(1,265,317)
一衍生金融工具	<ul> <li>derivative financial instruments</li> </ul>	989,432	(301,809)
一以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產	<ul> <li>financial assets at fair value through</li> </ul>		
	profit or loss	(235)	2,408
一貿易票據	– trade bills	(500,700)	338,371
一客戶貸款	<ul> <li>loans and advances to customers</li> </ul>	(1,115,075)	1,675,841
一其他應收賬目	<ul> <li>other accounts receivable</li> </ul>	512,913	134,336
一以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益的	<ul> <li>financial assets at fair value through</li> </ul>		
金融資產	other comprehensive income	(1,806,400)	(3,250,818)
一以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產	<ul> <li>financial assets at amortised cost</li> </ul>	2,291,581	1,470,164
一銀行存款	<ul> <li>deposits from banks</li> </ul>	392,860	(599,489)
一持作交易用途的負債	<ul> <li>trading liabilities</li> </ul>	2,151,293	66,842
一客戶存款	<ul> <li>deposits from customers</li> </ul>	2,386,839	909,839
一發行存款證	<ul> <li>certificates of deposit issued</li> </ul>	(2,410,708)	2,180,384
一其他應付賬目及預提	<ul> <li>other accounts payable and accruals</li> </ul>	381,094	337,425
匯兌調整	Exchange adjustments	(487,893)	109,627
由經營活動流入/(所用)的現金	Cash generated from/(used in) operating		
	activities	2,198,043	(1,876,707)
支付已發行的存款證之利息	Interest paid on certificates of deposit issued	(165,683)	(57,391)
已繳香港利得稅	Hong Kong profits tax paid	(103,083)	(22,913)
已繳中國內地及澳門稅項	Mainland China and Macau tax paid	(3,649)	(1,951)
□ MM、T P图 (1) 4世/文/关   1/元/安	maintanu Ciinia anu Macau tax patu	(3,049)	(1,331)
經營活動流入/(所用) 現金淨額	Net cash from/(used in) operating activities	2,016,466	(1,958,962)

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 29. 營業分項報告

本集團根據香港財務報告準則第8號《營運業務分項》編製分項報告。向包括行政總裁及其他執行委員會成員之主要營運決策人呈報而作為資源分配及業績評估用途之資料,乃按個人銀行、企業銀行、財資及環球市場及中國內地及澳門之銀行業務分類之基礎來確定。本地銀行業務之營運表現按業務活動分析,而中國內地及澳門之銀行業務之營運表現按業務機構分析。

經考慮到本地業務之客戶群、產品及服務,經 濟環境和法規後,本集團將營運業務劃分為 下列呈報分項:

- 個人銀行業務包括接受個人客戶存款、 住宅樓宇按揭、私人貸款、透支、汽車貸 款和信用卡服務、保險業務的銷售和投 資服務。
- 企業銀行業務包括接受存款、貸款、營 運資金融資及貿易融資,其存款來源及 融資客戶主要是工商業及機構性客戶。
- 財資及環球市場業務主要包括外匯服務、中央貸存現金管理、利率風險管理、 證券投資管理及本集團整體之資金運用管理。
- 中國內地及澳門之銀行業務包括由位於 中國內地及澳門之附屬公司提供之個人 銀行和企業銀行業務及本集團於一間在 中國內地設立之商業銀行之權益。
- 其他包括未可直接歸類於其他呈報分項 之營運業績、集團投資及債務資金(包 括後償債務)。

#### 29. OPERATING SEGMENT REPORTING

Segment reporting by the Group is prepared in accordance with HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments". Information reported to the chief operating decision maker, including the Chief Executive and other Executive Committee members, for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, is determined on the basis of personal banking, corporate banking, treasury and global markets and banking businesses in Mainland China and Macau. Operating performances are analysed by business activities for local banking business, and on business entity basis for banking businesses in Mainland China and Macau.

Considering the customer groups, products and services of local businesses, the economic environment and regulations, the Group splits the operating segments of the Group into the following reportable segments:

- Personal banking business includes the acceptance of deposits from individual customers and the extension of residential mortgage lending, personal loans, overdraft, vehicle financing and credit card services, and the provision of insurance sales and investment services.
- Corporate banking business includes the acceptance of deposits from and the advance of loans and working capital finance to commercial, industrial and institutional customers, and the provision of trade financing.
- Treasury and global markets activities are mainly the provision of foreign exchange services and centralised cash management for deposit taking and lending, interest rate risk management, management of investment in securities and the overall funding of the Group.
- Mainland China and Macau banking businesses include personal banking, corporate banking business activities provided by subsidiaries in Mainland China and Macau, and the Group's interest in a commercial bank in Mainland China.
- Others include results of operations not directly identified under other reportable segments, corporate investments and debt funding (including subordinated notes).

#### 29. 營業分項報告 續

就編製分項報告而言,對可直接認明為各個別分項之源自客戶、產品及服務收入,將直接呈報於有關分項;而分項之間的資金運用及資金資源所產生的收入和資金成本,按參照市場利率之轉移價格機制分配至各分項。分項間之交易乃依據授予第三者或與第三者交易之同類條款定價。分項間之收入或支出於綜合賬內抵銷。

所有不同分項之直接開支將歸類於有關的分項分類。間接開支及支援部門開支乃依據開支性質,按耗用之時間及工作量和分項營運收入,分配至不同的分項及產品。不能合理地分配至各分項、產品及支援部門之企業活動開支,則作企業開支呈列於「其他」項下。

#### 29. OPERATING SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

For the purpose of segment reporting, revenue derived from customers, products and services directly identifiable with individual segments are reported directly under respective segments, while revenue and funding cost arising from intersegment funding operation and funding resources are allocated to segments by way of transfer pricing mechanism with reference to market interest rates. Transactions within segments are priced based on similar terms offered to or transacted with external parties. Inter-segment income or expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

All direct costs incurred by different segments are grouped under respective segments. Indirect costs and support functions' costs are allocated to various segments and products based on effort and time spent as well as segments' operating income depending on the nature of costs incurred. Costs related to corporate activities that cannot be reasonably allocated to segments, products and support functions are grouped under Others as unallocated corporate expenses.

# 29. 營業分項報告 續

# 29. OPERATING SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

截至2025年6月30日止6個月

# For the six months ended 30 June 2025

以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	個人銀行 Personal Banking	企業銀行 Corporate Banking	財資及環球 市場業務 Treasury and Global Markets	中國內地及 澳門之銀行 Mainland China and Macau Banking	其他 Others	跨分項 Inter- segment	總計 Total
淨利息收入/(支出) 非利息收入/(支出)	Net interest income/(expenses) Non-interest income/(expenses)	1,173,142 665,481	536,262 106,143	966,513 128,035	200,504	(99,938) 13,686	(25) (1,675)	2,776,458 1,019,138
營運收入/(支出) 營運支出	Total operating income/(expenses) Operating expenses	1,838,623 (987,890)	642,405 (272,299)	1,094,548 (160,029)	307,972 (284,590)	(86,252) (3,967)	(1,700) 1,700	3,795,596 (1,707,075)
扣除信貸減值虧損 前之營運溢利/(虧損) 信貸減值虧損	Operating profit/(loss) before credit impairment losses Credit impairment losses	850,733 (269,959)	370,106 (307,300)	934,519 (30,143)	23,382 (118,659)	(90,219) (2,021)		2,088,521 (728,082)
扣除若干投資及固定資產之 收益及虧損前之 營運溢利/(虧損) 出售其他固定資產之淨	Operating profit/(loss) before gains and losses on certain investments and fixed assets Net loss on disposal of other fixed assets	580,774	62,806	904,376	(95,277)	(92,240)	-	1,360,439
虧損 應佔聯營公司之業績 應佔共同控制實體之業績	Share of results of an associate Share of results of jointly controlled entities	(33) - 	(3)	- - -	(2) 442,756 	(2) - 15,902		(40) 442,756 15,902
除稅前溢利/(虧損) 稅項(支出)/回撥	Profit/(loss) before taxation Taxation (expenses)/credit	580,741 (95,865)	62,803 (10,040)	904,376 (149,046)	347,477 12,582	(76,340) 2,162		1,819,057 (240,207)
期間溢利/(虧損) 截至2025年6月30日止6個月	Profit/(loss) for the period  For the six months ended 30 June 2025	484,876	52,763	755,330	360,059	(74,178)		1,578,850
折舊及攤銷費用	Depreciation and amortisation	47,366	12,422	11,016	30,866	82,844	-	184,514
於2025年6月30日 分項資產 分項負債	As at 30 June 2025 Segment assets Segment liabilities	59,511,245 127,783,364	62,904,785 46,141,616	99,209,335 14,809,395	38,054,422 30,429,973	8,022,663 13,397,519	(7,018,645) (7,018,645)	260,683,805 225,543,222

# 29. 營業分項報告 續

# 29. OPERATING SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

截至2024年6月30日止6個月

For the six months ended 30 June 2024

		個人銀行 Personal	企業銀行 Corporate	財資及環球 市場業務 Treasury and Global	中國內地及 澳門之銀行 Mainland China and Macau	其他	跨分項 Inter-	線の記され
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	Banking	Banking	Markets	Banking	Others	segment	Total
淨利息收入/(支出)	Net interest income/(expenses)	1,094,468	582,205	650,687	230,318	(18,960)	(23)	2,538,695
非利息收入/(支出)	Non-interest income/(expenses)	531,816	103,928	21,032	83,682	9,331	(1,727)	748,062
MANUTE AND								
營運收入/(支出)	Total operating income/(expenses)	1,626,284	686,133	671,719	314,000	(9,629)	(1,750)	3,286,757
營運支出	Operating expenses	(927,592)	(269,760)	(128,918)	(265,550)	(4,795)	1,750	(1,594,865)
扣除信貸減值 (虧損) /回撥	Operating profit/(loss) before credit impairment							
前之營運溢利/(虧損)	(losses)/write-back	698,692	416,373	542,801	48,450	(14,424)	_	1,691,892
信貸減值(虧損)/回撥	Credit impairment (losses)/write-back	(236,258)	(277,530)	1,528	(29,638)	(2,109)	-	(544,007)
扣除若干投資及固定資產之 收益及虧損前之營運	Operating profit/(loss) before gains and losses on certain investments and fixed assets							
溢利/(虧損) 出售其他固定資產之	Not sain //leas) and discount of other fixed accepts	462,434	138,843	544,329	18,812	(16,533)	-	1,147,885
田告共刊回た貝性之 淨收益/(虧損)	Net gain/(loss) on disposal of other fixed assets	3	_	_	1	(126)	_	(122)
應佔聯營公司之業績	Share of results of an associate	-	_	_	430,479	(120)	_	430,479
聯營公司投資之減值虧損	Impairment loss on investment in an associate	-	-	-	(15,715)	-	-	(15,715)
視同出售聯營公司投資之虧損	Loss on deemed disposal of investment							
	in an associate	-	-	-	(1)	-	-	(1)
應佔共同控制實體之業績	Share of results of jointly controlled entities					17,395		17,395
P.A.イハンよい/ イル	- 60 6							
除稅前溢利 稅項 (支出) /回撥	Profit before taxation	462,437	138,843	544,329	433,576	736	-	1,579,921
优块(又山// 凹撥	Taxation (expenses)/credit	(76,483)	(22,596)	(89,859)	(11,870)	16,961		(183,847)
期間溢利	Profit for the period	385,954	116,247	454,470	421,706	17,697		1,396,074
截至2024年6月30日止6個月 折舊及攤銷費用	For the six months ended 30 June 2024	42 260	11 602	7 272	20 250	04.006		105 777
川盲以無明貝川	Depreciation and amortisation	43,368	11,692	7,372	28,359	94,986	-	185,777
於2024年12月31日	As at 31 December 2024							
分項資產	Segment assets	58,312,678	62,988,717	95,826,338	38,409,112	7,669,877	(6,867,641)	256,339,081
分項負債	Segment liabilities	124,424,645	43,963,904	13,363,260	31,188,034	16,443,507	(6,867,641)	222,515,709

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 29. 營業分項報告 續

源自外部客戶之收益乃來自位於香港、澳門及中國之銀行附屬公司所提供之主要產品與服務,包括接受存款、信貸融資、資產融資、證券投資等。

下表提供按區域歸類之資料,區域乃根據本集團向外部客戶提供服務、與其商業交易及建立關係的法定機構之所在地而確認。

# 29. OPERATING SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

Revenues from external customers were contributed from banking subsidiaries in Hong Kong, Macau and People's Republic of China, with major products and services including deposit taking, extension of credit, asset-based finance, securities investment services offered to customers.

The following tables provide information by geographical area, which was determined with reference to the domicile of the legal entities within the Group with business dealing and relationship with, and services to external customers.

以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	香港及其他 Hong Kong and others	澳門 Macau	跨分項抵銷 Inter-segment elimination	總計 Total
截至2025年6月30日止6個月	For the six months ended 30 June 2025				
營運收入	Operating income	3,616,656	180,141	(1,201)	3,795,596
除稅前溢利	Profit before taxation	1,845,870	(26,812)	(1)	1,819,057
於2025年6月30日	As at 30 June 2025				
資產合計	Total assets	240,648,332	24,423,445	(4,387,972)	260,683,805
負債合計	Total liabilities	209,033,562	20,897,632	(4,387,972)	225,543,222
無形資產及商譽	Intangible assets and goodwill	231,891	551,275	-	783,166
或然負債及承擔	Contingent liabilities and				
	commitments	65,059,722	2,558,507	(108,774)	67,509,455
		香港及其他		跨分項抵銷	
		Hong Kong	澳門	Inter-segment	總計
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	and others	Macau	elimination	Total
截至2024年6月30日止6個月	For the six months ended 30 June 2024				
營運收入	Operating income	3,099,933	188,040	(1,216)	3,286,757
除稅前溢利	Profit before taxation	1,536,940	42,981	_	1,579,921
於2024年12月31日	As at 31 December 2024				
資產合計	Total assets	235,387,376	25,540,383	(4,588,678)	256,339,081
負債合計	Total liabilities	204,943,152	22,161,235	(4,588,678)	222,515,709
無形資產及商譽	Intangible assets and goodwill	231,891	551,275	_	783,166
或然負債及承擔	Contingent liabilities and				
	commitments	62,916,672	2,547,143	(101,294)	65,362,521

# 30. 外匯風險

下列為本集團在2024年6月30日之美元和其他個別貨幣之外匯淨額(有關之外匯淨額超逾所有外匯淨額10%),及其相應之比較額。

於2025年6月30日及2024年12月31日,本集團並 無任何結構性外幣持盤淨額。期權倉淨額乃 根據所有外匯期權合約之得爾塔加權持倉為 基礎計算。

# **30. CURRENCY CONCENTRATIONS**

The following sets out the net foreign exchange position in USD and other individual currency that constitutes more than 10% of the total net position in all foreign currencies as at 30 June 2025 and the corresponding comparative balances.

The Group did not have any structural foreign exchange position as at 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024. The net position is calculated in the basis of the delta-weighted position of all foreign currency option contracts.

							長/(短)
						期權淨額	盤淨額
		現貨資產	現貨負債	遠期買入	遠期賣出	Net	Net long/
2025年6月30日	At 30 June 2025	Spot	Spot	Forward	Forward	options	(short)
相等於百萬港元	Equivalent in HK\$ millions	assets	liabilities	purchases	sales	position	position
美元	US dollars	89,816	(66,121)	196,314	(219,049)	645	1,605
日圓	Japanese yen	1,168	(1,911)	2,825	(2,060)	(2)	20
歐元	Euro	1,137	(1,813)	3,152	(2,488)	(343)	(355)
人民幣	Renminbi	16,792	(16,538)	49,481	(49,674)	(204)	(143)
加拿大元	Canadian dollars	530	(726)	1,139	(1,015)	_	(72)
瑞士法郎	Swiss francs	5,833	(1,900)	887	(4,880)	15	(45)
澳元	Australian dollars	2,371	(3,007)	2,326	(1,650)	1	41
新西蘭元	New Zealand dollars	425	(1,166)	1,769	(1,005)	1	24
澳門幣	Macau pataca	8,800	(9,698)	<u>-</u>	_	-	(898)
其他外幣	Other foreign currencies	682	(1,123)	2,045	(1,594)	_	10
7 (10) 1 (1)	other foreign currences	002	(1,123)	2,043	(1,007)		
2 (10) / (10)	other foreign currences				(1,334)		
外幣合計	, and the second					113	187
, <u>.</u>	Total foreign currencies	127,554	(104,003)	259,938	(283,415)	113	
, <u>.</u>	, and the second					113	187
, <u>.</u>	, and the second						長/(短)
, <u>.</u>	, and the second	127,554	(104,003)	259,938	(283,415)	期權淨額	<b>187</b> 長/(短) 盤淨額
外幣合計	Total foreign currencies	127,554	(104,003)	<b>259,938</b> 遠期買入	(283,415)	期權淨額 Net	<b>187</b> 長/(短) 盤淨額 Net long/
外幣合計 2024年12月31日	Total foreign currencies  At 31 December 2024	<b>127,554</b> 現貨資產 Spot	<b>(104,003)</b> 現貨負債 Spot	<b>259,938</b> 遠期買入 Forward	(283,415) 遠期賣出 Forward	期權淨額 Net options	長/(短) 盤淨額 Net long/ (short)
外幣合計	Total foreign currencies	127,554	(104,003)	<b>259,938</b> 遠期買入	(283,415)	期權淨額 Net	<b>187</b> 長/(短) 盤淨額 Net long/
外幣合計 2024年12月31日 相等於百萬港元	Total foreign currencies  At 31 December 2024  Equivalent in HK\$ millions	<b>127,554</b> 現貨資產 Spot assets	(104,003) 現貨負債 Spot liabilities	<b>259,938</b> 遠期買入 Forward purchases	(283,415) 遠期賣出 Forward sales	期權淨額 Net options position	長/(短) 盤淨額 Net long/ (short) position
外幣合計 2024年12月31日 <i>相等於百萬港元</i> 美元	Total foreign currencies  At 31 December 2024  Equivalent in HK\$ millions  US dollars	<b>127,554</b> 現貨資產 Spot assets 86,544	(104,003) 現貨負債 Spot liabilities	<b>259,938</b> 遠期買入 Forward purchases	(283,415) 遠期賣出 Forward sales	期權淨額 Net options position (1,323)	長/(短) 盤淨額 Net long/ (short) position
外幣合計  2024年12月31日  相等於百萬港元  美元 人民幣	Total foreign currencies  At 31 December 2024  Equivalent in HK\$ millions  US dollars  Renminbi	現貨資產 Spot assets 86,544 16,024	現貨負債 Spot liabilities (62,076) (15,871)	<b>259,938</b> 遠期買入 Forward purchases	(283,415) 遠期賣出 Forward sales	期權淨額 Net options position	長/(短) 盤淨額 Net long/ (short) position 2,238 (203)
外幣合計  2024年12月31日  相等於百萬港元  美元 人民幣 澳門幣	At 31 December 2024  Equivalent in HK\$ millions  US dollars  Renminbi  Macau pataca	現貨資產 Spot assets 86,544 16,024 9,382	現貨負債 Spot liabilities (62,076) (15,871) (10,013)	速期買入 Forward purchases 219,156 61,169	(283,415) 遠期賣出 Forward sales (240,063) (63,041)	期權淨額 Net options position (1,323) 1,516	長/(短) 盤淨額 Net long/ (short) position 2,238 (203) (631)
外幣合計  2024年12月31日  相等於百萬港元  美元 人民幣	Total foreign currencies  At 31 December 2024  Equivalent in HK\$ millions  US dollars  Renminbi	現貨資產 Spot assets 86,544 16,024	現貨負債 Spot liabilities (62,076) (15,871)	<b>259,938</b> 遠期買入 Forward purchases	(283,415) 遠期賣出 Forward sales (240,063) (63,041)	期權淨額 Net options position (1,323)	長/(短) 盤淨額 Net long/ (short) position 2,238 (203)
外幣合計  2024年12月31日 <i>相等於百萬港元</i> 美元  人民幣  澳門幣  其他外幣	At 31 December 2024  Equivalent in HK\$ millions  US dollars  Renminbi  Macau pataca	現貨資產 Spot assets 86,544 16,024 9,382	現貨負債 Spot liabilities (62,076) (15,871) (10,013)	速期買入 Forward purchases 219,156 61,169	(283,415) 遠期賣出 Forward sales (240,063) (63,041)	期權淨額 Net options position (1,323) 1,516	長/(短) 盤淨額 Net long/ (short) position 2,238 (203) (631)
外幣合計  2024年12月31日  相等於百萬港元  美元 人民幣 澳門幣	At 31 December 2024  Equivalent in HK\$ millions  US dollars  Renminbi  Macau pataca	現貨資產 Spot assets 86,544 16,024 9,382	現貨負債 Spot liabilities (62,076) (15,871) (10,013)	速期買入 Forward purchases 219,156 61,169	(283,415) 遠期賣出 Forward sales (240,063) (63,041)	期權淨額 Net options position (1,323) 1,516	長/(短) 盤淨額 Net long/ (short) position 2,238 (203) (631)

# 31. 債權及餘額之額外分析

(甲) 按行業分類之客戶貸款及墊款總額(以貸款用途分類及以受抵押品保障的百分比分析)

# 31. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS ON CLAIMS AND EXPOSURES

(a) Gross loans and advances to customers by industry sector classified according to the usage of loans and analysed by percentage covered by collateral

		2025年6 As at 30 .		2024年1 As at 31 I	
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	未償還結餘 Outstanding balance	貸款及墊款 總額受抵 押品保障 之百分比 % of gross loans and advances covered by collateral	未償還結餘 Outstanding balance	貸款及墊款 總額受抵 押品保障 之百分比 % of gross loans and advances covered by collateral
	7.11.000		Dy conditional	Datarice	by condicion
在香港使用的貸款 工商金融 一物業發展	Loans for use in Hong Kong  Industrial, commercial and financial  – Property development	6,905,674	55.2	6,425,975	60.6
一物業投資	– Property investment	21,251,655	92.2	23,066,021	91.0
一金融企業	– Financial concerns	6,514,697	2.8	5,154,554	4.8
一股票經紀 一批發與零售業	<ul><li>Stockbrokers</li><li>Wholesale and retail trade</li></ul>	977,651 4,205,252	42.7 81.1	1,441,956 4,298,542	62.8 82.6
一製造業	- Manufacturing	1,246,409	59.4	1,400,285	63.2
-運輸及運輸設備	Transport and transport equipment	2,451,915	75.6	2,883,028	77.0
一康樂活動	– Recreational activities	17,306	74.6	48,882	94.3
一資訊科技	– Information technology	51,761	49.5	48,392	43.1
一其他	– Others	4,891,883	70.1	5,665,507	67.4
		48,514,203	69.0	50,433,142	72.5
個人 一購買「居者有其屋計劃」、 「私人參建居屋計劃」及 「租者置其屋計劃」樓宇 貸款	Individuals  - Loans for the purchase of flats in Home Ownership Scheme, Private Sector Participation Scheme and Tenants Purchase				
-購買其他住宅物業貸款	Scheme  – Loans for the purchase of other	408,392	98.6	414,186	98.5
	residential properties	33,052,943	99.7	33,561,360	99.8
一信用卡貸款	<ul> <li>Credit card advances</li> </ul>	3,589,425	-	3,645,014	_
一其他	– Others	15,827,024	59.1	13,998,682	53.7
		52,877,784	80.8	51,619,242	80.2
在香港使用的貸款	Loans for use in Hong Kong	101,391,987	75.1	102,052,384	76.4
貿易融資(註(1))	Trade finance (Note (1))	4,596,225	65.5	4,902,455	65.7
在香港以外使用的貸款(註(2))	Loans for use outside Hong Kong (Note (2))	33,501,148	57.1	31,419,446	58.5
		139,489,360	70.5	138,374,285	72.0

# 31. 債權及餘額之額外分析續

(甲)按行業分類之客戶貸款及墊款總額(以貸款用途分類及以受抵押品保障的百分比分析)

#### 註:

- (1) 上述列示之貿易融資為參考香港金管局發出 之相關指引而分類為香港進口、出口和轉口的 融資,以及商品貿易融資等之貸款。
- (2) 「在香港以外使用的貸款」包括授予香港客戶但 在香港以外使用之貸款。

# 31. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS ON CLAIMS AND EXPOSURES (Continued)

(a) Gross loans and advances to customers by industry sector classified according to the usage of loans and analysed by percentage covered by collateral (Continued)

#### Note:

- (1) Trade finance shown above represents loans covering finance of imports to Hong Kong, exports and re-exports from Hong Kong and merchandising trade classified with reference to the relevant guidelines issued by the HKMA.
- (2) Loans for use outside Hong Kong include loans extended to customers located in Hong Kong with the finance used outside Hong Kong.

# 31. 債權及餘額之額外分析續

# (甲) 按行業分類之客戶貸款及墊款總額(以貸款用途分類及以受抵押品保障的百分比分析) (續)

上述分析中各構成客戶貸款及墊款總額10% 或以上的行業,其應佔減值貸款額、逾期貸款 額、階段3、及階段1及階段2減值準備如下:

# 31. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS ON CLAIMS AND EXPOSURES (Continued)

# (a) Gross loans and advances to customers by industry sector classified according to the usage of loans and analysed by percentage covered by collateral (Continued)

For each industry sector reported above with loan balance constituting 10% or more of the total balance of loans and advances to customers, the attributable amount of impaired loans, overdue loans, Stage 3, and Stage 1 and Stage 2 impairment allowances are as follows:

<b>2025年6月30日</b> 以港幣千元位列示	<b>As at 30 June 2025</b> <i>HK\$</i> '000	未償還結餘 Outstanding balance	減值貸款 (階段3) Impaired loans (Stage 3)	貸款及墊款總額 逾期未償還 超過3個月 Gross loans and advances overdue for over 3 months	階段3 減值準備 Stage 3 impairment allowances	階段1及 階段2 減值準備 Stage 1 and Stage 2 impairment allowances
在香港使用的貸款	Loans for use in Hong Kong					
工商金融 一物業投資	Industrial, commercial and financial – Property investment	21,251,655	2,033,050	2,058,246	451,795	96,154
個人 一購買其他住宅 物業貸款 一其他	Individuals  - Loans for the purchase of other residential properties  - Others	33,052,943 15,827,024	305,609 281,928	274,354 30,889	79,638 135,812	21,885 254,168
在香港以外使用的 貸款	Loans for use outside Hong Kong	33,501,148	666,879	666,835	149,387	214,969
2024年12月31日 以港幣千元位列示	As at 31 December 2024 <i>HK\$</i> '000	未償還結餘 Outstanding balance	減值貸款 (階段3) Impaired Ioans (Stage 3)	貸款及墊款總額 逾期未償還 超過3個月 Gross loans and advances overdue for over 3 months	階段3 減值準備 Stage 3 impairment allowances	階段1及 階段2 減值準備 Stage 1 and Stage 2 impairment allowances
在香港使用的貸款	Loans for use in Hong Kong					
工商金融	Industrial assessment and financial					
一物業投資	Industrial, commercial and financial – Property investment	23,066,021	2,070,468	1,861,213	229,563	93,597
一物業投資 個人 一購買其他住宅 物業貸款		23,066,021	2,070,468	1,861,213 257,041	229,563 83,063	93,597 21,261

# 31. 債權及餘額之額外分析續

# (乙) 對中國大陸業務的餘額

根據香港金管局《銀行業(披露)規則》,以下對內地活動的餘額之分析乃參照香港金管局對內地活動申報表中所列之非銀行類交易對手類別及直接貸款總額種類以分類,其中只包括大新銀行及其內地銀行附屬公司授予之中國大陸業務的餘額。

# 31. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS ON CLAIMS AND EXPOSURES (Continued)

# (b) Mainland activities exposures

The analysis of Mainland activities exposures is based on the categories of non-bank counterparties and the type of direct exposures defined by the HKMA under the Banking (Disclosure) Rules with reference to the HKMA Return of Mainland Activities, which includes the Mainland activities exposures extended by DSB and its Mainland subsidiary bank only.

		資產負債表內 的餘額	資產負債表外	/ 최소스 호프
2025年6月30日	As at 30 June 2025	Dyshtel On-balance	的餘額 Off-balance	總餘額 Total
以港幣千元位列示	HKS'000	sheet exposure		exposures
5/2·6 1 76位29/11	TIM OUD	sileet exposure	Silect exposure	exposures
1. 中央政府、中央政府擁有的 機構及其附屬公司和合營 公司(「合營公司」)	Central government, central government-owned     entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures ("JV"s)	5,124,421	81,599	5,206,020
2. 地方政府、地方政府擁有的 機構及其附屬公司和	2. Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	-,,	<b>,</b>	2,223,023
合營公司 3. 居住在中國內地之國民或在	3. PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or	992,575	26,730	1,019,305
中國內地成立的其他機構及 其附屬公司和合營公司 4. 未有在上述第一項呈報之	other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs 4. Other entities of central government not	8,417,138	976,904	9,394,042
中央政府的其他機構 5. 未有在上述第二項呈報之	reported in item 1 above  5. Other entities of local governments not	3,842,294	152,875	3,995,169
地方政府的其他機構	reported in item 2 above	515,911	-	515,911
6. 居住在中國內地以外之國民 或在中國內地以外成立的 機構,而涉及的貸款於中國 內地使用	<ol> <li>PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credits are granted for use in Mainland China</li> </ol>	8,724,147	828,903	9,553,050
7. 其他交易對手,其餘額被視作對中國內地非銀行類	7. Other counterparties where the exposures are considered to be non-bank Mainland China exposures			
客戶的餘額		544,672	2,448	547,120
		28,161,158	2,069,459	30,230,617
大新銀行及其內地銀行附屬 公司之扣除撥備後之資產合計	Total assets of DSB and its Mainland subsidiary bank after provision	244,522,613		
資產負債表內的餘額佔資產 合計百分比	On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	11.52%		

註:

Note:

上述呈報餘額包括客戶貸款及墊款總額及其他對客戶索償之金額。

The balances of exposures reported above include gross loans and advances and other balances of claims on the customers.

# 31. 債權及餘額之額外分析 續

# 31. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS ON CLAIMS AND EXPOSURES

(Continued)

# (乙) 對中國大陸業務的餘額 (續)

# (b) Mainland activities exposures (Continued)

		資產負債表內	資產負債表外	
		的餘額	的餘額	總餘額
2024年12月31日	As at 31 December 2024	On-balance	Off-balance	Total
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	sheet exposure	sheet exposure	exposures
1. 中央政府、中央政府擁有的	1. Central government, central government-owned			
機構及其附屬公司和	entities and their subsidiaries and JVs			
合營公司		5,198,753	-	5,198,753
2. 地方政府、地方政府擁有的	2. Local governments, local government-owned			
機構及其附屬公司和	entities and their subsidiaries and JVs			
合營公司		1,170,713	367,215	1,537,928
3. 居住在中國內地之國民或在	3. PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other			
中國內地成立的其他機構及	entities incorporated in Mainland China and their			
其附屬公司和合營公司	subsidiaries and JVs	7,657,826	559,311	8,217,137
4. 未有在上述第一項呈報之	4. Other entities of central government not reported			
中央政府的其他機構	in item 1 above	4,128,734	57,523	4,186,257
5. 未有在上述第二項呈報之	5. Other entities of local governments not reported			
地方政府的其他機構	in item 2 above	857,213	_	857,213
6. 居住在中國內地以外之國民	6. PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or			
或在中國內地以外成立的	entities incorporated outside Mainland China			
機構,而涉及的貸款於 中國內地使用	where the credits are granted for use in Mainland China	0.720.007	425 400	0.174.205
7. 其他交易對手,其餘額被	7 Ohlan assurbana dia subana dha assura assaraidana d	8,738,887	435,408	9,174,295
7. 兵心父易到于 <sup>7</sup> 兵脉破板 視作對中國內地非銀行類	7. Other counterparties where the exposures are considered			
祝厅到中國內地升級17類 客戶的餘額	to be non-bank Mainland China exposures	462,266	1 677	463,943
合尸的际积		462,266	1,677	463,943
		28,214,392	1,421,134	29,635,526
大新銀行及其內地銀行附屬	Total assets of DSB and its Mainland subsidiary bank after			
公司之扣除撥備後之資產合計	provision	238,964,613		
資產負債表內的餘額佔資產	On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets			
合計百分比		11.81%		

# 31. 債權及餘額之額外分析 續

# (丙) 按區域分析之客戶貸款及墊款總額及逾 期貸款

客戶貸款及墊款之區域分析乃根據已考慮風險轉移後之交易對手所在地分類。一般而言,當貸款的擔保方位處與交易對手不同之區域時,風險將被轉移。

下表為客戶貸款及墊款總額、減值客戶貸款 及墊款(階段3)、逾期客戶貸款及墊款、階段 3、及階段1及階段2減值準備按區域分析。

# 31. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS ON CLAIMS AND EXPOSURES (Continued)

# (c) Analysis of gross loans and advances to customers and overdue loans by geographical area

Loans and advances to customers by geographical area are classified according to the location of the counterparties after taking into account the transfer of risk. In general, risk transfer applies when an advance is guaranteed by a party located in an area which is different from that of the counterparty.

The following table analyses gross loans and advances to customers, impaired loans and advances to customers (Stage 3), overdue loans and advances to customers, Stage 3, and Stage 1 and Stage 2 impairment allowances by geographical area.

			減值客戶			階段1及
		客戶貸款及	貸款及墊款 (階段3)	逾期客戶	階段3	階段2 減值準備
		サイス	(P自 F又 3 / Impaired loans	型别各户 貸款及墊款	減值準備	《则且华阴 Stage 1 and
		至水廠額 Gross loans and	and advances	貝林及至林 Overdue loans	/	Stage 1 and Stage 2
2025年6月30日	As at 30 June 2025	advances	to customers	and advances	impairment	impairment
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	to customers	(Stage 3)	to customers	allowances	allowances
200111 T 701127 17 T	1114,000	to tustomers	(omge o)	to customers	attoriaries	anorrances
香港	Hong Kong	107,664,128	3,949,982	3,687,313	1,047,322	558,576
中國內地	Mainland China	15,654,204	184,684	183,129	55,056	92,387
澳門	Macau	13,251,567	215,338	215,338	56,542	93,505
其他	Others	2,919,461	-	2,750	-	13,709
		139,489,360	4,350,004	4,088,530	1,158,920	758,177
			減值客戶			階段1及
			貸款及墊款			階段2
		客戶貸款及	(階段3)	逾期客戶	階段3	減值準備
		墊款總額	Impaired loans	貸款及墊款	減值準備	Stage 1 and
		Gross loans	and advances	Overdue loans	Stage 3	Stage 2
2024年12月31日	As at 31 December 2024	and advances	to customers	and advances	impairment	impairment
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	to customers	(Stage 3)	to customers	allowances	allowances
香港	Hong Kong	108,718,160	4,018,261	3,391,470	753,706	537,887
中國內地	Mainland China	13,729,341	221,449	219,787	69,748	73,190
澳門	Macau	13,527,103	197,973	197,973	49,535	35,765
其他	Others	2,399,681				12,514
		138,374,285	4,437,683	3,809,230	872,989	659,356

# 31. 債權及餘額之額外分析 續

# (丁) 國際債權

國際債權資料是在考慮風險的轉移後,根據交易對手的所在地而披露對外地交易對手最終面對的風險。一般而言,若交易對手的債權是由在不同國家的另一方擔保,或履行債權是一間銀行的海外分行,而其總部是處於不同的國家,才會確認風險由一國家轉移至另一國家。經計及任何認可之風險轉移後,只有構成國際債權總額10%或以上之區域方作出披露。

# 31. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS ON CLAIMS AND EXPOSURES (Continued)

# (d) International claims

The information of international claims discloses exposures to foreign counterparties on which the ultimate risk lies, and is derived according to the location of the counterparties after taking into account any transfer of risk. In general, transfer of risk from one country to another is recognised if the claims against a counterparty are guaranteed by another party in a different country or if the claims are on an overseas branch of a bank whose head office is located in a different country. Only regions constituting 10% or more of the aggregate international claims after taking into account any recognised risk transfer are disclosed.

				非銀行和			
			_	Non-bank p	Non-bank private sector		
				非銀行			
				金融機構	非金融		
			官方機構	Non-bank	私人機構		
2025年6月30日	At 30 June 2025	銀行	Official	financial	Non-financial	債權總額	
百萬港元	In millions of HK\$	Banks	sector	institutions	private sector	Total claims	
離岸中心	Offshore centres	5,785	10,469	7,710	144,463	168,427	
-其中:香港	– of which: Hong Kong	3,697	9,680	7,171	128,715	149,263	
發展中亞太區	Developing Asia and Pacific	28,702	1,454	5,162	22,886	58,204	
-其中:中國內地	– of which: Mainland China	18,608	992	5,162	17,011	41,773	
				非銀行和	4人機構		
					公人機構 rivate sector		
			-	Non-bank p			
			-	Non-bank p 非銀行			
			官方機構	Non-bank p	rivate sector		
2024年12月31日	At 31 December 2024	銀行	官方機構 Official	Non-bank p 非銀行 金融機構	rivate sector 非金融	債權總額	
2024年12月31日 百萬港元	At 31 December 2024 In millions of HK\$	銀行 Banks		Non-bank p 非銀行 金融機構 Non-bank	rivate sector 非金融 私人機構	債權總額 Total claims	
			Official	Non-bank p 非銀行 金融機構 Non-bank financial	非金融 私人機構 Non-financial	15 ( 1 1	
			Official	Non-bank p 非銀行 金融機構 Non-bank financial	非金融 私人機構 Non-financial	15 ( 1 1	
百萬港元	In millions of HK\$	Banks	Official sector	Non-bank p 非銀行 金融機構 Non-bank financial institutions	非金融 私人機構 Non-financial private sector	Total claims	
<i>百萬港元</i> 離岸中心	In millions of HK\$  Offshore centres	Banks 2,460	Official sector	Non-bank p 非銀行 金融機構 Non-bank financial institutions	非金融 私人機構 Non-financial private sector	Total claims	
<i>百萬港元</i> 離岸中心	In millions of HK\$  Offshore centres	Banks 2,460	Official sector	Non-bank p 非銀行 金融機構 Non-bank financial institutions	非金融 私人機構 Non-financial private sector	Total claims	

# 32. 有關連人士之交易

(甲) 本集團與有關連人士包括本集團之控股公司、同系附屬公司、控股公司股東或董事直接或間接控制或具有重大影響力之公司進行多項持續關連交易。

全部持續有關連之交易乃根據本集團之 正常業務、有關協議、一般商業條款及慣 例,按公平且合理及符合本公司股東整 體利益進行。

- (乙) 本公司及本集團全資附屬公司於期內與 控股公司及同系附屬公司簽訂之持續關 連交易(定義見香港交易所證券上市規 則(「上市規則」)第14A.31段)收到及產生 之收入及支出。該等交易之總值未超逾 或符合根據上市規則第14A.53段及14A.54 段,適用於本集團之年度上限。
- (丙) 本集團向本集團的主要管理人員、其近親及其或彼等近親所控制之企業提供信貸服務及收取存款。於2025年上半年期間,此等信貸及存款之結餘與2024年12月31日比較並無重大改變。
- (丁) 本公司主要管理人員為執行董事,截至 2025年6月30日止6個月,彼等報酬之條款 無重大改變。

#### 32. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) The Group enters into various continuing connected transactions with related parties including the holding company, fellow subsidiaries of the Group, companies directly or indirectly controlled or significantly influenced by the shareholders or directors of the holding company.

All continuing connected transactions were conducted in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group, on normal commercial terms, and in accordance with the relevant agreements on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

- (b) The Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries within the Group received and incurred income and expense from the continuing connected transactions (within the definition of Rule 14A.31 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The SEHK (the "Listing Rules")) entered into with the holding company and fellow subsidiaries during the period. The aggregate values of these transactions are within or consistent with the respective annual caps applicable to the Group pursuant to Rules 14A.53 and 14A.54 of the Listing Rules.
- (c) The Group provides credit facilities to, and takes deposits from, the Group's key management personnel, their close family members and entities controlled by them. During the first half of 2025, there were no significant changes in the balances of these credit facilities and deposits compared to the positions at 31 December 2024.
- (d) Key management personnel of the Company are executive directors and there were no significant changes to their remuneration terms in the six months ended 30 June 2025.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 33. 風險管理

本集團明瞭各類風險會不停蛻變的特性並透過完善的管理架構作有效管理。

風險管理專注於信貸風險、市場風險、利率風險、流動資金風險、操作風險、聲譽風險及策略性風險。信貸風險之產生主要源於本集團之信貸組合,其中包括企業和零售借貸、機械和租購融資及財資和金融機構的批發借貸及財資投資。

大部份的市場風險乃源於財資及環球市場部 (「財資部」),主要與本集團資產負債表內 及資產負債表外之買賣交易及其證券投資有 關。

利率風險指因利率的不利變動而引致本集團 的財政狀況面臨的風險。

流動資金風險乃指本集團未能在不衍生不可接受損失的情況下為新增的資產融資或就到期之金融負債履行付款責任。

操作風險乃因內部程序、員工及系統之不足 與疏忽或外來的事件而產生之直接或間接虧 損之風險。

聲譽風險是指由於本集團之商業慣例、營運 誤差或營運表現而可能帶來之負面宣傳風 險。這些負面因素不論是否屬實,均可能令 客戶產生憂慮或負面看法,削弱客戶基礎及 市場佔有率或導致耗費龐大之訴訟或減少收 入。

策略性風險泛指由於差劣之策略性決定、不可接受之財務表現、策略施行上失當以及對於市場轉變欠缺有效應變而可能對集團財務及市場狀況有即時或日後重大負面影響之企業風險。

#### **33. RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Group recognises the changing nature of risk and manages it through a well-developed management structure.

Risk management is focused on credit risk, market risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, operational risk, reputation risk and strategic risk. Credit risk occurs mainly in the Group's credit portfolios comprising corporate and retail lending, equipment and hire purchase financing, and treasury and financial institutions wholesale lending and treasury investment.

Market risk arises mainly from Treasury & Global Markets Division ("TRD") and is associated principally with the Group's on- and off-balance sheet positions in the trading book and its investment securities.

Interest rate risk means the risk to the Group's financial condition resulting from adverse movements in interest rates.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to fund increases in assets or meet its payment obligations associated with its financial liabilities when they fall due without incurring unacceptable losses.

Operational risk is the risk of loss (direct or indirect) resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events.

Reputation risk is the risk arising from the potential that negative publicity regarding the Group's business practices, operational errors or operating performance, whether true or not, could cause customer concerns or negative view, decline in the customer base or market share, or lead to costly litigation or revenue reductions.

Strategic risk generally refers to the corporate risk that may bring significant immediate or future negative impact on the financial and market positions of the Group because of poor strategic decisions, unacceptable financial performance, and inappropriate implementation of strategies and lack of effective response to the market changes.

# 33. 風險管理(續

其他方面之風險管理詳述如下。

# (甲) 集團風險管理架構

董事會對所有類別的風險管理負上整體的責任。關於風險控制方面,董事會的責任包括:

- 批准整體的策略及政策以確保能在交易 及組合層面適當地管理信貸及其他風 險;
- 財務和非財務方面的風險管理,透過 營運和行政控制,包括集團審核委員會 (「審核委員會」)的操作;業績檢討(比 對預測)、營運統計和政策問題作出監 控;及
- 比對已審閱的預算及分析主要非財務指標的變化以檢討業績。

風險管理及合規委員會(「風險管理及合規委員會」)被委任監察及領導由集團風險部(「集團風險部」)和各功能委員會主導管理及處理的不同類型風險。

#### (乙) 集團風險部

本集團的獨立風險部負責確保本集團整體的 政策訂定和權責。集團風險部監察並透過風 險管理及合規委員會向董事會匯報集團之風 險狀況,制定金融風險和資料完整性的管理 標準,及確保在產品策劃和定價的過程中,充 份考慮財務方面的風險。集團風險部審閱和 管理所有本集團的信貸及風險政策,包括對 新市場、經濟行業、組織、信貸產品和令本集 團產生各類風險的財務工具。在決定風險政 策時,集團風險部會考慮香港金管局制定的 指引、業務方向及每個經風險調整的業務表 現。

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The other risk management aspects are disclosed below.

### (a) The risk management structure of the Group

The Board of Directors has the broad overall responsibility for the management of all types of risk. The responsibilities of the Board in relation to risk control are:

- the approval of the overall strategy and policies to ensure that credit and other risks are properly managed at both the transaction and portfolio levels;
- the management of risk, both financial and non-financial, conducted through operational and administrative control systems including the operation of the Group Audit Committee ("AC"); review of key results (against forecasts), operational statistics and policy compliance; and
- the review of financial performance by analysis against approved budgets and analysis of variations in key nonfinancial measures.

The Risk Management and Compliance Committee ("RMCC") has been delegated the authority to oversee and guide the management of different risks which are more particularly managed and dealt with by the Group Risk Division ("GRD") and different functional committees.

# (b) Group risk function

The independent Group Risk function is responsible for ensuring that policies and mandates are established for the Group as a whole. GRD monitors and reports the Group's risk positions to the Board via the RMCC, sets standards for the management of financial risks and data integrity and ensures that the financial risks are fully considered in the product planning and pricing process. GRD reviews and manages all credit and risk exposure policies for the Group including the approval of exposures to new markets, economic sectors, organisations, credit products and financial instruments which expose the Group to different types of risks. In determining risk policies, GRD takes into account the guidelines established by the HKMA, business direction, and risk adjusted performance of each business.

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 33. 風險管理(續

# (乙) 集團風險部 續

本集團風險管理的專業知識持續提升借貸組 合的整體質素,並促使本集團能應付改變中 的監管要求和有信心地掌握與授信相關的風 險和回報。

在集團風險監控總監及集團風險管理主管領導下,本集團持續發展其風險管理能力,並增加專注風險策略對風險和報酬及資本回報的影響。本集團在面對日常業務管理不同形式的風險時會採用一系列的風險管理和分析工具。此等工具亦持續地在被改良和提升以配合不斷改變的業務需要和監管機構的要求。

#### (丙) 信貸委員會

本集團設有集團信貸委員會(「集團信貸委員會」)負責批核重大的信貸額度。信貸管理委員會(「信貸管理委員會」)與財資及投資風險委員會(「財資及投資風險委員會」)為分別對貸款及財資業務負責核定和建議其政策、額度和風險控制權責之功能委員會。為支援業務而成立的信貸風險功能只向集團風險部匯報。

### (丁) 應用金融工具策略

本集團接受定息或浮息及不同年期之客戶存款,並以此取得之資金投資於各種類別的資產以賺取息差收入。本集團尋求透過整合短期資金及按較高利率借出較長期之款項以增加此等息差收入,同時並保持足夠之流動資金以應付可能須付之所有到期債務。

本集團亦按信貸風險及市場情況,透過向企業及零售借款人貸款賺取息差,以及向客戶收取合理費用及佣金。此等活動風險不單涉及資產負債表內之貸款及墊款,亦涉及本集團提供擔保及其他承擔,例如信用證、履約保證及其他保證。

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# (b) Group risk function (Continued)

The Group's risk management expertise continues to advance the overall quality of the Group's lending portfolios, and enables the Group to meet the changing regulatory requirements and enter into credit exposures with the confidence that it understands the associated risks and rewards.

The Group continues to evolve its risk management capabilities under the aegis of the Group Chief Risk Officer and Group Head of Risk Management, with increasing focus of its risk strategy on risk and reward and returns on capital. The Group uses a range of risk measurement and analytical tools in its management of various risks which it faces in its day-to-day businesses and these are continually being enhanced and upgraded to reflect the everchanging business needs and the requirements of the regulators.

#### (c) Credit committees

The Group has a Group Credit Committee ("GCC") for approving major credit limits. The Credit Management Committee ("CMC") and the Treasury and Investment Risk Committee ("TIRC") are the functional committees responsible for approving and recommending policies, limits and mandates for risk control in loans and treasury business respectively. The credit risk function, while set up to support the business areas, reports solely to the GRD.

# (d) Strategy in using financial instruments

The Group accepts deposits from customers at both fixed and floating rates, and for various periods, and seeks to earn positive interest margins by investing and lending these funds in a wide range of assets. The Group seeks to increase these margins by consolidating short-term funds and lending for longer periods at higher rates, while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet all claims that might fall due.

The Group also seeks to apply its interest margins through its lending to corporate and retail borrowers and to charge customers appropriate fees and commission, taking into consideration credit risk and market conditions. Such exposures involve not just onbalance sheet loans and advances, as the Group also enters into guarantees and other commitments such as letters of credit, performance bonds and other bonds.

# 33. 風險管理(續

# (丁) 應用金融工具策略 續

本集團亦通過交易所及場外交易買賣包括衍生工具之金融工具,藉著證券、債券、貨幣及利率之短期波動賺取利潤。董事會制定交易限額以控制不同程度之市場持倉風險。除指定對沖安排外,有關外匯及利率之風險一般以訂立對銷持倉(包括與客戶及市場對手之交易)或利用衍生工具作對沖,藉此控制有關市場持倉套現之現金淨值。

本集團亦應用利率掉期及其他利率衍生工具以減輕因利率變動令定息資產公平值下降或定息有期負債公平值上升之利率風險。若干金融工具被用作公平值對沖,對沖項目之細節,包括被對沖項目、金額、利率、對沖期及目的,皆於各公平值對沖項目開始時被確定和記錄,亦於開始對沖時按預期基礎評估及不時根據實際經驗及估價重新評估對沖有效性則試標準,則對沖會計方法將於此公平值對沖失效日起停止。

#### (戊) 信貸風險

本集團之主要信貸風險為借款人或交易對手 未能履行對本集團之償款責任。此等責任乃 源自本集團之貸款及投資活動、以及金融工 具之交易(包括衍生工具)。

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# (d) Strategy in using financial instruments (Continued)

The Group also trades in financial instruments where it takes positions in exchange-traded and OTC instruments, including derivatives, to take advantage of short-term market movements in equities and bonds and in currency and interest rate. The Board places trading limits on the level of exposures that can be taken in relation to market positions. Apart from specific hedging arrangements, foreign exchange and interest rate exposures are normally offset by entering into counterbalancing positions (including transactions with customers or market counterparties), or by the use of derivatives, thereby controlling the variability in the net cash amounts required to liquidate market positions.

The Group also uses interest rate swap and other interest rate derivatives to mitigate interest rate risk arising from changes in interest rates that will result in decrease in the fair value of fixed rate assets or increase in the fair value of fixed rate liabilities. Part of these financial instruments are designated as fair value hedges, and the terms of hedge including hedged item, amount, interest rates, hedge period and purpose are determined and documented at the inception of each fair value hedge. Hedge effectiveness is assessed at inception on a prospective basis and is reassessed, on an ongoing basis, based on actual experience and valuation. Fair value hedge relationships that do not meet the effectiveness test requirement of hedge accounting are discontinued with effect from the date of ineffectiveness of the fair value hedge.

# (e) Credit risk

The Group's main credit risk is that borrowers or counterparties may default on their payment obligations due to the Group. These obligations arise from the Group's lending and investment activities, and trading of financial instruments (including derivatives).

# 33. 風險管理(續

# (戊) 信貸風險(續)

本集團設有集團信貸委員會負責批核重大的 信貸風險敞口。信貸管理委員會與財資及投 資風險委員會乃是分別負責制訂貸款及財資 業務之信貸政策及監察其組合之委員會,該 等委員會由集團行政總裁或風險總監擔任主 席並由若干執行董事及高級業務及信貸人員 組成。信貸風險計量,承保、批核和監測之規 定都詳列於信貸政策內。

本集團以審慎基礎管理各類型的信貸風險。 信貸批核須規限在信貸政策所設定之參數之 內,並且須由各級管理層人員按既定之指引 及授權批核。管理層、信貸委員會及集團風險 部會定期監察及控制信貸風險敞口、信貸限 額及資產質素。本集團內部審核師亦會作定 期檢閱及審核以確保信貸政策,程序及規管 指引得以遵從。

本集團已就新產品及業務建立了有關審核及 審閱的政策與程序,亦已制定了信貸政策,內 容包括貸款評級或信貸評分、流程及減值政 策各方面的細節。

#### (i) 信貸風險承擔

標準普爾、穆迪及惠譽為本集團採用的 外部信用評估機構(「信用評估機構」) 用 以評估對銀行、主權機構、公營單位及 集體投資計劃之信貸風險承擔,及證券 化類別風險承擔和有評級法團之風險承 擔。本集團亦有一內部評級法則評估未 有評級法團之信貸風險承擔。

本集團遵循《銀行業(資本)規則》第4部份規定之程序,配對銀行賬內之風險承擔與信用評估機構之發行人評級。

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (e) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group has a GCC for approving major credit exposures. The CMC and TIRC are the committees responsible for credit policy formulation and portfolio monitoring of the loan and treasury businesses respectively. These committees have been chaired by the Group Chief Executive or Chief Risk Officer with certain Executive Directors and senior business and credit officers as members. Credit risk measurement, underwriting, approval and monitoring requirements are detailed in credit policies.

The Group manages all types of credit risk on a prudent basis. Credits are extended within the parameters set out in the credit policies and are approved by different levels of management based upon established guidelines and delegated authorities. Credit exposures, limits and asset quality are regularly monitored and controlled by management, credit committees and GRD. The Group's internal auditors also conduct regular reviews and audits to ensure compliance with credit policies and procedures and regulatory guidelines.

The Group has established policies and processes for the approval and review of new products and activities, and credit policies with details of the loan grading, or credit scoring, processes and impairment policies.

#### (i) Credit risk exposures

Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch are the external credit assessment institutions ("ECAIs") that the Group uses for the assessment of its credit risk exposures to banks, sovereigns, public sector entities, and collective investment schemes as well as securitisation exposures and exposures to rated corporates. The Group also has an internal grading methodology for assessing credit exposures to unrated corporates.

The process it uses to map ECAI issuer ratings to exposures booked in its banking book follows the process prescribed in Part 4 of the Banking (Capital) Rules.

# 33. 風險管理(續

# (戊) 信貸風險(續)

### (ii) 交易對手信貸風險承擔

本集團嚴謹控制其銀行賬或交易賬內之 場外衍生交易、回購形式交易及信貸衍 生交易合約等持倉淨額之年期和未結算 餘額的額度。與此等合約有關之信貸風 險承擔主要是其現時風險(如利於本集 團之市場估值正數值),該信貸風險承 擔連同因市場變動之潛在風險承擔被視 為授予交易對手的整體借貸額度之一 部份而管理。依從載於香港金管局之監 管政策手冊(「《監管政策手冊》」)CR-G-14 《非中央結算場外衍生工具交易一保證 金及其他風險緩解標準》中保證金之標 準,除根據與交易對手之信貸支援安排 而轉移變動保證金以填補場外衍生交易 之信貸風險承擔外,此等信貸風險承擔 一般無抵押品或其他擔保。

結算風險在支付現金或交收證券或股票並預期可收回有關現金或證券或股票時產生。本集團為各交易對手就一日期結算總額設定每天結算額度以減低結算風險。本集團亦簽訂淨額結算安排,及於適當時按貨銀兩訖或款對款同步收付基準結算。

按本集團現行有關衍生工具合約之抵押 品責任條款,抵押品之變動與本集團之 信貸評級無關連。

本集團已制定政策及程序以控制及監控 錯向風險,包括規定進行指定之錯向風 險交易前需要預先批核。

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (e) Credit risk (Continued)

#### (ii) Counterparty credit risk exposures

The Group exercises strict control limits in tenor and outstanding amounts on net open positions arising from OTC derivative transactions, repo-style transactions and credit derivative contracts booked in its banking book or trading book. The credit risk exposures associated with these contracts are predominantly their current exposures (i.e. the positive mark-to-market values favourable to the Group). These credit risk exposures together with potential exposures from market movements are managed as part of the overall lending limits allowed to counterparties. Collateral or other security is generally not obtained for such credit risk exposures except variation margin to cover credit risk exposure arising from OTC derivative transactions under credit support arrangement with counterparties pursuant to the margin standards set out in the HKMA's Supervisory Policy Manual ("SPM") CR-G-14 on "non-centrally cleared OTC derivatives transactions".

Settlement risk arises in situations where a payment in cash or a delivery of securities or equities is made in expectation of a corresponding receipt in cash, securities or equities. To mitigate settlement risk, daily settlement limits are established for individual counterparty on the aggregate of all settlements on a day. The Group will also enter into netting arrangements and make settlement on the basis of delivery versus payment or payment versus payment as appropriate.

Under the terms of the current collateral obligations of the Group with respect to derivative contracts, collateral movements are not linked with the credit ratings of the Group.

The Group has in place the policies and procedures to control and monitor wrong-way risk, including requiring prior approval before entering into prescribed wrong-way risk deals.

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# 33. 風險管理 續

# (戊) 信貸風險(續)

### (iii) 減低信貸風險

本集團採用之減低信貸風險方式一般為《銀行業(資本)規則》認可以減少資本加權值之方式,收取之抵押品類別普遍為現金存款、不動產物業、設備及汽車。就某些類別之客戶貸款,本集團亦信賴政府、公營單位及配有可接受信貸評級法團等發出之擔保。

用作抵押品之不動產物業之價值在授 出貸款前將被評估。問題客戶之抵押物 業,公開市場價值將最少每3個月估值 一次。就已收回之物業抵押品,本集團 之政策為按可行情況下盡快出售。

# (iv) 預期信貸虧損計量

本集團就信貸風險敞口用以計量及評估所需預期信貸虧損減值和減值準備之基本方法與載於本集團截至2024年12月31日止之經審計年度財務報表附註3.2.2內相同。概括而言,預期信貸虧損按12個月期間或全期基準之計算乃根據信貸風險大幅增加是否會自初始確認後發生或資產是否被認定是信貸減值。預期信貸虧損乃違約或然率(「違約或然率」)、違約風險承擔及違約損失率之經貼現後之結果。

2025年上半年市場仍然充滿挑戰,本集團繼續採取適當的評估和風險管理程序來計量預期信貸虧損。當中包括審閱信貸組合、考慮不同的宏觀經濟預測情境、預期信貸虧損模型計量結果的合理性,及評估預期信貸虧損撥備的充足性。

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# (e) Credit risk (Continued)

#### (iii) Credit risk mitigation

The credit risk mitigation techniques used by the Group are generally those recognised by the Banking (Capital) Rules for reduced capital weighting. Common types of collateral obtained are cash deposits, real estate properties, equipment and vehicles. For certain types of advances to customers, the Group also places reliance on guarantees issued by governments, public sector entities and corporates with acceptable credit rating.

The values of real estate properties taken as collateral are appraised before the loan can be drawn. For property collateral supporting problem accounts, their open market values are appraised at least every three months. For property collateral that has been repossessed, the Group's policy is to arrange for realisation as soon as practicable.

# (iv) Expected credit loss measurement

The basic methodologies of the Group for measuring and assessing impairment and impairment allowances required for ECL of its credit exposures remain as those set out in Note 3.2.2 of the Group's annual audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024. To recap, ECL is measured on either a 12-month or lifetime basis depending on whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred since initial recognition or whether an asset is considered to be creditimpaired. ECL is the discounted product of the probability of default ("PD"), exposure at default, and loss given default.

The market remained challenging in the first half of 2025, and the Group continued to adopt appropriate assessment and risk management procedures in the measurement of ECL. This includes reviewing credit portfolios, considering different macroeconomic forecast scenarios, assessing the reasonableness of ECL models outputs, and evaluating the adequacy of ECL allowances.

# 33. 風險管理(續

# (戊) 信貸風險(續)

### (iv) 預期信貸虧損計量 續

# 持續之風險管理程序

本集團持續審視並跟進在預早警 示清單中之貸款戶口,並主動確認 持續受新型冠狀病毒疫情嚴重影 響之戶口。本集團持續審視有較高 潛在違約風險之貸款組合。

# 納入預期信貸虧損模型之前瞻性 資料

載於下文之前瞻性假設已更新以反映2025年6月30日之市場狀況及本集團之預測。於2025年6月30日分配予各經濟情境「基礎」、「良好」及「不良」之或然加權值分別為70%,9%及21%。

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# (e) Credit risk (Continued)

# (iv) Expected credit loss measurement (Continued)

#### **Ongoing risk management procedures**

The Group continued to review and follow up loan accounts in the early warning list and carried out proactive identification of accounts that could be severely affected by prolonged impacts brought about by COVID-19. The Group continued its review on loan portfolios with higher potential risk of default.

# Forward-looking information incorporated in the ECL models

The forward-looking assumptions shown below have been updated to reflect the market conditions as at 30 June 2025 and the Group's forecast. The probability weightings assigned to each economic scenario, "base", "good" and "bad" as at 30 June 2025, were 70%, 9% and 21% respectively.

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 33. 風險管理 續

# (戊) 信貸風險(續)

(iv) 預期信貸虧損計量 續

納入預期信貸虧損模型之前瞻性資料 續

經濟變數之假定

用於估計預期信貸虧損之重大期 末經濟變數之假定列示如下:

# 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# (e) Credit risk (Continued)

# (iv) Expected credit loss measurement (Continued)

Forward-looking information incorporated in the ECL models (Continued)

Economic variable assumptions

Significant period-end assumptions used for the ECL estimates are set out below:

於2025年6月30日	As at 30 June 2025			5年期 前瞻平均數 Average of 5-Year Forward-Looking	1年期前瞻 One-Year Forward-Looking
香港實質本地生產總值增長率(百分比)	Hong Kong Real GDP Growth Rate (%)	基礎良好不良	Base Good Bad	2.1% 6.8% -2.6%	2.3% 7.0% -2.4%
香港住宅物業價格指數變動(百分比)	Hong Kong Residential Property Price Index Change (%)	基礎良好不良	Base Good Bad	3.3% 22.6% -16.1%	-0.4% 18.9% -19.7%
香港失業率(百分比)	Hong Kong Unemployment Rate (%)	基礎良好不良	Base Good Bad	2.9% 2.3% 4.8%	3.2%* 2.3%* 5.1%*
於2024年12月31日	As at 31 December 2024			5年期 前瞻平均數 Average of 5-Year Forward-Looking	1年期前瞻 One-Year Forward-Looking
		+⇒ ⊤**			
香港實質本地生產總值增長率 (百分比)	Hong Kong Real GDP Growth Rate (%)	基礎 良好 不良	Base Good Bad	2.4% 7.1% -2.3%	2.8% 7.5% -1.9%
香港住宅物業價格指數變動(百分比)	Hong Kong Residential Property Price Index Change (%)	基礎 良好 不良	Base Good Bad	2.9% 22.2% -16.5%	-3.4% 15.9% -22.7%
香港失業率 (百分比)	Hong Kong Unemployment Rate (%)	基礎 良好 不良	Base Good Bad	2.8% 2.3% 4.7%	2.8%* 2.3%* 4.7%*

<sup>\*</sup> 該等1年期前瞻性利率代表1年期 之預測平均利率。

<sup>\*</sup> These one-year forward-looking rates represent forecast average rates for one year.

# 33. 風險管理(續

# (戊) 信貸風險(續)

### (iv) 預期信貸虧損計量(續)

# 納入預期信貸虧損模型之前瞻性 資料 續

經濟變數之假定(續)

上述假定是在進行預期信貸虧損計算時的最新預測。倘若於期末日期之後觀察到與預測不一致的經濟條件進一步變化,則可能會相應地調整概率加權分配,以反映最新情況。目前倘未進行此類調整。

分配予各「基礎」、「良好」及「不良」 經濟情境的平均權重如下:

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# (e) Credit risk (Continued)

#### (iv) Expected credit loss measurement (Continued)

# Forward-looking information incorporated in the ECL models (Continued)

Economic variable assumptions (Continued)

The above assumptions were the latest forecasts available at the time the ECL calculation was performed. If after the period-end date further changes in the economic condition that are not consistent with the forecasts are observed, adjustments may be made in the assignment of probability weightings accordingly to reflect the latest situation. No such adjustment was made so far.

The average weightings assigned to each economic scenario, "base", "good" and "bad" are as follows:

	2025年	2024年
	6月30日	12月31日
	30 Jun	31 Dec
	2025	2024
基礎 Base	70%	70%
良好 Good	9%	10%
不良 Bad	21%	20%

已顧及未以其他方式納入上述情境之其他前瞻性考慮因素(例如任何監管,立法或政治變動之影響),但未視為有重大影響,故並無就該等因素對預期信貸虧損作出調整。此等考慮每季度作審視及監控其合適度。

Other forward-looking considerations not otherwise incorporated within the above scenarios, such as the impact of any regulatory, legislative or political changes, have also been considered, but are not deemed to have a material impact and therefore no adjustment has been made to the ECL for such factors. This is reviewed and monitored for appropriateness on a quarterly basis.

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 33. 風險管理 續

# (戊) 信貸風險(續

# (iv) 預期信貸虧損計量 續

# 納入預期信貸虧損模型之前瞻性資料 續

敏感度分析

以下為因應用在本集團的經濟變 數假設中參數之合理可能變化導 致預期信貸虧損準備之影響:

# 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# (e) Credit risk (Continued)

# (iv) Expected credit loss measurement (Continued)

# Forward-looking information incorporated in the ECL models (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

Set out below are the changes to the ECL that would result from reasonably possible changes in these parameters from the actual assumptions used in the Group's economic variable assumptions:

			預期信貸虧損的影響	
			ECL Imp	pact
於2025年6月30日	As at 30 June 2025		零售	企業
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000		Retail	Corporate
失業率	Unemployment rates	+1%	20,401	31,796
		-1%	(11,836)	(28,410)
生產總值增長率	GDP growth rates	+0.5%	(3,723)	(7,326)
		-0.5%	3,795	7,470
物業價格指數	Property price indices	+5%	(12,766)	(23,852)
		-5%	14,837	22,896
		'		
			預期信貸虧	員的影響
			ECL Imp	act
於2024年12月31日	As at 31 December 2024		零售	企業
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000		Retail	Corporate
失業率	Unemployment rates	+1%	19,205	30,408
		-1%	(10,876)	(27,294)
H 多物估物 E 家				
生產總值增長率	GDP growth rates	+0.5%	(4,244)	(5,023)
土座總恒增长李	GDP growth rates	+0.5% -0.5%	(4,244) 4,317	(5,023) 5,164
物業價格指數	GDP growth rates  Property price indices		, , ,	. , ,

# 33. 風險管理 續

# (戊) 信貸風險(續)

# (iv) 預期信貸虧損計量 續

# 金融工具的信貸風險之分析

下列金融資產的賬面值/名義金額總額亦列示本集團該等金融資產之最高信貸風險值。

須作減值評估的金融資產

#### 2025年6月30日

# 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# (e) Credit risk (Continued)

# (iv) Expected credit loss measurement (Continued)

# Analysis of credit risk exposure of financial instruments

The gross carrying/notional amount of financial assets shown below also represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk on these assets.

Financial assets subject to impairment

#### At 30 June 2025

		G		/名義金額 /notional amoun	nt	花出冶代	
			特別關注	次級或以下		預期信貸 虧損準備	
		正常		Sub-standard	合計	ルカスギー(用 ECL	淨額
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	Pass	mention	or below	Total	allowance	Net
銀行的結餘及存款	Balance and placements with banks	22,351,846	-	-	22,351,846	12,849	22,338,997
一階段1	– Stage 1	22,351,846	-	-	22,351,846	12,849	22,338,997
一階段2	– Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-
一階段3	– Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-
以公平值計量且其變動計入	Debt instruments at fair value through						
其他全面收益的債務工具	other comprehensive income	45,647,250	-	78,499	45,725,749	123,623	45,602,126
一階段1	- Stage 1	45,176,259	-	-	45,176,259	52,721	45,123,538
一階段2	– Stage 2	470,991	-	-	470,991	421	470,570
一階段3	– Stage 3	-	-	78,499	78,499	70,481	8,018
以攤餘成本列賬的債務工具	Debt instruments at amortised cost	33,665,778	-	-	33,665,778	43,634	33,622,144
一階段1	– Stage 1	33,029,905	-	-	33,029,905	42,760	32,987,145
一階段2	– Stage 2	635,873	-	-	635,873	874	634,999
一階段3	– Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-
客戶貸款及墊款	Loans and advances to customers	131,045,811	4,093,545	4,350,004	139,489,360	1,917,097	137,572,263
一階段1	– Stage 1	116,158,043	-	-	116,158,043	376,604	115,781,439
一階段2	– Stage 2	14,887,768	4,093,545	-	18,981,313	381,573	18,599,740
一階段3	- Stage 3	_	-	4,350,004	4,350,004	1,158,920	3,191,084
貿易票據	Trade bills	1,977,239	-	-	1,977,239	1,954	1,975,285
一階段1	– Stage 1	1,973,583	-	-	1,973,583	1,953	1,971,630
一階段2	- Stage 2	3,656	_	-	3,656	1	3,655
一階段3	– Stage 3	-	_	-	_	_	_
應計利息及其他賬目	Accrued interest and other accounts	4,035,644	16,148	17,421	4,069,213	15,891	4,053,322
一階段1	– Stage 1	3,988,203	_	_	3,988,203	10,303	3,977,900
一階段2	– Stage 2	47,441	16,148	-	63,589	1,698	61,891
一階段3	– Stage 3	-	_	17,421	17,421	3,890	13,531
貸款及其他承擔,	Loan and other commitments, and			·		·	·
及財務擔保	financial guarantees	64,302,791	20,093	1,187	64,324,071	59,000	64,265,071
一階段1	– Stage 1	63,121,235	-	-	63,121,235	56,803	63,064,432
一階段2	– Stage 2	1,181,556	20,093	-	1,201,649	2,197	1,199,452
一階段3	– Stage 3	-	-	1,187	1,187	-	1,187
合計	Total	303,026,359	4,129,786	4,447,111	311,603,256	2,174,048	309,429,208

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 33. 風險管理 續

# (戊) 信貸風險(續

# (iv) 預期信貸虧損計量 續 金融工具的信貸風險之分析 續

須作減值評估的金融資產 續

2024年12月31日

# 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# (e) Credit risk (Continued)

# (iv) Expected credit loss measurement (Continued)

# Analysis of credit risk exposure of financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets subject to impairment (Continued)

#### At 31 December 2024

賬面值/名義金額

			版面 国/	口我业识				
			Gross carrying/	notional amount		預期信貸		
			特別關注	次級或以下		虧損準備		
		正常	Special	Sub-standard	合計	ECL	淨額	
以港幣千元位列示	HK\$'000	Pass	mention	or below	Total	allowance	Net	
^□/=46/±6^ □ ++6								
銀行的結餘及存款	Balance and placements with banks	19,547,209	-	-	19,547,209	5,929	19,541,280	
一階段1	– Stage 1	19,547,209	-	-	19,547,209	5,929	19,541,280	
一階段2	- Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	
一階段3	– Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	
以公平值計量且其變動計入	Debt instruments at fair value through							
其他全面收益的債務工具	other comprehensive income	44,301,386	-	77,647	44,379,033	108,787	44,270,246	
一階段1	– Stage 1	43,835,507	-	-	43,835,507	37,825	43,797,682	
一階段2	– Stage 2	465,879	-	-	465,879	481	465,398	
一階段3	– Stage 3	-	-	77,647	77,647	70,481	7,166	
以攤餘成本列賬的債務工具	Debt instruments at amortised cost	35,554,370	-	-	35,554,370	32,002	35,522,368	
一階段1	– Stage 1	34,941,838	-	-	34,941,838	31,093	34,910,745	
一階段2	– Stage 2	612,532	-	-	612,532	909	611,623	
一階段3	– Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	
客戶貸款及墊款	Loans and advances to customers	131,979,447	1,957,155	4,437,683	138,374,285	1,532,345	136,841,940	
一階段1	– Stage 1	115,077,826	-	-	115,077,826	385,262	114,692,564	
一階段2	– Stage 2	16,901,621	1,957,155	-	18,858,776	274,094	18,584,682	
一階段3	– Stage 3	_	-	4,437,683	4,437,683	872,989	3,564,694	
貿易票據	Trade bills	1,476,539	-	-	1,476,539	1,127	1,475,412	
一階段1	- Stage 1	1,475,878	-	_	1,475,878	1,126	1,474,752	
一階段2	– Stage 2	661	-	_	661	1	660	
一階段3	– Stage 3	_	-	_	_	-	_	
應計利息及其他賬目	Accrued interest and other accounts	4,641,604	24,864	86,033	4,752,501	21,178	4,731,323	
一階段1	- Stage 1	4,580,755	_	_	4,580,755	7,719	4,573,036	
一階段2	– Stage 2	60,849	24,864	_	85,713	906	84,807	
一階段3	- Stage 3	-	_	86,033	86,033	12,553	73,480	
貸款及其他承擔,	Loan and other commitments, and and			,	•	,	ŕ	
及財務擔保	financial guarantees	64,180,544	10,777	1,643	64,192,964	66,265	64,126,699	
一階段1	- Stage 1	62,542,143	-	_	62,542,143	62,287	62,479,856	
一階段2	– Stage 2	1,638,401	10,777	_	1,649,178	3,978	1,645,200	
一階段3	- Stage 3			1,643	1,643		1,643	
∆≟↓	Total	201 (01 000	1 002 700	4 002 000	200 276 001	1 707 622	200 500 200	
合計	Total	301,681,099	1,992,796	4,603,006	308,276,901	1,767,633	306,509,268	

在披露此財務資料時,已列示以公 平值計量且其變動計入其他全面 收益的債務工具之名義金額及於 投資重估儲備中所包含相關的預 期信貸虧損準備。 For the purpose of this disclosure, notional amount of debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income and the associated ECL allowance maintained in investment revaluation reserve are presented.

# 33. 風險管理 續

# (己) 市場風險

市場風險乃指由市場上利率及價格變化而引 致對資產、負債及資產負債表外持倉之虧損 風險。

各類交易之市場風險均由董事會、風險管理 及合規委員會及財資及投資風險委員會按董 事會授予之權力所核准之各項風險限額及指 引內處理。風險限額按組合層面以及各產品 及不同風險類別設定。該等限額綜合包含了 名義金額、止蝕限額、敏感性及運用市場風險 數值(「市場風險數值」)之監控。所有涉及市場 風險的交易持倉需要每日按市值入賬。集團 風險部之風險管理及監控部 (「風險管理及監 控部」) 乃一個獨立之風險管理及控制部門, 負責比較風險和已審批限額,以識別、計量、 監控及管理該等風險及提議具體行動去確保 持倉被限制在可接受水平內。任何不符合限 額情況均須依據有關政策及程序經合適管理 層-財資及投資風險委員會,風險管理及合 規委員會或董事會審查及批准。

大新銀行之附屬公司澳門商業銀行及大新銀行(中國)根據其一套自定限額和政策及在大新銀行設定之市場風險管理框架內執行其本行之財資活動。大新銀行之風險管理及監控部監察及管理源自澳門商業銀行及大新銀行(中國)財資營運之市場風險,確保已實施的風險控制與相關的業務同步並與集團的標準一致。

本集團源自其交易賬及銀行賬之市場風險應 用不同之風險管理政策及程序。

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (f) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of losses in assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet positions arising from movements in market rates and prices.

Market risk exposure for different types of transactions is managed within various risk limits and guidelines approved by the Board, the RMCC and the TIRC under the authority delegated from the Board. Risk limits are set at the portfolio level as well as by products and by different types of risks. The risk limits comprise a combination of notional, stop-loss, sensitivity and value-at-risk ("VaR") controls. All trading positions are subject to daily mark-to-market valuation. The Risk Management and Control Department ("RMCD") within the GRD, as an independent risk management and control unit, identifies, measures, monitors and controls the risk exposures against approved limits and initiates specific actions to ensure positions are managed within an acceptable level. Any exceptions have to be reviewed and sanctioned by the appropriate level of management of TIRC, RMCC or the Board as stipulated in the relevant policies and procedures.

BCM and DSB China, which are subsidiaries of DSB, run their treasury functions locally under their own set of limits and policies and within the market risk management framework set by DSB. The RMCD of DSB oversees the market risk arising from the treasury operations of BCM and DSB China to ensure that the risk controls put in place are commensurate with their businesses and consistent with the Group standards.

The Group applies different risk management policies and procedures in respect of the market risk arising from its trading and banking books.

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 33. 風險管理(續

#### (己) 市場風險(續)

### (i) 源自交易賬之市場風險

本集團之交易賬內,在外匯、債務證券、 權益性證券及衍生工具之交易持倉中存 在市場風險。

## (1) 市場風險計量方法

作為市場風險管理,本集團使用各種業界普遍採用之方法計量市場風險及控制市場風險於設定之風險額度範圍內。主要用於計量及監控市場風險之計量方法概述如下。

### • 市場風險數值

本集團應用市場風險數值法, 其乃一種以統計為基準就持作 交易用途組合因市場不利變化 預計潛在損失。其表明本集團 於某個置信水平可能損失之基 大數額,就一日持倉期之基準 作推算,本集團之置信水平制 99%。因此存在明確的統計概 率,實際損失可能比市場風險 數值之估計數為大。因此採納 該方法並不能避免當市場狀況 發生重大變化時超逾此等額度 之損失。

市場風險數值模型假設某個持倉期(就本集團而言為一天)直至結束持倉。市場風險數值亦依據持倉之現時市值、市場風險因素過往在一個曆年週期之相互關係及波幅,使用一種歷史模擬方法計算。

本集團藉著回顧測試交易賬之 市場風險數值結果,持續確認 市場風險數值模型之有效性。 所有回顧測試的偏差予以調查 及向高層管理人員匯報。

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (f) Market risk (Continued)

## (i) Market risk arising from the trading book

In the Group's trading book, market risk is associated with trading positions in foreign exchange, debt securities, equity securities and derivatives.

## (1) Market risk measurement technique

In the management of market risk, the Group measures market risks using various techniques commonly used by the industry and control market risk exposures within established risk limits. The major measurement techniques used to measure and control market risk are outlined below.

#### Value-at-risk

The Group applies a VaR methodology, which is a statistically based estimate, to measure the potential loss of its trading portfolio from adverse market movements. It expresses as the maximum amount the Group might lose given a certain level of confidence, which for the Group is 99% for a one day holding period. There is therefore a specified statistical probability that actual loss could be greater than the VaR estimate. Hence, the use of VaR does not prevent losses outside the VaR limits in the event of extreme market movements.

The VaR model assumes a certain "holding period" (one day in the case of the Group) until positions can be closed. It is calculated based on the current mark-to-market value of the positions, the historical correlation and volatilities of the market risk factors over an observation period of one calendar year using a method known as historical simulation approach.

The VaR model is continuously validated by backtesting the VaR results for trading positions. All backtesting exceptions are investigated and back-testing results are reported to senior management.

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 33. 風險管理續

## (己) 市場風險(續)

- (i) 源自交易賬之市場風險(續)
  - (1) 市場風險計量方法(續)
    - 市場風險數值續

因市場風險數值為本集團之市場風險管理範疇內一重要環節,董事會及其授權之委員會就所有交易持倉設定不同場別。如至一次國際數值額度及分配至各審閱。與實理及監控部每天審視包括第一次數值之實際風險數值之實際風險數值之實際風險數值之實際人類,並至2025年6月30日止之6個月內全部交易活動之市場風險數值日均值為2,906,000港元(截至2024年12月31日止年度:1,862,000港元)。

#### • 壓力測試

壓力測試提供極端情況下可能 出現之潛在損失之約額。風險 管理及監控部進行的壓力測試 包括:風險因素壓力測試,方 法為在各風險類別中施行不同 壓力程度;及個案壓力測試, 方法為利用各種可能壓力事項 對特定持倉或組合進行測算。 此外,亦計量持作交易用途組 合之預計虧缺以評估當超出指 定置信水平及處於較長持倉期 時出現極度交易虧損的預計規 模。此外,也進行逆壓力測試 作為一項有效工具以評估本集 團於觸及規定之可容忍水平前 所能承受的市場壓力最大約 額。

壓力測試之結果由董事會及其 授權之委員會定期審閱。

## 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

- (f) Market risk (Continued)
  - (i) Market risk arising from the trading book (Continued)
    - (1) Market risk measurement technique (Continued)
      - Value-at-risk (Continued)

As VaR constitutes an integral part of the Group's market risk control regime, VaR limits are established and reviewed by the Board and its delegated committees at least annually for all trading positions and allocated to business units. Actual exposures, including VaR, are monitored against limits on a daily basis by RMCD. Average daily VaR for the Group for all trading activities during the six months ended 30 June 2025 was HK\$2,906,000 (year ended 31 December 2024: HK\$1,862,000).

#### Stress tests

Stress tests provide an indication of the potential size of losses that could arise in extreme conditions. The stress tests carried out by RMCD include: risk factor stress testing, where stress movements are applied to each risk category; and scenario stress testing, which includes applying possible stress events to specific positions or portfolios. Besides, the expected shortfall of the trading portfolio is measured to evaluate the expected size of extreme trading loss beyond a specified confidence level and over a longer holding period. In addition, reverse-stress tests are performed as a useful tool to evaluate the maximum size of market stress that the Group can endure before hitting the prescribed tolerable levels.

The results of the stress tests are regularly reviewed by the Board and its delegated committees.

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 33. 風險管理 續

#### (己) 市場風險(續)

- (i) 源自交易賬之市場風險 續
  - (2) 持作交易用途組合之市場風險 數值概要

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

- (f) Market risk (Continued)
  - (i) Market risk arising from the trading book (Continued)
    - (2) VaR summary of trading portfolio

		截至2025年6月30日止之6個月 6 months to 30 Jun 2025				12月31日止之12仙 :hs to 31 Dec 2024	
		平均	最高	最低	平均	最高	最低
以港幣千元位列示 HK\$'000		Average	High	Low	Average	High	Low
外匯風險	Foreign exchange risk	1,856	5,423	536	1,370	3,367	427
利率風險	Interest rate risk	1,721	2,756	333	1,126	2,834	404
權益性風險	Equity risk	418	442	394	-	-	-
全部風險	All risks	2,906	7,187	841	1,862	4,691	653

## (ii) 源自銀行賬之市場風險

本集團之銀行賬中,市場風險主要來自於債務及權益性證券之持倉。

## (1) 市場風險計量方法

計量及監控銀行賬中之市場風險時 並無採用市場風險數值法。

## (ii) Market risk arising from the banking book

In the Group's banking book, market risk is predominantly associated with positions in debt and equity securities.

## (1) Market risk measurement technique

Within the risk management framework and policies established by the Board and its delegated committees, various limits, guidelines and management action triggers are established to control the exposures of the Group's banking book activities to foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, and price risk. In particular, position and sensitivity limits and price triggers are in place to control the price risk of the investment securities. In addition, sensitivity analysis and stress testing (including reverse-stress testing) covering shocks and shifts in interest rates on the Group's on-and off-balance sheet positions and credit spreads on the Group's investment securities are regularly performed to gauge the market risk inherent in the Group's banking book portfolios and manage it against the established control measures.

VaR methodology is not used to measure and control the market risk of the banking book.

## 33. 風險管理 續

## (己) 市場風險(續)

### (ii) 源自銀行賬之市場風險(續)

#### (2) 外匯風險

除美元、澳門幣及人民幣外,本集團承擔的淨外匯風險十分有限,因為由客戶交易引致的外匯持倉及外匯結存,通常會與其他的客戶交易或市場交易配對抵銷。非持作交易用途組合之澳門幣及人民幣匯兌風險主要來自中國內地及內門之附屬公司之營運。淨風險持倉(包括持作交易用途及非持作交易用途之組合),無論是個別貨幣或總體而言,每日皆由本集團財資部控制在已制定的外匯限額內。

若用長期外幣資金融資港元資產,反之亦然,通常會透過與遠期外匯合約配對抵銷以減低外匯風險。

#### (3) 利率風險

本集團採納用以計量源自銀行賬 持倉的利率風險額之框架與載於 香港金管局《監管政策手冊》內有 關銀行賬內的利率風險之指引一 致。就盈利觀點而言,利率風險乃 由於市場利率變化而導致金融工 具源自未來現金流之淨收入波動 之風險。就經濟價值觀點而言,利 率風險則為由於市場利率變化而 導致金融工具之經濟價值受到不 利的影響。本集團就銀行賬承擔以 上兩方面之利率風險。就此而論, 息差或淨利息收入及資本之經濟 價值可能由於此等變化或突如其 來之變化而上升或下跌。董事會及 資產及負債管理委員會(「資產及 負債管理委員會」) 就可能承擔之 重訂利率錯配水平設定額度及透 過情境分析和壓力測試定期監控 利率變化之影響。

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (f) Market risk (Continued)

## (ii) Market risk arising from the banking book (Continued)

#### (2) Foreign exchange risk

The Group has limited net foreign exchange exposure (except for USD, Macau Pataca ("MOP") and Renminbi ("RMB")) as foreign exchange positions and foreign currency balances arising from customer transactions are normally matched against other customer transactions or transactions with the market. Foreign exchange exposure of the non-trading portfolio in respect of MOP and RMB arise mainly from the operation of subsidiaries in Mainland China and Macau. The net exposure positions including the trading and non-trading portfolios, both by individual currency and in aggregate, are managed by the TRD of the Group on a daily basis within established foreign exchange limits.

Long-term foreign currency funding, to the extent that this is used to fund Hong Kong dollar assets, or vice versa, is normally matched using foreign exchange forward contracts to reduce exposure to foreign exchange risk.

#### (3) Interest rate risk

The framework adopted by the Group to measure interest rate risk exposures arising from its banking book positions is consistent with the guidelines set out by the HKMA in its SPM on Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book. From an earnings perspective, interest rate risk is the risk that the net income arising from future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. From an economic value perspective, interest rate risk is the risk that the economic value of a financial instrument will undergo adverse impact because of changes in market interest rates. The Group takes on interest rate risk from both perspectives in the banking book. As such, the interest margins or net interest income and the economic value of the capital may increase or decrease as a result of such changes or in the event that unexpected movements arise. The Board and the Asset and Liability Management Committee ("ALCO") set limits on the level of mismatch of interest rate repricing that may be undertaken and monitor the interest rate impacts through scenario analysis and stress testing regularly.

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 33. 風險管理(續

#### (庚) 流動資金風險

流動資金風險乃指本集團未能在不衍生不可 接受之損失的情況下為新增的資產融資或就 到期之金融負債履行付款責任。

本集團按審慎原則管理資金流動性,旨在符合法定準則及確保有充足之流動性及融資能力,以應付日常的業務營運及能承受嚴重資金壓力。本集團已採納香港金管局指定之流動性維持比率(「流動性維持比率」)及核心資金比率(「核心資金比率」)為呈報本集團流動資金狀況之監管準則。本集團於期內保持流動性維持比率及核心資金比率遠高於法定最低的要求分別為25%及75%。

此外,本集團已根據香港金管局《監管政策手冊》LM-1「流動性風險監管制度」及《監管政策手冊》LM-2「穩健的流動性風險管理制度及管控措施」之規定維護健全的流動性風險管理框架。《監管政策手冊》LM-1旨在提供香港金管局採納用以監管及評估銀行流動性風險之方法,而《監管政策手冊》LM-2乃為實施巴塞爾銀行監管委員會(「巴塞爾委員會」)所確立之健全流動性原則而制定,旨在強化銀行的流動性風險管理標準。

流動資金風險管理乃遵照經董事會批准之政 策及框架管理,據此授權本集團的資產及負 債管理委員會監控流動性風險管理。本集團 的資產及負債管理委員會定期檢討本集團之 貸款和存款的組合及變化、融資需求及預測、 以及對一系列包括流動性維持比率、核心資 金比率及到期錯配狀況之流動性風險度量作 持續監控。此外,資產及負債管理委員會審閱 流動性風險指標的重大變化以及任何相應的 建議緩解措施。本集團對此等風險度量訂定 適當的限額及觸發額,並持有充足的流動資 產以確保能保持足夠水平的穩定資金以支持 其資產增長。財資部負責資金及流動性狀況 之日常管理,而集團風險部負責每日及每月 計量及監控流動性的風險敞口,亦進行流動 性分析及壓力測試。財務監理處則處理有關 流動性風險之監管報告,並組織編製貸款與 存款以及流動性維持比率、核心資金比率的 定期預測、預算和與流動性及資金管理有關 之分析。

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

## (g) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to fund increases in assets or meet its payment obligations associated with its financial liabilities when they fall due without incurring unacceptable loss.

The Group manages its liquidity on a prudent basis with the objective to comply with the statutory standards and to ensure that there is an adequate liquidity and funding capacity to meet normal business operations and to withstand severe liquidity stresses. The Group has adopted the Liquidity Maintenance Ratio ("LMR") and the Core Funding Ratio ("CFR") as the regulatory standards specified by the HKMA for reporting on the Group's liquidity position. During the period, the Group had maintained sufficiently high LMR and CFR well above the statutory minimum of 25% and 75% respectively.

Moreover, the Group has maintained a sound liquidity risk management framework in accordance with the HKMA's requirements set forth in the SPM LM-1 on "Regulatory Framework for Supervision of Liquidity Risk" and the SPM LM-2 on "Sound Systems and Controls for Liquidity Risk Management". The SPM LM-1 is to provide the approach adopted by the HKMA for supervising and assessing the liquidity risk of banks while the SPM LM-2 is developed to implement the liquidity sound principles formulated by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision ("Basel Committee") to strengthen the liquidity risk management standards of banks.

Liquidity risk management is governed by the policy and framework approved by the Board, which delegates to the Group's ALCO to oversee liquidity risk management. The ALCO regularly reviews the Group's loan and deposit mix and changes, funding requirements and projections, and monitors a set of liquidity risk metrics, including the LMR, CFR and maturity mismatch on an ongoing basis. In addition, material changes in the liquidity risk metrics together with any corresponding proposed mitigation actions will be reviewed by ALCO. Appropriate limits or triggers on these risk metrics are set and sufficient liquid assets are held to ensure that the Group can maintain a sufficient level of stable funding to support its asset growth. The TRD is responsible for the day-to-day management of funding and liquidity position while the GRD is responsible for the measurement and monitoring of liquidity risk exposures on a daily and monthly basis, and also conducting liquidity analysis and stress testing. The Financial Control Division handles regulatory reporting in relation to liquidity risk, and coordinates the regular forecast of loans and deposits, and LMR, CFR, budget and analysis relating to liquidity and funding management.

## 33. 風險管理(續

## (庚) 流動資金風險(續)

本集團高度重視建立多樣化及穩定的資金來源。除了客戶存款為本集團的資金之基本部份,本集團亦適時發行存款證及中期票據藉以延長資金的融資年期及優化資產及負債之年期。在有限制的基礎下,亦會吸納短期銀行同業存款以維持在市場上的佔有率為目標。本集團乃銀行同業市場的淨放款人。

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

## (g) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The Group places considerable importance to establish a diversified and stable funding. While customer deposits form the primary portion of the Group's funding, certificates of deposit and medium term notes are issued at opportune times in order to lengthen the funding maturity and optimise asset and liability maturities. Short-term interbank deposits are taken on a limited basis with the aim of maintaining the presence in the market and the Group is a net lender to the interbank market.

The monitoring and reporting take the forms of cash flow measurements and projections for different time horizons, including the next day, week and month, which are key periods for liquidity management. The starting point for those projections is an analysis of the contractual maturity of the financial assets and liabilities as well as the expected maturity of these assets and liabilities based on historical observations. The cash flow projections also take into account the historical behaviour of offbalance sheet items, including undrawn lending commitments and contingent liabilities such as standby letters of credit and guarantees. The Group always maintains an adequate liquidity cushion, which is composed of high quality marketable securities with sufficient market depth, to meet its liquidity needs at all times, even under adverse market conditions. Eligible securities in the cushion mainly have low risk and simple structure and can be readily sold or used as collateral to obtain funds within a short period of time. Debt securities held are marked to the market on daily basis to ensure their market liquidity.

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 33. 風險管理(續

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (庚) 流動資金風險(續)

## (g) Liquidity risk (Continued)

內部分類 Internal categorisation	基本準則 Basic Criteria	2025年6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2025 (百萬港元) (In HK\$ million)	2024年12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2024 (百萬港元) (In HK\$ million)
第1級	根據巴塞爾協定II標準法的政府、多邊發展銀行、相關國際組織及公營單位發行或擔保之風險權重為0%的有價證券	13,516	13,864
Tier 1	Marketable securities issued or guaranteed by government, multilateral development banks, relevant international organisations and public sector entities with a 0% risk weight under the Basel II Standardised Approach		
第2A級	根據巴塞爾協定II標準法的政府、多邊發展銀行、公營單位及非金融企業發行或擔保之風險權重為20%的有價證券	9,419	17,760
Tier 2A	Marketable securities issued or guaranteed by government, multilateral development banks, public sector entities and non-financial corporate entities with a 20% risk weight under the Basel II Standardised Approach		
第2B級	至少具有投資等級及可包括於流動資產維持比率中的「可流動資產」的企業或金融機構發行或擔保之其他有價證券	54,937	45,645
Tier 2B	Other marketable securities issued or guaranteed by corporate or financial institutions with at least an investment grade and those securities that may be included in "liquefiable assets" under the liquidity maintenance ratio		

本集團定期進行壓力測試,包括與機構特定 相關的、一般市場危機的及併合兩者的不同 方案以評估流動性狀況在受壓之市場情況下 的潛在影響。本集團設立一系列預早警示指 標,包括質化的及量化的因素及涉及可幫助 認明任何於早期出現的風險之內部及市場指 標。本集團維持緊急應變計劃,詳列應對資金 壓力之策略和於緊急情況下填補現金流不足 之程序(例如進行回購協議交易或變賣持作流 動性風險管理用途之資產)。每年進行演習測 試及至少每年審閱緊急應變計劃以確保其仍 然健全及有效。集團公司間之交易按公平原 則進行及就正常情況下之現金流預測而言, 如同與其他第三方之交易處理。本集團之附 屬公司於正常及受壓情況下須管理其流動資 金狀況以應付其需要。本集團之衍生工具交 易大多為外匯合約及利率合約。按照本集團 與衍生工具交易對手之抵押品安排條款,抵 押品之變動與集團之信貸評級無關連。

The Group performs stress testing regularly, which includes an institution-specific crisis scenario, a general market crisis scenario and a combination of these crisis scenarios in order to assess the potential impact on its liquidity position under stressed market conditions. The Group maintains a set of early warning indicators, including qualitative and quantitative factors and involving both internal and market indicators that help identify any emerging risk at an early stage. The Group maintains a contingency plan that sets out its strategies for dealing with liquidity stresses and the procedures for making up cash flow deficits (e.g. conducting repo transactions or liquidation of assets held for liquidity risk management purpose) in emergency situations. An annual drill test is conducted and the contingency plan is reviewed at least annually to ensure it remains sound and effective. Intragroup transactions are conducted on arm's length basis and are treated the same way as other third party transactions for the purpose of cash flow projection under normal scenario. Subsidiaries of the Group are required to manage their liquidity positions to meet their needs under both normal and stressed conditions. Most of the Group's derivative transactions are exchange rate contracts and interest rate contracts. Under the terms of our collateral arrangements with derivative counterparties, collateral movements are not linked with the credit ratings of the Group.

## 33. 風險管理(續

## (辛) 操作風險

本集團透過一個管理架構管理操作風險,包括高級管理人員,一獨立風險管理小組,及來自各業務和支援部門之操作風險人員,並透過一系列操作風險政策、風險工具箱、操作風險事件申報及紀錄系統,及自我評估監控和主要風險指標工具運作。操作風險及內部監控委員會(「操作風險及內部監控委員會」)已設立,以監察本集團之操作風險管理及內部監控事宜。連同設立一個良好內部監控系統,操作風險下均可充分地認明、評估、監控及減低。為能向集團內各階層清晰地傳達該操作風險架構,認知和訓練課程不時舉行。

為減低系統失靈或災難對本集團業務之影響,本集團已設定備用場地、操作復元政策及計劃,並對所有主要業務及支援部門進行測試。

外部及內部審核師亦定期對內部監控系統作獨立審閱以支托操作風險架構。本集團之風險管理及合規委員會全面監察操作風險管理 之表現及有效性。

#### (士) 聲譽風險

本集團透過維持以下一系列措施管理聲譽風險:以強調內部監控、風險管理和合規、打擊 洗黑錢及恐怖份子資金籌集的重要性來提升 企業管治及管理層監察達至高水平,以及維 持有效政策及程序;提供適當之員工培訓及 監督;員工對合規事項的認知;妥善處理客 戶之投訴或不滿;以及沿用穩當之商業慣例。 本集團就所有範疇設定標準並制訂政策及程 序,以減低聲譽風險或受損之機會。

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (h) Operational risk

The Group manages its operational risk through a management structure comprising members of senior management, an independent risk management team and operational risk officers from each business and support function, and operating through a set of operational risk policies, risk tool-kits, operational risk incident reporting and tracking system, and control self-assessment and key risk indicator tools. The Operational Risk and Internal Control Committee ("ORICC") has been set up to oversee the operational risk management and internal control matters of the Group. Together with a well-established internal control system, operational risk can be adequately identified, assessed, monitored and mitigated. To allow the operational risk framework to be clearly communicated to all levels within the Group, awareness and training programs are conducted from time to time.

To minimise the impact on the Group's business in the event of system failure or disasters, back-up sites and operation recovery policies and plans have been established and tested for all critical business and operations functions.

Operational risk framework is also supported by periodic independent reviews of internal control systems by external and internal auditors. The Group's RMCC have an overall oversight of the performance and effectiveness of operational risk management.

## (i) Reputation risk

The Group manages reputation risk through upholding a high standard of corporate governance and management oversight, maintenance of effective policies and procedures with emphasis on internal control, risk management and compliance, anti-money laundering and counter terrorist financing; proper staff training and supervision; staff awareness of compliance issues; proper handling of customer complaints or dissatisfaction; and adherence to sound business practices. Standards are set and policies and procedures are established by the Group in all areas, which operate to reduce vulnerability to reputation risk.

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 33. 風險管理(續

## (癸) 策略性風險

董事會在高層管理人員之協助下直接負責管理策略性風險。董事制訂與本集團企業使命一致之策略性目標以及主要方針,確保制訂業務策略以實踐該等目標,監督策略發展及執行以確保其與本集團之策略性目標一致,確保設有適當之變更管理,並檢討業務表現及應對來自預計中之操作或市場變動,適當調配資源以達成本集團之目標,以及授權管理層人員採取適當措施以減低風險。

#### (子) 符合巴塞爾協定Ⅲ資本準則

巴塞爾協定III資本規則列明普通股權一級資本、一級資本及整體資本之最低比率分別為4.5%,6%及8%,於2019年在本地生效。於2025年6月30日,適用於大新銀行之緩衝資本包括防護緩衝資本(「防護緩衝資本」)及逆周期緩衝資本(「逆周期緩衝資本」)。防護緩衝資本旨在確保眾銀行於壓力期外設立2.5%資本。逆周期緩衝資本按個別地區基準設定及於信貸過度增長期間設立以防禦未來虧損。於2024年5月3日,香港金管局宣佈香港之逆周期緩衝資本維持在1.0%。

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

## (j) Strategic risk

The Board of Directors, assisted by senior management, is directly responsible for the management of strategic risk. Directors formulate the strategic goals and key direction of the Group in line with the Group's corporate mission, ensure business strategies are developed to achieve these goals, oversee the strategic development and implementation to secure compatibility with the Group's strategic goals, ensure proper change management is in place, review business performance, and address issues arising from anticipated operational or market changes, deploy proper resources to achieve the Group's objectives, and authorise management to take appropriate actions to mitigate risks.

## (k) Compliance with the Basel III Capital Standards

The Basel III capital rules set out the minimum Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Tier 1 capital and Total capital ratios at 4.5%, 6% and 8% respectively, which came into effect locally in 2019. At 30 June 2025, the capital buffers applicable to DSB include the Capital Conservation Buffer ("CCB") and the Countercyclical Capital Buffer ("CCyB"). The CCB is designed to ensure banks build up capital outside periods of stress at 2.5%. The CCyB is set on an individual country basis and is built up during periods of excess credit growth to protect against future losses. On 3 May 2024, the HKMA announced that the CCyB for Hong Kong remains unchanged at 1.0%.

## 33. 風險管理(續

## (子) 符合巴塞爾協定Ⅲ資本準則 續

自從經修訂之資本充足框架(即巴塞爾協定II) 於2007年1月生效以後,大新銀行採納標準法 計算信貸風險及市場風險,及採納基本指標 法計算操作風險。此等均為《銀行業(資本)規 則》內列明之認可方法。據此,本集團已全面 檢查其系統及管理以符合該等方法要求之標 準。

為應對系統重要性金融機構帶來之外在負面 因素, 巴塞爾委員會設定框架以識別具全球 系統重要性銀行(「具全球系統重要性銀行」) 及釐定其相關較高吸收虧損能力(「較高吸收 虧損能力」) 之資本規定。繼後巴塞爾委員會 頒佈處理具本地系統重要性銀行(「具本地系 統重要性銀行」) 之原則性框架。此外,香港金 管局已就《金融機構(處置機制)(吸收虧損能 力規定-銀行界)規則》設定吸收虧損能力規 則之框架。根據金融穩定理事會(「金融穩定 理事會」) 及香港金管局分別頒布之最新具全 球系統重要性銀行及具本地系統重要性銀行 名冊,大新銀行並沒有被指定為具全球系統 重要性銀行,具本地系統重要性銀行或處置 實體,故此亦無需接受進一步之額外資本要 。來

期內,本集團已遵守香港金管局在外部施行之所有資本規定。

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

## (k) Compliance with the Basel III Capital Standards (Continued)

Since the revised capital adequacy framework known as Basel II has become effective from January 2007, DSB has adopted the standardised approach for credit risk and market risk, and the basic indicator approach for operational risk. These are the default approaches as specified in the Banking (Capital) Rules. Accordingly, the Group has overhauled its systems and controls in order to meet the standards required for these approaches.

To address the negative externalities posed by systemically important financial institutions, the Basel Committee established a framework for the identification of global systemically important banks ("G-SIBs") and the determination of their corresponding Higher Loss Absorbency ("HLA") capital requirements. Subsequently, a principles-based framework for dealing with domestic systemically important banks ("D-SIBs") was issued by the Basel Committee. In addition, the HKMA has established the framework on loss-absorbing capacity requirements under the Financial Institutions (Resolution) (Loss-absorbing Capacity Requirements – Banking Sector) Rules. Based on the latest list of G-SIBs and D-SIBs issued by the Financial Stability Board ("FSB") and the HKMA respectively, DSB is neither designated as a G-SIB, D-SIB nor a resolution entity and therefore not subject to further capital surcharge.

During the period, the Group has complied with all of the externally imposed capital requirements set by the HKMA.

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 33. 風險管理(續

## (丑) 金融資產及負債之公平值

公平值受限於須由董事會負責確保本集團有適當的估值管治及控制程序之控制框架。董事會授權財資及投資風險委員會監管金融工具之估值程序。估值由風險管理及監控部和獨立專業合資格估值師(如適用)獨立地進行,而估值結果乃定期驗證,確保公平值計量過程之完整性。

金融工具之公平值乃在目前市場情況下市場 參與者於計量日進行之有序交易中出售資產 所收取或轉移負債所支付之價格,不論該價 格為直接可觀察或使用估值方法估計。

凡金融工具之報價隨時且定期由交易所、交易商、經紀人、行業組織、定價服務及監管機構發佈,則被視作為活躍市場報價之金融工具。於活躍市場之報價為公平值提供最可靠之證據,並須於可獲得時使用。倘金融資產或金融負債有買入價及賣出價,本集團將採用買賣差價中在該等情況下最能代表公平值之價格。

倘金融工具之可觀察市場報價未能直接獲得,本集團利用合適及獲廣泛認可之估值方法估計該等金融工具之公平值,包括現值方法及標準期權定價模型。於應用該等金融工具之估值方法時,本集團盡最大限度使用相關可觀察依據(例如:利率、匯率、波動性、信貸息差),而盡最少限度使用不可觀察依據。例如利率掉期合約之公平值按估計的未來現金流之現值計算,遠期外匯合約之公平值一般根據現行遠期匯率計算,而期權合約之公平值則按合適之定價模型計算,如Black-Scholes模型。

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (I) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

Fair values are subject to a control framework that the Board is held responsible for ensuring proper valuation governance and control processes of the Group. It delegates the responsibility for overseeing the valuation process for financial instruments to the TIRC. Valuation is performed independently by RMCD and where appropriate, by independent and professionally qualified valuers and the valuation results are periodically verified to ensure the integrity of the fair value measurement process.

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency. A quoted price in an active market provides the most reliable evidence of fair value and shall be used whenever available. If a financial asset or a financial liability has a bid price and an ask price, the price within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value in the circumstances is used by the Group.

Where observable market quotation of financial instruments is not directly available, the Group estimates the fair value of such financial instruments by using appropriate valuation techniques that are widely recognised including present value techniques and standard option pricing models. In applying valuation techniques for these financial instruments, the Group maximises the use of relevant observable inputs (for examples, interest rates, foreign exchange rates, volatilities, credit spreads) and minimises the use of unobservable inputs. For example, the fair value of interest-rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows, the fair value of foreign exchange forward contracts is generally based on current forward rates and the fair value of option contracts is derived using appropriate pricing models, such as Black-Scholes model.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 33. 風險管理(續

## (丑) 金融資產及負債之公平值(續)

本集團使用外間報價及其本身信貸息差,以 釐定其金融負債及已選擇以公平值計量之其 他負債之現值。倘本集團之信貸息差擴闊,負 債之價值下降,本集團會確認該等負債之收 益。倘本集團之信貸息差收窄,負債之價值上 升,本集團會確認相對該等負債之虧損。

如有需要,用於計量程序之價格數據及參數 會被仔細覆核及調整才應用,其中尤其需要 考慮當前的市場發展情況。

#### (寅) 資本管理

本集團管理資本之目標為:

- 符合本集團機構有營運的市場之銀行業 監管機構所設定之資本規定;
- 保障本集團持續發展業務之能力;
- 為股東爭取最高回報和帶給其他利益相關者最佳利益;及
- 維持強大資本基礎以支持業務發展。

本集團管理層定期應用按巴塞爾委員會發出 並由香港金管局執行作監管用途指引之方 法,監控本集團之香港銀行附屬公司之資本 充足度及法定資本之使用,每個季度向香港 金管局申報有關規定的資料。

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

## (l) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

The Group uses external price quotes and its own credit spreads in determining the current value of its financial liabilities and other liabilities for which it has elected the fair value option. When the Group's credit spreads widen, the Group recognises a gain on these liabilities because the value of the liabilities has decreased. When the Group's credit spreads narrow, the Group recognises a loss on these liabilities because the value of the liabilities has increased.

Price data and parameters used in the measurement process are reviewed carefully and adjusted, if necessary, to take consideration of the current market developments.

#### (m) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are:

- To comply with the capital requirements set by the banking regulators in the markets where the entities within the Group operate;
- To safeguard the Group's ability to continue its business as a going concern;
- To maximise returns to shareholders and optimise the benefits to other stakeholders; and
- To maintain a strong capital base to support the development of its business.

Capital adequacy of and the use of regulatory capital by the Group's Hong Kong banking subsidiary is monitored regularly by the Group's management, employing techniques based on the guidelines developed by the Basel Committee, as implemented by the HKMA, for supervisory purposes. The required information is filed with the HKMA on a quarterly basis.

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 33. 風險管理(續

## (寅) 資本管理(續)

於香港監管框架下,大新銀行須符合三個資產比率,分別為普通股權一級資本、一級資本及總資本對風險加權資產的比率。此三個比率之國際認可最低要求分別為4.5%,6.0%及8.0%,並已被香港金管局採納。為符合香港金管局載於《監管政策手冊》CA-G-5有關《監管查程序》之規定,大新銀行須就監管者規定,內部風險評估及按第二支柱資本規定之產者規定,內部風險評估及按第二支柱資本規定之含在最低法定資本計算之重大風險。此外,大新銀行須履行金管局所訂立防護緩衝資本及逆周期緩衝資本之規定。同樣地,作為構成巴塞爾協定則所實施其中一部份的槓桿比率,相關資料須每季向香港金管局呈報。為符合國際標準,香港金管局將最低槓桿比率設定為3%。

風險加權數額包括資產負債表內及外之信貸 風險、市場風險和操作風險之風險加權數額 合計。資產負債表內風險根據債務人或各類 風險性質分類及依據香港金管局認可之外部 信貸評級機構指定的信貸評級或其他載於《銀 行業(資本)規則》之原則且已考慮減輕信貸 風險對資本之影響來確定其風險加權值。資 產負債表外風險在未被分類及風險加權計算 前,已應用各項風險之相關信貸換算系數換 算其為信貸等值額,猶如當作其乃資產負債 表內風險。

包括在綜合財務狀況表之資本餘額,其主要構成為股本、保留溢利、其他權益性工具及其他儲備。《銀行業(資本)規則》並容許資本包括綜合撥備及監管儲備。

本集團管理層定期按澳門金融管理局(「澳門金管局」)及中國國家金融監督管理總局(「中國金融監管總局」)就監管用途發出的指引之方法,監控集團之澳門附屬銀行,澳門商業銀行及中國附屬銀行,大新銀行(中國)之資本充足度及法定資本之使用。

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

## (m) Capital management (Continued)

Under the regulatory framework in Hong Kong, DSB is required to meet three capital ratios, namely, the Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Tier 1 capital and Total capital respectively against risk-weighted assets. The internationally agreed minimum of these three ratios are set at 4.5%, 6.0% and 8.0% respectively and are adopted by the HKMA. In order to comply with HKMA's requirements as stated in the SPM CA-G-5 on "Supervisory Review Process", DSB is required to set further buffers, to reflect material risks not included in the minimum regulatory capital calculation, arising from regulator's requirements, internal assessment of risks and the results of stress tests under the Pillar II capital requirement. In addition, DSB is required to fulfil the capital conservation buffer and countercyclical capital buffer requirements set by the HKMA. Likewise, the Leverage Ratio forms part of Basel III implementation and the required information is submitted to the HKMA on quarterly basis. In line with the international standards, the minimum Leverage Ratio is set at 3% by the HKMA.

Risk-weighted amount is the aggregate of the risk-weighted amounts for credit risk, market risk and operational risk, and covers both on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet exposures. On-balance sheet exposures are classified according to the obligor or the nature of each exposure and risk-weighted based on the credit assessment rating assigned by an external credit assessment institution recognised by the HKMA or other rules as set out in the Banking (Capital) Rules, taking into account the capital effects of credit risk mitigation. Off-balance sheet exposures are converted into credit-equivalent amounts by applying relevant credit conversion factors to each exposure, before being classified and risk-weighted as if they were on-balance sheet exposures.

The principal forms of capital included in the balances on the consolidated statement of financial position are share capital, retained profits, other equity instruments and other reserves. Capital also includes collective provisions and regulatory reserve for general banking risks as allowed under the Banking (Capital) Rules.

Capital adequacy of and the use of regulatory capital by the Group's Macau banking subsidiary, BCM, and banking subsidiary in Mainland China, DSB China, are monitored regularly by the Group's management, employing techniques based on the guidelines provided by the Autoridade Monetaria de Macau ("AMCM") and the National Financial Regulatory Administration ("NFRA") respectively for supervisory purposes.

## 33. 風險管理(續

## (寅) 資本管理(續)

澳門商業銀行及大新銀行(中國)分別向澳門金管局及中國金融監管總局按季度呈報所需資料。澳門金管局規定澳門商業銀行以及中國金融監管總局規定大新銀行(中國)各須維持其自有資本或資本基礎對風險加權總額之比率(即資本充足比率)不低於法定要求之最低水平8%。

本集團若干非銀行附屬公司亦須遵循其他監管機構(例如:證券及期貨事務監察委員會) 之法定資本規定。

## (卯) 受託業務

本集團提供託管人、受託人、財富管理及諮詢服務予第三者,當中涉及本集團就不同之金融工具作出分配及買賣決定。此等以受信身份持有之資產,並不列入本集團之財務報表。此等服務可引致本集團被追索錯誤管理之風險。

#### (辰) 推出新產品或服務

集團風險政策內之新產品審批程序對每個新產品或服務之推出作出規定,要求有關業務部門及包括集團風險部在內之支援部門在推出前必須審閱關鍵的規定、風險評估及資源分配方案。倘新產品或服務可能對本集團之風險面貌有重大影響,則必須在推出前向董事會或其授權之委員會呈報。本集團之內部審核處會進行定期的獨立審閱及查核,以確保有關單位遵從新產品審批程序。

#### (巳) 內部審核處的角色

本集團之內部審核處是一個獨立、客觀及顧問性質的部門,集中於改進和維持本集團業務及後勤部門良好的內部控制。該處向一獨立非執行董事所主持的集團審核委員會作出功能上的匯報。內部審核處處理各類不同形式的內部控制活動,例如合規性審計,操作和系統覆查以確保本集團控制系統的完整性、效率和有效性。

#### 33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

## (m) Capital management (Continued)

The required information is filed by BCM with the AMCM and by DSB China with the NFRA on a quarterly basis. The AMCM requires BCM and the NFRA requires DSB China to maintain a ratio of own funds or capital base to total risk-weighted exposures (i.e. the capital adequacy ratio) not lower than the required statutory minimum of 8%.

Certain non-banking subsidiaries of the Group are also subject to statutory capital requirements from other regulatory authorities, such as the Securities and Futures Commission.

## (n) Fiduciary activities

The Group provides custody, trustee, wealth management and advisory services to third parties, which involve the Group making allocation and purchase and sale decisions in relation to a variety of financial instruments. Those assets that are held in a fiduciary capacity are not included in the Group's financial statements. These services could give rise to the risk that the Group could be accused of mal-administration.

## (o) Launch of new product or service

The launch of every new product or service is governed by the New Product Approval process stipulated under the Group Risk Policy which requires the relevant business and supporting units, including GRD, to review the critical requirements, risk assessment and resources plan before the launch. New products or services which could have a significant impact on the Group's risk profile should be brought to the attention of the Board or its designated committee(s) before the launch. The Group's Internal Audit function performs regular independent review and testing to ensure compliance by the relevant units in the new product approval process.

#### (p) The role of Internal Audit

The Group's Internal Audit Division is an independent, objective assurance and consulting unit, which is designed to focus on enhancing and sustaining sound internal control in all business and operational units of the Group. The Division reports functionally to the Group AC, which is chaired by an Independent Non-Executive Director. The Division conducts a wide variety of internal control activities such as compliance audits and operations and systems reviews to ensure the integrity, efficiency and effectiveness of the systems of control of the Group.

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 34. 資本充足比率

## 34. CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO

		2025年	2024年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2025	31 Dec 2024
資本充足比率	Capital adequacy ratio		
一普通股權一級	– Common Equity Tier 1	18.2%	16.9%
——級	– Tier 1	18.9%	17.6%
一整體	– Total	22.5%	21.0%

2025年6月30日及2024年12月31日之資本充足 比率乃大新銀行的綜合狀況(包括澳門商業銀 行及大新銀行(中國))根據《銀行業(資本)規 則》的巴塞爾協定III基礎所計算。該資本充足 比率的計算已考慮到市場風險和操作風險。

根據香港銀行業條例,大新銀行為香港註冊銀行須遵守資本充足比率最低要求。澳門商業銀行須遵守有關澳門銀行業監管的規定及大新銀行(中國)須遵守有關內地銀行業監管的規定。

## 35. 流動性維持比率

The capital adequacy ratio as at 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024 represents the consolidated position of DSB (covering BCM and DSB China) computed on Basel III basis in accordance with the Banking (Capital) Rules. This capital adequacy ratio takes into account market risk and operational risk.

DSB as a locally incorporated bank in Hong Kong is subject to the minimum capital adequacy ratio requirement under the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance. BCM is subject to Macau banking regulations and DSB China is subject to the Mainland banking regulations.

## **35. LIQUIDITY MAINTENANCE RATIO**

		#\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	+> 不 / 左	
		截至2025年	截至2024年	
		6月30日止	6月30日止	截至2024年
		6個月	6個月	12月31日止
		Six months	Six months	年度
		ended	ended	Year ended
		30 Jun 2025	30 Jun 2024	31 Dec 2024
流動性維持比率	Liquidity maintenance ratio	60.7%	64.7%	64.2%

流動性維持比率乃大新銀行(包括澳門商業銀行及大新銀行(中國))於財政年度6個月/12個月內各曆月之平均綜合流動性維持比率的簡單平均數。流動性維持比率是根據《銀行業(流動性)規則》計算。

大新銀行為香港註冊銀行須根據香港銀行業條例遵守流動性資金最低要求。澳門商業銀行須遵守有關澳門銀行業監管的規定及大新銀行(中國)須遵守有關內地銀行業監管的規定。

The LMR is calculated as the simple average of each calendar month's average consolidated liquidity maintenance ratio of DSB (covering BCM and DSB China) for the six/twelve months of the financial year. The LMR is computed in accordance with the Banking (Liquidity) Rules.

DSB as a locally incorporated bank in Hong Kong is subject to the liquidity requirement under the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance. BCM is subject to Macau banking regulations and DSB China is subject to the Mainland banking regulations.

## 財務比率 FINANCIAL RATIOS

		截至2025年 6月30日止 6個月	截至2024年 6月30日止 6個月
		Six months	Six months
		ended	ended
		30 Jun 2025	30 Jun 2024
淨利息收入/營運收入	Net interest income/operating income	73.1%	77.2%
成本對收入比率	Cost to income ratio	45.0%	48.5%
平均總資產回報(年率化)	Return on average total assets		
	(annualised)	1.2%	1.1%
平均股東資金回報 (年率化)	Return on average shareholders' funds		
	(annualised)	9.2%	8.5%
淨息差	Net interest margin	2.32%	2.09%
		2025年	2024年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2025	31 Dec 2024
貸款對存款比率	Loan to deposit ratio	67.8%	67.2%

## **CORPORATE AND BUSINESS OVERVIEW**

#### 概要

儘管面對多重外部挑戰,包括利率前景不確定性、持續疲弱的房地產市場及惡化的地緣政治局勢,香港於2025年上半年的經濟表現仍展現相當的韌性。第二季實質本地生產總值按年增長3.1%,高於上一季度的3.0%。

期內,銀行業面對錯綜複雜的營運環境。最優惠利率維持高位,而隨著香港金管局因港元觸發聯繫匯率強方兌換保證,於5月在市場注入港元資金,導致一個月香港銀行同業拆息於6月跌至三年低位。

香港銀行持續密切監控及管理本地房地產行業(尤其涉及商業地產開發商及投資者)的信貸風險。商業物業租金進一步下跌及空置率持續上升,反映了市場供應過剩的情況。儘管較低的香港銀行同業拆息整體而言為借款人帶來一些緩解,但商業物業借款人仍面臨壓力。

本集團在現時市況下審慎管理信貸相關風險,並確保作出適當的撥備。在充足抵押品的支持下,整體資產質素維持在可控水平,於本年6月30日的減值貸款比率輕微改善至3.12%,而於2024年底則為3.21%。同時,本集團加強控制資金成本,往來存款及儲蓄存款錄得穩健增長,有助維持可觀的淨息差。憑藉多年來在財富管理、財資產品及解決方案方面構建較強實力,本集團得以滿足不同客群的需求,包括滿足個人客戶在不同人生階段的多元化需要。

本集團憑藉較高淨息差、強勁的服務費及交易收入,整體表現穩健,惟部分增幅因營運支出及信貸減值虧損增加而被抵銷。本集團股東應佔溢利增加13%至約16億港元,其中4億4千3百萬港元來自重慶銀行的正面溢利貢獻。

#### **HIGHLIGHTS**

Hong Kong's economic performance in the first half of 2025 continued to be positive despite multiple external challenges, including the uncertain interest rate outlook, a prolonged weak property market, and worsened geopolitical tensions. Real GDP in the second quarter grew by 3.1% over a year earlier, picking up from 3.0% in the previous quarter.

The banking sector faced a mixed operating environment in the period. The prime rate remained elevated, while the one-month Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") fell to a three-year low in June, following the HKMA's injection of HKD liquidity in May after the Hong Kong dollar rose to the strong end of the peg range.

Banks in Hong Kong continued to closely monitor and manage credit risks in the domestic real estate sector, particularly relating to commercial property developers and investors. Further decline in rental rates and elevated vacancy rates of commercial properties reflected an oversupply in the market. Although the lower HIBOR provided some relief to borrowers in general, commercial property borrowers remained under pressure.

The Group managed credit related risks prudently and ensured appropriate provisioning in the current market conditions. Backed by sufficient collateral, overall asset quality remained manageable, with the impaired loan ratio improving slightly to 3.12% as at 30 June this year, compared to 3.21% as at the end of 2024. At the same time, the Group intensified efforts to control funding cost with respectable growth in current account and savings account deposits, which helped maintain a respectable net interest margin ("NIM"). Having built stronger capabilities in wealth management and treasury products and solutions over the years, the Group was able to meet strong demand from different customer segments, including satisfying diverse needs of personal customers in various life stages.

We reported a solid performance driven by higher NIM, and strong fees and trading income, which was partly offset by higher operating expenses and credit impairment charges. We reported a 13% rise in profit attributable to shareholders to approximately HK\$1.6 billion with a positive profit contribution from Bank of Chongqing of HK\$443 million.

## 業務及財務回顧

2025年中期業績表現穩健。截至6月30日止 六個月的淨利息收入按年增加9%,主要由 於自本年5月起在香港銀行同業拆息面臨下 行壓力下,資金成本下降速度快於資產收 益率。此增長受惠於淨息差較去年同期 闊23個基點至2.32%,反映我們謹慎的資金 成本管理。貸款對存款比率由2024年底的 67.2%微升至67.8%,與集團溫和的貸款增長 及嚴謹的存款成本管理相符。非利息收入強 勁增長36%,其中包括淨服務費及佣金收入 增加20%,及淨交易收入及其他營運收入合 共增加102%。

營運支出增加7%,主要由於資訊科技支出及員工成本(包括績效薪酬)上升,而本集團的營運收入總額增長帶動盈利能力提升,足以抵銷營運支出的增加,且本集團致力於保持嚴謹的整體成本控制。成本對收入比率改善至45.0%,而去年同期則為48.5%。此外,信貸減值虧損按年增加34%,主要對香港的度入與他企業貸款所作的業房地產風險敞口及其他企業貸款所作的業份,當戶對大學。本集團已於2024年及先前年度就中國內地房地產業的風險敞口作出大學。

#### **BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW**

Our interim results in 2025 demonstrated a solid performance. Net interest income grew by 9% year on year for the six months ended 30 June mainly as our funding costs decreased at a faster pace than asset yields amidst the downward pressure on HIBOR starting from May this year. This growth was supported by a 23 basis points' expansion in NIM to 2.32% as compared to the same period last year, reflecting our disciplined funding cost management. The loan-to-deposit ratio increased slightly to 67.8% from 67.2% at the end of 2024, consistent with our mild loan growth and disciplined deposit cost management. Non-interest income increased strongly by 36%, including a 20% growth in net fee and commission income and a 102% rise in the aggregate of net trading income and other operating income.

Operating expenses increased by 7% mainly due to higher IT expenses and staff costs, including performance related compensation, whilst the Group achieved a higher profitability with increase in total operating income which more than compensated for the rise in operating expenses, and strived to remain disciplined in overall cost control. The cost-to-income ratio improved to 45.0%, compared to 48.5% in the same period last year. Additionally, credit impairment charges rose by 34% year on year, predominantly reflecting prudent provisioning for Hong Kong commercial real estate exposures and other corporate loans. Sequentially, credit impairment charges reduced by 42% compared with the second half of 2024. Having written down exposures to the Mainland China property sector in 2024 and prior years, the Group did not experience much impact from the residual credit exposures in this sector.

## 集團及業務概覽 CORPORATE AND BUSINESS OVERVIEW

## 業務及財務回顧續

個人銀行業務表現穩健,營運收入按年上升 13%,減值後營運溢利按年增加26%。該表 現主要受惠於財富管理收入及銀行保險業 務收入強勁增長。另一方面,企業銀行業務 的營運收入下跌,主要由於客戶貸款需求疲 弱,惟部分被非利息收入輕微增加所抵銷。 由於收入減少及信貸減值虧損增加,該業務 的減值後營運溢利按年下跌55%。

受惠於投資情緒改善及市場波動增加的客戶需求/商機,財資及環球市場業務的減值後營運溢利增加66%。期內,該業務分部的交易證券及衍生工具錄得較高的正公平值變動,同時資金掉期支出減少以及推廣及銷售收入增加。中國內地及澳門銀行業務錄得溢利減少,主要由於營運收入減少及信貸減值虧損增加。儘管面對充滿挑戰的營商環境,本集團持續保持穩健的流動資金狀況及健康的現金流。

按本集團2025年上半年之綜合溢利,年率化平均總資產回報為1.2%及年率化平均股東資金回報為9.2%,而去年同期則分別為1.1%及8.5%。於2025年6月30日,本集團之綜合普通股權一級資本比率及整體綜合資本充足比率分別為18.2%及22.5%,而流動性維持比率為60.7%。大新銀行的資本及流動資金狀況維持穩健。

## **BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)**

The Personal Banking business registered a solid performance, with operating income advancing by 13% and operating profit after impairment growing 26% year on year. The performance was mainly driven by a strong growth in wealth management income and bancassurance income. On the other hand, the Corporate Banking business reported a decline in operating income, primarily due to weakness in customer loan demand which was partly offset by a slight increase in non-interest income. The operating profit after impairment of this business fell by 55%, resulting from a lower revenue and higher credit impairment charges.

The Treasury and Global Markets business achieved a 66% increase in operating profit after impairment, benefiting from improved investment sentiment as well as increased customer needs/business opportunities in times of market volatility. During the period, the segment saw higher positive fair value changes on securities and derivatives for trading, together with lower funding swap expenses and higher marketing and sales income. The businesses of Mainland China and Macau Banking reported a lower profit largely due to lower operating income and higher credit impairment charges. The Group continued to maintain a robust liquidity position and healthy cash flow against a challenging business environment.

Our consolidated profit for the first half of 2025 represented an annualised return on average total assets of 1.2% and an annualised return on average shareholders' funds of 9.2%, compared to 1.1% and 8.5% respectively in the same period last year. As at 30 June 2025, our consolidated Common Equity Tier 1 ratio and total consolidated capital adequacy ratio were 18.2% and 22.5% respectively, and our liquidity maintenance ratio was at 60.7%. DSB's capital and liquidity positions remained robust.

#### 前瞻

美國近期對多個國家加徵關稅,顯著加劇全球市場的不明朗。美國利率政策的不確定性亦持續為銀行業帶來挑戰。

本地消費模式轉變(主要受電子商務及北上消費影響),令小企業營商環境更具挑戰性。香港金管局已推出相關措施,香港的銀行亦普遍積極支持中小企業應對當前的挑戰。自2025年3月起,香港政府亦加強現有的「新資本投資者入境計劃」,旨在吸引更多資產擁有者探索多元化的投資機會,從而推動私人銀行及財富管理業務的發展。

此外,香港於近幾個月在整體投資及首次公開招股活動出現反彈,反映出投資情緒及投資者信心回升。於6月發布的《2025年世界競爭力年報》中,香港獲評為全球最具競爭力的三大經濟體之一,標誌著香港自2019年以來重返全球三甲。在複雜的宏觀經濟及地緣政治環境下,香港於2025年的經濟表現再次證明,需要一直保持適應力和韌性去維持最佳競爭力。

展望未來,香港銀行業仍保持盈利且資本充足,而香港經濟亦將與時俱進。在外部挑戰及經濟不明朗的影響下,我們預計2025年的信貸成本將仍然高企,且業務前景在今年餘下時間將不會出現顯著變化。本集團將專注以客戶為中心、風險管理及集團業務的其他宗旨,繼續經營其業務和運作。

#### **PROSPECTS**

The recent imposition of US tariffs on various countries has significantly heightened global market uncertainty. Uncertainties surrounding US interest rate policies also pose ongoing challenges for banks.

Shifting domestic consumption patterns, largely due to e-commerce and northbound spending, have led to a more challenging operating environment for small businesses. The HKMA has introduced relevant measures and banks in Hong Kong have generally been proactive to support SMEs through the current challenges. The Hong Kong Government has also enhanced the existing New Capital Investment Entrant Scheme since March 2025, aiming to attract more asset owners to explore their diverse investment opportunities, thereby boosting private banking and wealth management businesses.

Furthermore, Hong Kong saw a rebound in overall investment and Initial Public Offering activities during recent months, reflective of the improved investment sentiment and investor confidence. The World Competitiveness Yearbook 2025, published in June, ranked Hong Kong among the world's top three most competitive economies, marking its return to the top tier after 2019. The performance of the Hong Kong economy in 2025 reaffirms the need for adaptability and resilience in order for Hong Kong to sustain its competitiveness given the complex macro and geopolitical situation.

Looking ahead, Hong Kong's banking sector remains profitable and well-capitalised, while the Hong Kong economy evolves with changing times. Amidst external challenges and economic uncertainties, elevated credit costs are expected to persist through 2025 and business outlook is not expected to be materially different in the remaining months of the year. The Group will continue to run its businesses and operations by focusing on customer centricity, risk management and other key tenets of our Group's business model.

## 企業管治及其他資料

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OTHER INFORMATION

#### 中期股息

董事會宣布派發2025年中期股息每股 0.31港元,該中期股息將於2025年9月18日 (星期四)派發予於2025年9月10日(星期三) 辦公時間結束時名列股東名冊上之股東。

## 暫停辦理股東登記

為釐定股東有權獲派發中期股息:

截止辦理股份過戶時間 Latest time to lodge transfers

暫停辦理股東登記手續(包括首尾兩天) Closure of Register of Shareholders (both days inclusive)

記錄日期 Record date

為確保合資格獲派中期股息,所有股份過戶 文件連同有關股票必須在有關之截止辦理 股份過戶時間前送達本公司之股份登記處 香港中央證券登記有限公司辦理過戶手續, 地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心 17樓1712至1716室。

#### **INTERIM DIVIDEND**

The Directors have declared an interim dividend of HK\$0.31 per share for 2025 payable on Thursday, 18 September 2025 to shareholders whose names are on the Register of Shareholders at the close of business on Wednesday, 10 September 2025.

#### **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF SHAREHOLDERS**

For determining shareholders' entitlement to receive the interim dividend:

2025年9月5日(星期五)下午4時30分 4:30 p.m. on 5 September 2025 (Friday)

2025年9月8日 (星期一) 至2025年9月10日 (星期三) 8 September 2025 (Monday) to 10 September 2025 (Wednesday)

> 2025年9月10日 (星期三) 10 September 2025 (Wednesday)

In order to qualify for the interim dividend, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong before the above latest time to lodge transfers.

## 董事及行政總裁權益

於2025年6月30日,根據《證券及期貨條例》 第XV部,本公司之董事及行政總裁所持有本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見《證券及期貨 條例》第XV部)而須向本公司及香港聯合交 所有限公司(「香港交易所」)申報之股份、 關股份及債券的權益(包括按照《證券及期貨 條例》之規定而擁有或視作擁有之權益及 之規定而擁有或視作擁有之權益及 意),或按《證券及期貨條例》規定而設置 登記冊所載,或因遵照《上市發行人董事 行證券交易的標準守則》及本公司所採納之 董事證券交易守則(合稱「證券標準守則」)而 須知會本公司及香港交易所之權益及淡倉 如下:

#### INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

As at 30 June 2025, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the Chief Executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) which were required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("SEHK") pursuant to Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they have taken on or are deemed to have acquired under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or as otherwise required to be notified to the Company and the SEHK pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers and the code of conduct for directors' securities dealing adopted by the Company (collectively the "Securities Model Code") were as follows:

/上口 8%/二07///

		2	<b>本公司普通股股份</b> /	<b>在大型</b> 和關股份數目		佔已發行股份 總數之權益 百分比
			dinary shares/underl		e Company	日ガル Percentage of
	_	個人權益	法團權益	其他權益	合計權益	interests in the
		Personal	Corporate	Other	Total	total number of
董事	Directors	interests	interests	interests	interests	issued shares
王守業	David Shou-Yeh Wong	-	1,045,626,955 (1)	-	1,045,626,955	74.38%
王伯凌	Gary Pak-Ling Wang	1,384,691 (2)(4)	-	-	1,384,691	0.10%
麥曉德	Nicholas John Mayhew	2,991,076 (3)(4)	-	-	2,991,076	0.21%
			集團有限公司普通歷 r of ordinary shares/			佔已發行股份 總數之權益 百分比
	_	D	ah Sing Financial Ho	ldings Limited		Percentage of
		個人權益	法團權益	其他權益	合計權益	interests in the
		Personal	Corporate	Other	Total	total number of
董事	Directors	interests	interests	interests	interests	issued shares
王守業	David Shou-Yeh Wong	410,001 (5)	137,285,682 (6)	-	137,695,683	43.09%
黃漢興	Hon-Hing Wong (Derek Wong)	129,787 (7)	-	-	129,787	0.04%
王伯凌	Gary Pak-Ling Wang	217,392 (8)	-	-	217,392	0.07%

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OTHER INFORMATION

#### 董事及行政總裁權益 續

#### INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

(Continued)

重慶銀行股份有限公司普通股股份/相關股份數目(A股)

Number of ordinary shares/underlying shares of

Rank of Chongging Co. Ltd. - A shares

佔已發行股份 總數之權益

百分比

			Bank of Chongqing Co., Ltd A snares				
		個人權益	法團權益	其他權益	合計權益	interests in the	
		Personal	Corporate	Other	Total	total number of	
董事	Director	interests	interests	interests	interests	issued shares	
黃漢興	Hon-Hing Wong (Derek Wong)	9,800	-	_	9,800	0.00%	

#### 註:

- (1) 該等股份包括(a)大新金融集團有限公司 (「大新金融」) 持有本公司74.37%控制權 益,而根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部的定 義因王守業擁有大新金融43.09%實益權 益而被視作間接擁有本公司股份之法團 權益,以及(b)由王守業擁有控制權之公 司所持有之本公司權益。
- 個人權益包括(a)本公司934,691股普通股 股份權益;及(b)本公司授出有關以現金 結算以股份為基礎之獎勵權利(如下文 註(4)所述) 而被視作持有本公司450,000股 之名義相關股份權益。
- 個人權益包括(a)本公司2.541.076股普通 股股份權益;及(b)本公司授出有關以現 金結算以股份為基礎之獎勵權利(如下文 註(4)所述) 而被視作持有本公司450,000股 之名義相關股份權益。
- 本公司於2018年3月20日設立一項以現金 結算以股份為基礎之獎勵權利計劃,作 為獎勵僱員的長期獎勵計劃。根據該計 劃授予的權利,於授予日起計第1個周年 分5批平均歸屬並可予以行使。在滿意表 現評估因素的前提下,承授人可行使其 歸屬的權利。該計劃是一項將承授人的 表現與本公司股價掛勾的遞延現金獎勵 計劃,並不會向承授人發行任何本公司 股份。

#### Notes:

- (1) Such shares included (a) the indirect corporate interests of David Shou-Yeh Wong in the Company under Part XV of the SFO by virtue of his beneficial interests of 43.09% in Dah Sing Financial Holdings Limited ("DSFH") which currently holds a controlling interest of 74.37% in the Company and (b) interests in the Company held through a company controlled by David Shou-Yeh Wong.
- The personal interests comprised of (a) interests in 934,691 ordinary shares of the Company; and (b) deemed interests in 450,000 notional underlying shares of the Company relating to cash-settled share-based incentive options granted by the Company as explained in note (4) below.
- (3)The personal interests comprised of (a) interests in 2,541,076 ordinary shares of the Company; and (b) deemed interests in 450,000 notional underlying shares of the Company relating to cash-settled share-based incentive options granted by the Company as explained in note (4) below.
- The Company had established a cash-settled share-based incentive option scheme as a long-term incentive plan to incentivize employees on 20 March 2018. The rights granted under the scheme shall be exercisable upon vesting in 5 equal tranches commencing from the first anniversary of the date of grant. Subject to the satisfaction of performance appraisal factors, the grantees may exercise their vested options. No shares of the Company will be issued to the grantees of the options under the scheme which is essentially a deferred cash incentive scheme linked to the performance of the grantees and the share price of the Company.

## 董事及行政總裁權益 續

#### 註:(續)

- (5) 個人權益包括(a)大新金融194,487股普通股股份權益;及(b)大新金融授出之 215,514股獎授股份權益。獎授股份詳情 載於「本公司及其相聯法團之股份計劃」 一節。
- (6) 董事於法團權益乃指(a)由其於股東大會 上可控制三分之一或以上投票權之法團 所持有之股份及(b)透過家族全權信託旗 下公司持有之股份。滙豐國際信託有限 公司為家族全權信託受託人,王守業為 其授予人。
- (7) 個人權益包括(a)大新金融45,083股普通股股份權益;及(b)大新金融授出之84,704股獎授股份權益。獎授股份詳情載於「本公司及其相聯法團之股份計劃」一節。
- (8) 個人權益包括(a)大新金融91,973股普 通股股份權益;及(b)大新金融授出之 125,419股獎授股份權益。獎授股份詳情 載於「本公司及其相聯法團之股份計劃」 一節。
- (9) 個人權益包括(a)大新金融175,620股普 通股股份權益;及(b)大新金融授出之 377,422股獎授股份權益。獎授股份詳情 載於「本公司及其相聯法團之股份計劃」 一節。

所有上述權益皆屬好倉。於2025年6月30日,本公司依據《證券及期貨條例》而設置之董事及行政總裁權益及淡倉登記冊內並無董事或行政總裁持有淡倉的記錄。

除上文所披露者以及於「本公司及其相聯 法團之股份計劃」一節所披露外,於2025年 6月30日,本公司董事或行政總裁及其各自 之聯繫人士概無於本公司或其任何相聯法 團(定義見《證券及期貨條例》第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有已在本公司按 《證券及期貨條例》第352條規定備存之登記 冊中記錄,或根據證券標準守則已知會本公司及香港交易所之任何權益或淡倉。

## INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

#### (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (5) The personal interests comprised of (a) interests in 194,487 ordinary shares of DSFH; and (b) interests in 215,514 award shares granted by DSFH. Details of share awards are set out in the section headed "Share Schemes of the Company and its Associated Corporation".
- (6) The corporate interests were in respect of shares held by (a) a corporation in which the director controls one third or more of the voting powers at general meetings and (b) shares held by companies under a family discretionary trust. HSBC International Trustee Limited is the trustee of a family discretionary trust of which David Shou-Yeh Wong is the settlor.
- (7) The personal interests comprised of (a) interests in 45,083 ordinary shares of DSFH; and (b) interests in 84,704 award shares granted by DSFH. Details of share awards are set out in the section headed "Share Schemes of the Company and its Associated Corporation".
- (8) The personal interests comprised of (a) interests in 91,973 ordinary shares of DSFH; and (b) interests in 125,419 award shares granted by DSFH. Details of share awards are set out in the section headed "Share Schemes of the Company and its Associated Corporation".
- (9) The personal interests comprised of (a) interests in 175,620 ordinary shares of DSFH; and (b) interests in 377,422 award shares granted by DSFH. Details of share awards are set out in the section headed "Share Schemes of the Company and its Associated Corporation".

All the interests stated above represented long positions. As at 30 June 2025, none of the Directors or Chief Executive of the Company held any short positions as defined under the SFO which are required to be recorded in the register of directors' and chief executive's interests and short positions.

Save as disclosed above and the details as disclosed under the section headed "Share Schemes of the Company and its Associated Corporation", as at 30 June 2025, none of the Directors or Chief Executive of the Company and their respective associates had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the SEHK pursuant to the Securities Model Code.

## 企業管治及其他資料

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OTHER INFORMATION

## 本公司及其相聯法團之股份計劃

## (甲) 本公司

#### 1. 認股權計劃

本公司於2024年5月31日採納認股權計劃(「大新銀行集團認股權計劃」)。

自採納日起至2025年6月30日止,並無認股權根據大新銀行集團認股權計劃授出。於2025年1月1日及2025年6月30日,根據大新銀行集團認股權計劃可授出之認股權數目為14,057,521股。

## **II.** 股份獎勵計劃

本公司於2021年9月9日採納股份獎勵計劃(「大新銀行集團股份獎勵計劃」),並於2024年5月31日修訂和重列。

自採納日起至2025年6月30日止,並無獎授股份根據大新銀行集團股份獎勵計劃授出。於2025年1月1日及2025年6月30日,根據大新銀行集團股份獎勵計劃可授出之獎授股份數目為126,517,691股。

## SHARE SCHEMES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

#### (a) The Company

#### I. Share option scheme

The Company has adopted a share option scheme (the "DSBG Share Option Scheme") on 31 May 2024.

No share options had been granted under the DSBG Share Option Scheme from the date of its adoption to 30 June 2025. The number of the share options available for grant under the DSBG Share Option Scheme as at 1 January 2025 and 30 June 2025 was 14,057,521.

#### II. Share award scheme

The Company has adopted a share award scheme (the "DSBG Share Award Scheme") on 9 September 2021, which was amended and restated on 31 May 2024.

No award shares had been granted under the DSBG Share Award Scheme from the date of its adoption to 30 June 2025. The number of share awards available for grant under the DSBG Share Award Scheme as at 1 January 2025 and 30 June 2025 was 126,517,691.

## 本公司及其相聯法團之股份計劃 續

## (乙) 本公司控股公司-大新金融集團有限公司

#### 1. 認股權計劃

大新金融於2024年5月31日採納認股權計劃(「大新金融認股權計劃」)。

自採納日起至2025年6月30日止, 並無認股權根據大新金融認股權計劃授出。於2025年1月1日及 2025年6月30日,根據大新金融認 股權計劃可授出之認股權數目為 3,195,751股。

#### **II.** 股份獎勵計劃

大新金融於2021年9月9日採納股份獎勵計劃(「大新金融股份獎勵計劃」),並於2022年3月30日更新和修訂及於2024年5月31日進一步修訂和重列。

於2025年1月1日及2025年6月30日,根據大新金融股份獎勵計劃可授出之獎授股份數目分別為26,406,387股及25,715,144股。

根據大新金融股份獎勵計劃授出 之獎授股份及按香港聯合交易所 有限公司證券上市規則(「《上市 規則》」)而須披露之資料如下:

## SHARE SCHEMES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATION (Continued)

## (b) Dah Sing Financial Holdings Limited, the holding company of the Company

#### I. Share option scheme

DSFH has adopted a share option scheme (the "DSFH Share Option Scheme") on 31 May 2024.

No share options had been granted under the DSFH Share Option Scheme from the date of its adoption to 30 June 2025. The number of the share options available for grant under the DSFH Share Option Scheme as at 1 January 2025 and 30 June 2025 was 3,195,751.

#### II. Share award scheme

DSFH has adopted a share award scheme (the "DSFH Share Award Scheme") on 9 September 2021, which was updated and amended on 30 March 2022 and further amended and restated on 31 May 2024.

The number of share awards available for grant under the DSFH Share Award Scheme as at 1 January 2025 and 30 June 2025 was 26,406,387 and 25,715,144 respectively.

Particulars of share awards granted under the DSFH Share Award Scheme and information that is required to be disclosed in accordance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") are set out below:

## 本公司及其相聯法團之股份計劃續

## (乙) 本公司控股公司 - 大新金融集團有限公司 續)

W. 股份獎勵計劃(續)

# SHARE SCHEMES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATION (Continued)

## (b) Dah Sing Financial Holdings Limited, the holding company of the Company (Continued)

II. Share award scheme (Continued)

## 大新金融獎授股份數目 Number of DSFH Award Shares

		授出日 Date of grant (日/月/年)	於2025年 1月1日 尚未歸屬 Unvested as at	期內授出 <sup>(4)(5)</sup> Granted during the	期內歸屬 <sup>(6)</sup> Vested during the	期內失效 Lapsed during the	於2025年 6月30日 尚未歸屬 Unvested as at	歸屬期 Vesting period (日/月/年)
承授人	Grantees	(D/M/Y)	01/01/2025	period (4)(5)	period <sup>(6)</sup>	period	30/06/2025	(D/M/Y)
董事	Directors							
王守業	David Shou-Yeh Wong	03/04/2023	115,640	-	57,820	-	57,820	03/04/2023 – 03/04/2026 <sup>(2)</sup>
		03/04/2024	236,541	-	78,847	-	157,694	03/04/2024 – 03/04/2027 <sup>(2)</sup>
黃漢興	Hon-Hing Wong (Derek Wong)	03/04/2023	26,514	-	13,257	-	13,257	03/04/2023 - 03/04/2026 <sup>(2)</sup>
		03/04/2024	55,709	-	18,569	-	37,140	03/04/2024 – 03/04/2027 <sup>(2)</sup>
		03/04/2025	-	34,307	-	-	34,307	03/04/2025 – 03/04/2028 <sup>(2)</sup>
王伯凌	Gary Pak-Ling Wang	03/04/2023	71,376	-	35,688	-	35,688	03/04/2023 – 03/04/2026 <sup>(2)</sup>
		03/04/2024	61,795	-	20,598	-	41,197	03/04/2024 – 03/04/2027 <sup>(2)</sup>
		03/04/2025	-	48,534	-	-	48,534	03/04/2025 – 03/04/2028 <sup>(2)</sup>
麥曉德	Nicholas John Mayhew	06/12/2022	43,620	-	-	-	43,620	06/12/2022 – 06/12/2027 <sup>(1)</sup>
		03/04/2023	83,524	-	41,762	-	41,762	03/04/2023 – 03/04/2026 <sup>(2)</sup>
		03/04/2024	189,049	-	63,016	-	126,033	03/04/2024 – 03/04/2027 <sup>(2)</sup>
		03/04/2025	-	166,007	-	-	166,007	03/04/2025 – 03/04/2028 <sup>(2)</sup>
其他僱員總額 (3)	Aggregate of other employees (3)	06/12/2022	180,660	-	-	1,020	179,640	06/12/2022 – 06/12/2027 <sup>(1)</sup>
		03/04/2023	268,806	-	132,038	-	136,768	03/04/2023 – 03/04/2026 <sup>(2)</sup>
		03/04/2024	589,696	-	193,291	-	396,405	03/04/2024 – 03/04/2027 <sup>(2)</sup>
		03/04/2025	-	443,415	-	-	443,415	03/04/2025 – 03/04/2028 <sup>(2)</sup>

## 本公司及其相聯法團之股份計劃 續

## (乙) 本公司控股公司 - 大新金融集團有限公司 續)

11. 股份獎勵計劃(續)

註:

- (1) 於2022年12月6日授出之獎授 股份,自授出日起計第1個至 第5個周年分5批平均歸屬。
- (2) 於2023年4月3日、2024年4月3日 及2025年4月3日授出之獎授 股份,自授出日起計第1個至 第3個周年分3批歸屬。
- (3) 獎授股份乃授予若干大新金融集團合資格僱員,彼等為大新金融董事或僱員,或大新金融集團任何其他成員。 合資格僱員亦包括大新金融前僱員。
- (4) 於2025年4月3日,大新金融 合共授出692,263股大新金融 獎授股份。大新金融股份在 2025年4月2日(即2025年4月3日 授出大新金融獎授股份當日 之前一個營業日)的收市價為 每股28.60港元。授出之獎授股 份以現有已發行股份支付。
- (5) 於2025年4月3日授出之大新 金融獎授股份之公平價值為 每股28.70港元。
- (6) 大新金融股份緊接大新金融 獎授股份於2025年6月30日止 6個月期間內歸屬日期前的加 權平均收市價為31.10港元。
- (7) 於2025年6月30日止6個月期 間並無大新金融獎授股份註 銷。

## SHARE SCHEMES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATION (Continued)

- (b) Dah Sing Financial Holdings Limited, the holding company of the Company (Continued)
  - II. Share award scheme (Continued)

Notes:

- (1) Share awards granted on 6 December 2022 are vested in 5 equal tranches between the first and fifth anniversaries from the date of grant.
- (2) Share awards granted on 3 April 2023, 3 April 2024 and 3 April 2025 are vested in 3 tranches between the first and third anniversaries from the date of grant.
- (3) Share awards were granted to certain eligible employees of the DSFH Group, who are directors or employees of DSFH or any other members of the DSFH Group. Eligible employees also include former employees of DSFH.
- (4) On 3 April 2025, DSFH granted a total of 692,263 DSFH award shares. The closing price of the shares of DSFH on 2 April 2025 (being the business day immediately before 3 April 2025 on which the DSFH award shares were granted) was HK\$28.60 per share. The award shares granted are satisfied by existing issued shares.
- (5) The fair value of the DSFH award shares granted on 3 April 2025 was HK\$28.70 per share.
- (6) The weighted average closing price of the shares of DSFH immediately before the date on which the DSFH award shares were vested during the six months ended 30 June 2025 was HK\$31.10.
- (7) No DSFH award shares were cancelled during the six months ended 30 June 2025.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OTHER INFORMATION

#### 主要股東權益

於2025年6月30日,以下人士(本公司董事及 行政總裁之權益已於上文披露除外)於本 公司股份及相關股份中,持有本公司根據 《證券及期貨條例》第XV部第336條規定存置 的股東權益登記冊予以記錄或據本公司知 悉的權益或淡倉。

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS

As of 30 June 2025, the following are the persons, other than the Directors and Chief Executive of the Company whose interests are disclosed above, who had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register of shareholders' interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of Part XV of the SFO or otherwise known to the Company.

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名稱 Name	身份 Capacity	所持股份數目/ 股份之權益 Number of shares held/ Interests in shares	信已發行股份 總數之權益 百分比 <sup>(4)</sup> Percentage of interests in the total number of issued shares <sup>(4)</sup>
王嚴君琴 Christine Yen Wong	因其配偶擁有須予披露權益而被視作持有權益 Deemed interests by virtue of her spouse having a notifiable interest	1,045,626,955 (1)	74.38%
大新金融集團有限公司(「大新金融」) Dah Sing Financial Holdings Limited ("DSFH")	實益權益 Beneficial interests	1,045,461,643	74.37%
王祖興 Harold Tsu-Hing Wong	實益權益及被視為持有信託人間接持有的股份權益 Beneficial interests and deemed interests in shares indirectly held by trustee	1,047,500,188 (2)	74.52%
滙豐國際信託有限公司 (「滙豐信託」) HSBC International Trustee Limited ("HSBCIT")	信託人及法團權益 Trustee and corporate interests	1,045,461,643 (3)	74.37%

## 註:

(1) 該等股份屬王嚴君琴被視作持有之權益,皆因其配偶王守業乃大新金融之主要股東持有本公司相關股本的控股法團權益及王守業透過其控股法團持有本公司權益。王嚴君琴因此須就其被視作持有之權益而作出披露。此等權益與王守業於上述「董事及行政總裁權益」披露中所載持有本公司權益相同。

#### Notes:

(1) Such shares represented the deemed interests of Christine Yen Wong by virtue of her spouse, David Shou-Yeh Wong, being a substantial shareholder of DSFH which held a controlling corporate interest in the relevant share capital of the Company and interests in the Company held through a company in which David Shou-Yeh Wong has a controlling interest. Christine Yen Wong was taken to have a duty of disclosure in respect of the deemed interests in the Company. These interests comprised the same interests of David Shou-Yeh Wong under the heading "Interests of Directors and Chief Executive" above.

#### 主要股東權益續

#### 註:續

- (2) 權益包括(a)於本公司1,038,545股普通股之股份權益;(b)按本公司授出以現金支付股份為基礎之獎勵認股權而被視作持有本公司1,000,000股相關股份之權益;及(c)根據《證券及期貨條例》第322條被視為持有由大新金融及家族全權信託受託人滙豐信託持有之本公司1,045,461,643股股份權益,王守業為該信託之授予人。
- (3) 該等股份屬大新金融在本公司之法團權益並由滙豐信託以王守業作為授予人之家族全權信託受託人身份間接持有。 滙豐信託須就由其操控公司持有本公司相關股份而作出披露。相關股份已於上述「董事及行政總裁權益」有關王守業的「法團權益」一項中披露。
- (4) 權益百分比乃根據本公司於2025年6月 30日之已發行股份總數計算。
- (5) 所有上述權益皆屬好倉。

除上述披露者外,於2025年6月30日,概無其他人士於本公司股份及相關股份中,持有本公司根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部第336條規定存置的股東權益登記冊予以記錄或據本公司知悉的任何權益或淡倉。

## 遵守企業管治守則

截至2025年6月30日止6個月期間內,本公司已應用《上市規則》附錄C1第二部分之《企業管治守則》(「企業管治守則」)的守則原則及一直遵守企業管治守則條文。

#### **SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS (Continued)**

Notes: (Continued)

- (2) The interests comprised of (a) interests in 1,038,545 ordinary shares of the Company; (b) deemed interests in 1,000,000 notional underlying shares of the Company relating to the cash-settled share-based incentive options granted by the Company; and (c) deemed interests pursuant to section 322 of the SFO in 1,045,461,643 shares of the Company held by DSFH and HSBCIT through a family discretionary trust of which David Shou-Yeh Wong is the settlor.
- (3) Such shares represented DSFH's corporate interests in the Company indirectly held by HSBCIT in trust for a family discretionary trust of which David Shou-Yeh Wong is the settlor. HSBCIT was taken to have a duty of disclosure in relation to the relevant shares of the Company held through companies of which it has control. The relevant shares have been included in the "Corporate interests" of David Shou-Yeh Wong as disclosed under the heading "Interests of Directors and Chief Executive" above.
- (4) The percentage of interests was calculated with reference to the total number of issued shares of the Company as at 30 June 2025.
- (5) All the interests stated above represented long positions.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2025, no other persons had any interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register of shareholders' interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of Part XV of the SFO or otherwise known to the Company.

#### **COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE**

During the six months ended 30 June 2025, the Company has applied the principles and complied with the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code under Part 2 of Appendix C1 of the Listing Rules.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OTHER INFORMATION

## 董事之證券交易守則

本公司已採納一套自行制定且條款不低於《上市規則》附錄C3《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「《標準守則》」)所載規定的董事進行證券交易的董事證券交易守則(「董事交易守則」)。經向本公司董事作出特定查詢後,彼等已確認於截至2025年6月30日止6個月期間,均已遵守《標準守則》及本公司之董事交易守則。

## 董事資料之變動

根據《上市規則》第13.51B(1)條,自刊發本公司2024年年報起(或,如適用,就於其後獲委任的董事而言,則自獲委任為本公司董事之公布日期)至本中期業績報告日期止,董事披露資料的變動如下:

#### (甲) 王守業先生

主席

固定薪酬由2025年4月1日起每月增加97,500港元

### (乙) 黃漢興先生

副主席、董事總經理兼行政總裁

一 固定薪酬由2025年4月1日起調整 現金津貼由每月147,900港元增加 至每月153,700港元

## (丙) 王伯凌先生

執行董事

一 固定薪酬由2025年4月1日起調整 現金津貼由每月40,800港元增加至 每月42,800港元及由2025年8月11日 起調整基本薪金由每月164,000港元 增加至每月180,400港元

#### **CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS**

The Company has adopted its own code of conduct for directors' securities dealing ("Directors' Dealing Code") on terms no less exacting than the prevailing required standard set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") under Appendix C3 of the Listing Rules. Following specific enquiry, the Directors of the Company confirmed that they had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code and the Directors' Dealing Code throughout the six months ended 30 June 2025.

#### **CHANGES IN INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO DIRECTORS**

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, changes in the information required to be disclosed by the Directors since the publication of the 2024 Annual Report of the Company (or, where applicable as regards Director appointed subsequent thereto, since the date of announcement for appointment) and up to the date of this Interim Report are set out below:

#### (a) Mr. David Shou-Yeh Wong

Chairman

 Increase of fixed remuneration by HK\$97,500 per month with effect from 1 April 2025

### (b) Mr. Hon-Hing Wong (Derek Wong)

Vice Chairman, Managing Director and Chief Executive

 Fixed remuneration adjusted with an increase in the cash allowance from HK\$147,900 to HK\$153,700 per month with effect from 1 April 2025

## (c) Mr. Gary Pak-Ling Wang

Executive Director

 Fixed remuneration adjusted with an increase in the cash allowance from HK\$40,800 to HK\$42,800 per month with effect from 1 April 2025 and with an increase in the basic salary from HK\$164,000 to HK\$180,400 per month with effect from 11 August 2025

## 董事資料之變動 續

## (丁) 麥曉德先生

副行政總裁

一 固定薪酬由2025年4月1日起調整 現金津貼由每月283,500港元增加 至每月290,500港元

#### (戊) 裴布雷先生

獨立非執行董事

由2025年6月18日起獲委任為第一 太平有限公司之特設遴選委員會 之成員

## (己) 陳霞芳女士

獨立非執行董事

- 由2025年5月31日起獲委任為本公司及大新銀行有限公司之提名及薪酬委員會之成員
- 一 董事袍金由2025年5月31日起調整 至每年610,000港元(包括附屬公 司之薪酬)

除上文所披露者外,並無其他資料須根據 《上市規則》第13.51B(1)條作出披露。

## 未經審核之財務報表

本中期業績報告之財務資料為未經審核及 不構成法定之財務報表。

## 審閱財務報表

審核委員會與管理層已審閱本集團沿用之會計準則與實務,並就有關內部監控及財務報告事宜(包括審閱本集團截至2025年6月30日止6個月之未經審核之中期財務報表)進行審閱及商討。

## 購買、出售或贖回證券

截至2025年6月30日止6個月期間,本公司或 其任何附屬公司並無購買、出售或贖回任何 本公司之上市證券。

## **CHANGES IN INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO DIRECTORS** (Continued)

#### (d) Mr. Nicholas John Mayhew

Deputy Chief Executive

 Fixed remuneration adjusted with an increase in the cash allowance from HK\$283,500 to HK\$290,500 per month with effect from 1 April 2025

#### (e) Mr. Blair Chilton Pickerell

Independent Non-Executive Director

 Appointed as a member of the Ad Hoc Selection Committee of First Pacific Company Limited with effect from 18 June 2025

## (f) Ms. Nancy Ha-Fong Chan

Independent Non-Executive Director

- Appointed as a member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company and Dah Sing Bank, Limited with effect from 31 May 2025
- Director's fee revised to HK\$610,000 per annum (including remuneration from a subsidiary) with effect from 31 May 2025

Save as those disclosed above, there is no other information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

#### **UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial information in this Interim Report is unaudited and does not constitute statutory financial statements.

## **REVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Audit Committee has reviewed with Management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed internal controls and financial reporting matters including a review of the unaudited interim financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2025.

## **PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SECURITIES**

There was no purchase, sale or redemption by the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, of listed securities of the Company during the six months ended 30 June 2025.

## 企業管治及其他資料

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OTHER INFORMATION

## 薪酬及員工發展

本公司員工薪酬、薪酬政策及培訓計劃與 2024年年報所披露大致相同,並無重大改 變。

#### 電子通訊

2025年中期業績報告之中、英文版已上載於 大新銀行網站(www.dahsing.com)及香港交易 及結算所有限公司網站(www.hkexnews.hk)。 本公司鼓勵各股東透過大新銀行網站以電 子方式閱覽本公司之公司通訊,支持環保。

股東可隨時向本公司股份登記處香港中央證券登記有限公司給予合理時間的書面通知,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17M樓,或電郵至dahsingbanking.ecom@computershare.com.hk,以更改收取本公司之公司通訊方式之選擇,費用全免。

#### 董事會

於本中期業績報告日,本公司董事會成員包括執行董事王守業先生(主席)、黃漢興先生(副主席、董事總經理兼行政總裁)、 王伯凌先生及麥曉德先生(副行政總裁); 獨立非執行董事蘇澤光先生、史習陶先生、 裴布雷先生、衛皓民先生、陳霞芳女士及 張建生先生。

承董事會命 **李宗榮** 公司秘書

香港,2025年8月20日(星期三)

#### **REMUNERATION AND STAFF DEVELOPMENT**

There have been no material changes to the information disclosed in the Company's 2024 Annual Report in respect of the remuneration of employees, remuneration policies and training schemes.

#### **ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION**

The 2025 Interim Report in both English and Chinese is available on the websites of Dah Sing Bank (www.dahsing.com) and Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (www.hkexnews.hk). Shareholders are encouraged to access the Company's corporate communications electronically via the website of Dah Sing Bank to help protect the environment.

Shareholders may at any time change their choice of means of receiving the Company's corporate communications free of charge by giving reasonable notice in writing to the Company's share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong or by email to dahsingbanking.ecom@computershare.com.hk.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

As at the date of this Interim Report, the Board of Directors of the Company comprises Mr. David Shou-Yeh Wong (Chairman), Mr. Hon-Hing Wong (Derek Wong) (Vice Chairman, Managing Director and Chief Executive), Mr. Gary Pak-Ling Wang and Mr. Nicholas John Mayhew (Deputy Chief Executive) as Executive Directors; Mr. Jack Chak-Kwong So, Mr. Robert Tsai-To Sze, Mr. Blair Chilton Pickerell, Mr. Paul Franz Winkelmann, Ms. Nancy Ha-Fong Chan and Mr. Kin-Sang Cheung (Alex Cheung) as Independent Non-Executive Directors.

By Order of the Board **Richard Tsung-Yung Li** *Company Secretary* 

Hong Kong, Wednesday, 20 August 2025

## Dah Sing Banking Group Limited 大新銀行集團有限公司

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